PUBLISHED MONTHLY—PRICE, ANNAS 8.
THE INDIAN RAILWAY
TRAVELLERS' GUIDE,
THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE GUIDE IN INDIA.
Time and Fare Tables of all Indian Railways, Steam Boats and Daks, Places of interest—Inland and along the Coast—Postal and Telegraphic Information, &c., &c., with a
COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.
The "Bombay Gazette" Press, Fort, Bombay.

PUBLISHED THRICE DAILY.

THE
Bombay Gazette.

NESTLÉ'S
CONDENSED
MILK,
RICHEST IN CREAM
UNTOUCHED BY HAND.

No. 54,881.—NEW SERIES.] BOMBAY:—WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 17, 1909. [PRICE: ONE ANNA.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing, 2-30 P.M.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
23rd Nov.	MALWA	10683	.....	...
27th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA.	10,512
4th Dec.	PERSIA	7951	.....	...
11th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA ..	9500
18th ,,	EGYPT	7912	.....	...
25th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA ...	13068
1910				
1st Jany.	HIMALAYA	6898	.....	...
8th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA ...	9505
15th ,,	ARABIA	7963	.....	...
22nd ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	10680
29th ,,	DELHI	8000	.....	...
5th Feb.	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	9621
12th ,,	INDIA	7911	.....	...
19th ,,	MANTUA	11000	.....	...
26th ,,	CALEDONIA	7388	.....	...
5th March.	SALSETTE	6000	CHINA	7912
12th ,,	PERSIA	7951	.....	...
19th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	11000
26th ,,	ARCADIA	7000	.....	...
2nd April,	EGYPT	7912	.....	...
9th ,,	MACEDONIA	10512	.....	...
16th ,,	ARABIA	7963	.....	...
23rd ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA ...	9505
30th ,,	MANTUA	11000	.....	...
7th May.	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	10509
14th ,,	CALEDONIA	7388	.....	...
21st ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	11000
28th ,,	PERSIA	7951	.....	...

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi transhipp to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON, the day previous to sailing and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 a.m. on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with port of destination.

Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at the place between 12-30 and 1 P. M., for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's Tenders. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

* INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER At Special Rates.

The S.S. "ARCADIA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY at 2 P.M., on WEDNESDAY, 23rd MARCH 1910, direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES.

	SINGLE	RETURN
To Marseilles	Rs. 495 or Rs. 594	Rs. 743 or Rs. 891
To London by sea	Rs. 543,, Rs. 627	Rs. 792 ,, Rs. 940

These rates include the Suez Canal Dues.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAY, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For accommodation and further information apply to

W. C. SYMES,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Co

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & CO.

PASSAGES TO EUROPE	Booked by all Lines. Continental Railway Tickets procured.
PASSAGES VIA JAPAN AND AMERICA	Booked by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and Oriental, and Pacific Mail Routes.
BERTHS	Carefully selected.
HANDBOOK	With full particulars, sent gratis on application.
PASSENGERS	Met on arrival.
CIRCULAR NOTES	Bank Notes, Drafts, and Sovereigns at Current Rates.

CALCUTTA : GRINDLAY & Co,
LONDON : GRINDLAY & Co.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged :—

Steamers.	Tons.	Captain.	Date.
ELYSIA	6368	A. Haig	27th Nov. 1909.
MASSILIA	5091	J. Thomson	8th Dec. 1909
OLYMPIA	5194	A. Tait	21st Dec. 1909.
CHROMIA	5716	C. F. Osborne, R.N.R.	7th Jan. 1910.
SONIDA	5106	Wm. Kelso	19th Jan. 1910.
CASTALIA	3388	J. Hamilton	11th Feb. 1910.

HOMEWARD SEASON.

Steamers.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leaves Bombay.
ELYSIA	6368	A. Haig	25th Feb. 1910.
MASSILIA	500	J. Thomson	15th March ,,
OLYMPIA	5124	A. Tait	26th ,, ,,
CHROMIA	5716	C.F. Osborne, R.N.R.	12th April ,,
SONIDA	5106	Wm. Kelso	23rd ,, ,,
CASTALIA	3388	J. Hamilton	8th May ,,
ELYSIA	6368	A. Haig	22nd ,, ,,

Schedule of the revised rates of fares from Bombay Homeward ports by the Anchor Line steamers :—

	Rs.
Bombay to Suez	413
Bombay to Portsaid	446
Bombay to Marseilles	578
Bombay to Liverpool	605
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles	653
Bombay to New York	808
Bombay to Suez and back	627
Bombay to Portsaid and back	677
Bombay to Liverpool and back	990
Bombay to London via Marseilles and back from Liverpool	1,038
Bombay to New York and back	1,340

The Advertised Rates to Portsaid include a Free Pass between Portsaid and Cairo.

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and experienced stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
AGENTS, Bombay

THE HOME FOR THE AGED
HUGHES TOWN ROAD,
(Near the Station),
SECUNDERABAD.

THIS INSTITUTION receives the Aged and Infirm Poor of both sexes, irrespective of Class, Caste, or Creed.

The Sisters Feed, Nurse, and Clothe their Poor and attend to all their wants.

☞ The Home is supported entirely by Voluntary Contributions.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock No. 14 Shed.

Steamers.	Tons.	Sailing Date.	Time.	Route via.
DWARKA	1,695	Thur. 18th Nov.	9 a.m.	O Mandvi.
LHASA	2,171	Fri 19th Nov.	9a. m.	Direct †
LINGA	2,171	Mon. 22nd Nov.	11 a.m.	P.D. & O.M.

† Or later on arrival of English mail steamer.
* Porebunder, Dwarka and O. Mandvie.

FOR O. MANDVIE, KARACHI AND BUSSEH (Weekly).

S. S. "DWARKA," 1,650 tons, on Thursday, 18th Nov. calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Mahomera, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S. S. "WARONGA," 2,511 tons, on Monday 22nd Nov. calling at Veraval, Mangrole, Karachi, Pasni, Muscat, Vah, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire Mohamerah and Basra.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "NERBUDDA," 2,000 tons, sailing on or about the 25th Nov.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius Australia, and New Zealand.

Apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, Bombay.

16th November, 1909.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY
SALAZIE	4,147	Magnan	25th Nov. 1909
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,378	Bardion	2nd Dec. ,,
AUSTRALIEN	6,349	Rigaler	9th Jan. 1910
CALEDONIEN	4,120	X.	17th Feb. ,,
DUMBEA	5,685	Rubino	17th Mar. ,,
ARMAND BEHIC	6,398	Grégoire	14th Apr. ,,
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,378	Bardion	12th May ,,

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigazione General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or About
CALEDONIEN	4,120	X.	3rd Dec. 1909.
DUMBEA	5,685	Rebuffat	31st ,, ,,

For further particulars apply to—

G. CHANDIZE,
Albert Building, Hornby Road. Agent.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA FLORIO AND RUBATTINO UNITED COMPANIES.

BOMBAY TO NAPLES and GENOA direct FOR BRINDISI and VENICE (Transhipping at PORT SAID).

Vessels	Tons	Captains	To sail on
Duca. BALDUINO	4,580	D. Maganzini	15th Nov. 1909.
R. RUBATTINO	4,580	L. Merolini	15th Dec. 1909.
Duca. BALDUINO	4,580	D. Maganzini	15th Jany. 1910.

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE AND BEER.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Tickets	Rs. 600	Rs. 385	Rs. 167
Return Tickets available two years	Rs. 900*	Rs. 575	

* Inside Cabins, Rs. 500 Single and Rs. 750 Return.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples, or Genoa with the Company's Weekly service. 1st Class, Rs. 828; 2nd Class, Rs. 552. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their Journey at any port en route.

REDUCED FARES TO NAPLES, GENOA, VENICE, FROM FEBRUARY, 1910.

The abovementioned fares by steamer D. Balduino and R. Rubattino, will be reduced as follows from February next :—

	Single.	Return.
1st Class, Outside Cabins	Rs. 500	Rs. 750
1st Class, Inside Cabin	Rs. 400	Rs. 600
2nd Class	Rs. 350	Rs. 525

Electric fans and light in every cabin free of charge. The usual comfort will be afforded to passengers.

The fares to New York will be :—1st Class, Rs. 795; and 2nd Class, Rs. 524.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
ISCHIA	6,000	G. Balsito	17th Nov. 1909.
CAPRI	6,000	F. Dini	17th Dec. 1909.
ISCHIA	6,000	G. Balsito	17th Jany 1910

Fares to COLOMBO Rs. 75, to PENANG Rs. 140, to SINGAPORE Rs. 165 and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean, Black Sea, and American Ports issued.

Subject to alterations.

For further particulars apply to —

D. OLIVA.
Ag. Agent.

No. 59 Hornby Road.

COUTTS & CO.,
BOMBAY.

ENGAGE PASSAGES BY ALL LINES FREE OF CHARGE,

To EUROPE, AFRICA, AMERICA, CHINA, AUSTRALIA, JAPAN.

SLEEPING CAR & CONTINENTAL TICKETS PROCURED.

PASSAGES	booked well in advance to secure best and desirable berths.
PASSENGERS'	personal requirements looked after.
PASSENGERS	met on arrival and assisted.
PASSENGERS'	Baggage taken over, cleared or shipped.
PASSAGES	by cheap outside vessels advised when offering to registered addresses.

In view of the approaching Passenger season intending Passengers are strongly advised to register their application for Passages with us well in advance to save disappointments, as berths cannot be guaranteed later.

Any information as regards passages, shipping, clearing and forwarding given on application.

COUTTS & CO.,
SHIPPING AND PASSENGER AGENTS,
Post Box 243,
HORNBY ROW, BOMBAY.

SHIPPING.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO ENGLAND (WEYMOUTH) VIA SUEZ AND PORT SAID.

THESE STEAMERS afford comfortable accommodation in two, three and four Berth Cabins Amidships, for First Class Passengers only.

Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess.

Fares.—Rs. 400 to Rs. 480 according to position of Cabin.

Sailings.	Tonnage.	Leaving Bombay about.
S. S. "Umsinga",	4,500	8th December, 909.

For further particulars, apply to,

W. & A. GRAHAM, & Co.,
Bombay.

BOMBAY AMERICAN LINE.

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.

TAKING CARGO for NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, or BALTIMORE.

Steamer.	N.R.	Month.	Port.
"Harleyden"	2724	November	Philadelphia
"Haigh Hall"	3069	November	Philadelphia

For further particulars regarding freight, etc., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.

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CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.
CORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL £1,200,000
RESERVE FUND £1,575,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS £1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE:
1, BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN, LONDON, E. C.
AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Hamburg	Medan Deli (Sumatra)	Hongkong
Bombay	Singapore	Foochow
Karachi	Klang (F. M. States.)	Saigon
Calcutta	Kuala Lumpor (Do.)	Shanghai
Madras	Bangkok	Tientsin
Rangoon	Batavia	Hankow
Colombo	Sourabaya	Yokohama
Penang	Manilla	Kobe
Thayang (Perak)	Cebu (Philippines)	New York
Ipoh (Perak).		

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world: buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE: issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS and SHARES, bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter period at rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS—10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays—11-30 A.M. to 2 P.M.

POST BOX No. 34.

J. GREIG,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Agent.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD.

Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.

HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS,
BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ...	Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP ...	,, 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND	,, 1,75,000

DIRECTORS :

SIR SASSOON DAVID, Kt., Chairman (Messrs. Sassoon J. David and Co., Bombay.)
SIR COWASJEE JEHANGIR, Bart., (Messrs. Cowasjee Jehangir and Co.)
SIR FREDERICK LEIGH CROFT, Bart.
RATANJEE JAMSETJEE TATA, Esq.
GORDHANDAS KHATTAU, Esq (Messrs. Khattau Makanjee and Co., Bombay).
LALUBHAI SAMALDAS, Esq., (Bhownuggur.)
KHETSEY KHAISEY, Esq., (Messrs. Hoarjee Khetsey and Co., Bombay.)
RAMNARAIN HURNUNDRAI, Esq., (of the firm of Hurnundrai Ramnarain, Bombay.)
The Hon'ble Mr. IBRAHIM RAHIMTOOLA, C. I. E.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

INTEREST is allowed on Daily Balance from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 2 per half year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS.

The Banks grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertake on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; they also undertake the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL...	£ 1,600,000
PAID UP CAPITAL.....	£ 800,000
RESERVE FUND.....	£ 750,000

HEAD OFFICE:
17, BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN LONDON.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Cawnpore	Newera-Eliya.
Bombay,	Tuticorin,	Aden (Camp.)
Madras,	Chittagong,	Aden, (Steamer Point)
Karachi,	Rangoon,	Zanzibar,
Lahore	Mandalay,	Mombasa,
Amritsar,	Colombo,	Nairobi,
Delhi,	Kandy,	Entebbe.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive sums for safe custody, realizing Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141, BOMBAY. J. BLACK, Ag. Manager.

COVETABLE JEWELRY.

We are showing an extremely dainty and artistic collection of well made ornaments suitable for every-day wear, most of which are productions intended for those who have not the taste for tawdry jewelry, but who prefer that sturdiness in manufacture which is so characteristic in all goods of British-make, and as our stock comprises the

SEASON'S LATEST NOVELTIES

it carries a freshness and brightness which cannot but meet the prevailing taste for all that is new and up-to-date, coupling this with the fact that all designs are absolutely original and exclusive, and our stock being also the largest in Western India, both in variety and value, our jewelry saloon, therefore, becomes a veritable Indian

HOUSE OF TREASURE.

The display this season is more than extensive. Never in the history of the firm has anything been offered in the way of jewelry at such moderate prices. It does not come to the happy lot of all to be able to write cheques for thousands of rupees, but the skilled art of the jeweller's craft has more than demonstrated the beauties that lie in the use of coloured gems of lesser value than the

DIAMOND, EMERALD, RUBY AND PEARL

as is manifest not only in the diversity in value but by remarkable diversity in the direction of designs and character exhibited in our stock.

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,

WATCHMAKERS, JEWELLERS AND OPTICIANS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

THE NEW PATENT Automatic BALL RETURNER NOW IN STOCK.

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JOHN ROBERTS & Co., LD.,

BOMBAY.

BILLIARD TABLES AND BILLIARD ACCESSORIES.

We Supply our No. 1 Design Billiard Table in solid Mahogany, fitted with all the latest improvements, including all accessories and fittings for the Billiard Game only.

Packed Free.

Delivered on Rails for Rs. 1,317.

Price List and Estimates for all designs of Billiard Tables and Accessories Free.

We hold the LARGEST STOCK of BILLIARD TABLES and Accessories, OUT OF LONDON.

Billiard Balls and Cues, our Specialities.

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BILLIARD TABLE MAKERS.
75, Hornby Road,
BOMBAY.

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Have just Received a Consignment of the Famous

SAN PELLEGRINO NATURAL MINERAL WATER.

San Pellegrino Water is an organically pure table water, pleasantly fresh to the palate.

It is most efficacious in the cure of uric acid, gout, gravel and catarrh of the digestive tracts.

50,00,000 bottles were exported in 1908.

Now obtainable at

MONGINI BROTHERS.

Case of 50 large bottles	Rs. 31-12
1 Dozen bottles	Rs. 8-8

25-27-29, Church Gate Street, **BOMBAY.**

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For Sleepers, Beams, Wharves, Bridges, Railway Carriages and Wagons, Mining and General Engineering purposes, Buildings.

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Depots at Bombay, Calcutta, Madras Kolar and Karachi.

GEO. GAHAGAN & Co.,

ON GOVERNMENT LIST.

Engineers, Iron and Brass Founders, Metal and Timber Merchants and Contractors.

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Bridges, Girders, Roofs and Structural Work of all Kinds, Cast, Wrought and Mild Steel Work of the Heaviest Description, Plain and Ornamental Castings, Sanitary and Conservancy Appliances, Irrigation Requirements, &c., &c.

DESIGNS AND ESTIMATES - - -
furnished on Application.
Hydraulic Rivetting, Steam-hammers and Testing Plant used.

ERECTION OF - - - - - - -
manufactured Work imported or otherwise, Contracted for in any part of India.
We have of late added to our works some further heavy Machinery to enable us to meet all requirements.

SUPPLIERS OF - - - - - -
Engines and Boilers (Portable and Stationary), Pumps, Galvanized Steel Wire Ropes, Cast and Wrought Iron Pipes, Galvanized Plain and Corrugated Iron Plates, Bars, Angles, Tees, &c., in Steel and Iron, Tools, Water-Supply Fittings, Valves, Portland Cement, &c.

GEO. GAHAGAN & Co.,
OFFICES AND WORKS
Covering over 16,000 Square Yards,
Bellasis Road, Byculla, **BOMBAY.**

ATTENTION! ATTENTION!!
WE STRONGLY RECOMMEND
ANTIMALARIC RANA,
INCOMPARABLE SPECIFIC AGAINST MALARIAL FEVERS,
AS A SURE GUARANTEED CURE.
PREPARED
By the Chemist FRANCESCO RANA of BARI (ITALY).

The only preparation of the kind taken in consideration of the recent International Exhibition of Milan, and awarded with a Silver Medal.
Adopted also by the Ministry for foreign affairs for the use of the medical ambulatories attached to the Royal Italian Schools in foreign countries.
It combats rapidly and radically malarial fevers of every kind and in every stage, whether acute, chronic or convalescent and is a first rate preservative for persons who are obliged to live in unhealthy districts.
By its being continually used, even after cure, it becomes an excellent reconstituent of the strength, of indisputable efficacy, and exempt from any inconvenience.
It is agreeable to the taste, easy of assimilation, and perfectly tolerated.
Taken as a preservative by persons living in unhealthy places, and as a strengthner, one tablespoonful is sufficient for adults, half for children, and one teaspoonful for little children.

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C. COLONNELLO SON & CO.,
162, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

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ADDRESS :—
KALBADEVI ROAD, near Jambulvadi, BOMBAY.
Telegraphic Address : "PISOKO."

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Importers of:—

KEROSINE OIL.
PETROL.
LIQUID FUEL.
PARAFIN WAX, &c.

"SILVERLIGHT" CASE OIL 150°	FOR BUNGALOW USE.
"RISING-SUN" KEROSINE	FOR ALL ILLUMINATING PURPOSES.
"SHIP" BRAND KEROSINE	FOR LIGHTING SHOPS.
"COBRA AND SWAN." KEROSINE	FOR OIL ENGINES.
"SHELL" BRAND PETROL	HIGHEST WORKING RESULTS.
LIQUID FUEL	FOR DIESEL OIL ENGINES.
"PESTERINE"	FOR PLAGUE PREVENTION.

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM Co., Ld.
GRAHAM'S BUILDINGS,
Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the Office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

NOTICE.

THE CARRIAGES of Ladies and Gentlemen ATTENDING the RECEPTION at GOVERNMENT HOUSE, on the 18th November, 1909, will enter by the Upper Gate, and pass out by the Lower Gate.

On arrival at the Platform one ticket will be issued to the occupant, and one bearing a similar number will be affixed to the lamp of the carriage. On departure as carriages come up the numbers will be called and should owners not be present on the platform their carriages will be sent round.

II. Gentlemen attending the Reception on 18th November, 1909, in Motor Cars, are informed that they must have a licensed chauffeur as no cars will be permitted to remain in the grounds of Government House. They will be parked with other carriages according to the numbers allotted to them.

III. Gentlemen attending the Reception at Government House on the 18th November in Motor Cars are desired to note that no Motor Cars will be permitted to pass horse carriages down the Lower Drive as the guests are leaving.

S. M. EDWARDES,
Commissioner of Police.

Bombay, 16th November, 1909.

BOMBAY, BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

CHEAP FIRST and SECOND CLASS RETURN TICKETS will be issued over the B. B. and C. I. Railway Company's System at REDUCED RATES, for Christmas Holidays.

Return Tickets at REDUCED FARES will also be issued for horses from Bombay to any Station, distant over 50 miles on the Broad-gauge section.

For particulars see Notices exhibited at Stations.

FREDERICK W. HANSON,
General Traffic Manager.

General Traffic Manager's Office,
Bombay, 1st November, 1909.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the PARTNERSHIP subsisting between the Undersigned in the business of Cloth Merchants, carried on in the name of JAMNADAS MOTICHAND, at Mulji Jaitha's Cloth Market, Bombay, has been DISSOLVED as from the 9th day of September, 1909. All persons owing debts to the said firm and all persons having any claim against the said firm are respectively required to pay in their debts and to send in their claims within 15 days from the date hereof to the Undersigned MOTICHAND DEVICHAND, at his residence No. 89, Frere Road, Bombay. All claims not so sent will be considered as waived.—Bombay, 9th November, 1909.

MOTICHUND DEVCHUND,
ISHVERLAL CHHOTALAL DAVE.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

EDWARD VII, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

PETITION for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of HIRJI DAYAL, late of Bombay, Bhatia, Hindu Inhabitant, Merchant, deceased.

LALJI DAYAL, of Bombay, Bhatia, Hindu Inhabitant, merchant, residing at Kalbadevi Road, outside the Fort, the brother of the said deceased....Petitioner.

ALL PERSONS claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

WITNESS, Sir BASIL SCOTT, KNIGHT, Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid this eighth day of November, in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and nine and in the ninth year of our Reign.

L. N. BANAJI,
Registrar.

The Seal of the High Court, at Bombay.

P. B. MALABARI,
The 8th day of November, 1909.
Messrs. BHAISHANKER, GANGA & GIRDHARLAL,
Petitioner's Attorneys.

TO BE LET.

TOP FLOOR of PARK HOUSE, Middle Colaba, with 5 Rooms, two verandahs, and servants' quarters. Open on all sides, direct Westerly Seabreeze, Electric Light and Fans. Rent Rs. 200. Apply to—

FAZULBHOY CHINOY,
1st Floor.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that BEHRAM MERWAN BEHRAM ADUR, of Bombay, Parsian Inhabitant, has agreed TO SELL, to our client the property as under mentioned.

All persons having any claim or demand against the said property by way of mortgage, gift, sale, trust, possession, inheritance, lien or lien or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the Undersigned at their office in Oriental Buildings, Esplanade Road, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof; otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim or demand and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of freehold land or ground with the messuage, tenement and hereditament, now a little incomplete, standing thereon situate at Ballaram Street, without the Fort of Bombay, and in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing, by admeasurement 225 square yards or thereabouts, and bearing along with other land Collector's old No. 471, New No. 1398, Old Survey No. 173, and New Survey No. 6935, and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes along with other property under D Ward Nos. 2657, 2658 and 2659, and Street Nos. 11, 16 and 18, and bounded as follows:—That is to say on or towards the north by Petit's chawls, on or towards the South and west by the property of the Vendor, on or towards the East by the said Ballaram Street.

WADIA, GHANDY AND Co.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

Oriental Buildings, Esplanade Road, Fort,
Bombay, 11th November, 1909.

RAILWAY BOARD.

TENDERS FOR TIMBER SLEEPERS.

SUBSIDIARY NOTICE.

WITH reference to the Railway Board's advertisement dated, Simla, the 6th October, 1909, calling for Tenders for the supply of 1,25,000 Broad Gauge Sleepers 10' by 10" by 5" for the Eastern Bengal State Railway, it is notified for the information of intending Tenderers that Tenders for Sleepers 9' 6" by 10" by 5" will also be received and considered by the Railway Board in response to the above call.

R. C. F. VOLKERS,
Secretary.

Calcutta, the 12th November, 1909.

WANTED.

WANTED a qualified survey NIMTANDAR, with thorough knowledge of classifications of lands and assessment work. Pay Rs. 75, rising to Rs. 100 by five annual instalments. Horse allowance Rs. 15. Applications, with testimonials, stating age, caste and details of previous service, should reach the office of the Revenue Commissioner, Bhavnagar State, before 20th November, 1909.

Bhavnagar, 23rd October, 1909.

THE NEW "REVLUC PINCE NEZ.

DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense will be found a great boon.

They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the acme of comfort and very strong.
No slipping off the Nose.
Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting:—
Nickel, Rs. 3-8. Gold, Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

S. S. "TRAFFORD HALL."

ARRIVED ON 16TH NOVEMBER, 1909.

CONSIGNEES are requested TO TAKE DELIVERY of their CARGO from the DOCKS. Packages exceeding 36 cwts. in weight will be landed on the quay at the risk and expense of the Consignees unless boats, are sent alongside to take delivery without delay.

Chafed or broken packages must be surveyed before removal from the Landing Shed, otherwise no claim will be recognized. The Undersigned desires to survey goods removed to the Unclaimed Warehouse.

Captain Motamlte will attend every morning to survey damaged and broken packages. All claims must be certified by him and sent in within a month of steamer's arrival, or they will not be paid.

KILLICK, NIXON & CO.,
Agents.

Messrs. EDWARD BATES and SONS' AGENCY,
Home Street, Bombay, 15th November, 1909.

THE GOCULDAS TEJPAL BOARDING SCHOOL.

THE Undersigned invites applications for FREE BOARDERSHIPS of the above Institution. The said Boardership are open to all high caste Hindu (College) Students.

Applications will be received upto the 20th December, 1909. For forms of application, etc., apply with postage to—

HIRALAL R. MUNIM,
Secretary,
G. T. CHARITIES.

Gwalia Tank Road, Bombay,
15th November, 1909.

L'UNION FIRE INSURANCE CO. OF PARIS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Power of Attorney granted by the Company to Mr. JOHN W. RICE, late Local Manager, has been CANCELLED, from the 17th Instant. The Branch will be in my personal charge pending the APPOINTMENT of a NEW MANAGER.

MAURICE FERRAND,
Inspector General.

L'UNION FIRE INSURANCE CO. OF PARIS.

APPLICATIONS will be received by the Undersigned, at his Office, in Navsari Chambers, up to the 24th Instant for the POST of LOCAL MANAGER of the Company, in Bombay.

MAURICE FERRAND,
Inspector General.

NOTICE OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given that EBRAHIM HAJI ESSAK, has contracted to sell to our client the property mentioned in the schedule hereunder written.

All persons having any claim or claims against the said property either by way of inheritance, gift, sale, mortgage, charge, lien, lease, easement, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the Undersigned at their Office, at 14 K. Hummum Street, within the Fort of Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim or claims and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO.

All that piece or parcel of ground of the quit and ground rent tenure together with the messuage, tenement or dwellinghouse standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Pitha Street within the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration District and Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement ninety-nine square yards or thereabouts, be the same, little, more or less, and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old No. 254, Collector's New No. 5132, Old Survey No. 452, and New Survey No. 8944, and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under A. Ward, Ward No. 1431, and Street Nos. 12-14 Purshotum Chimnaji Street, and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the North by the property formerly of Pestanji Sorabji Kapadia but now of Dr. Jamshedji Vimadalal, on or towards the South by the property formerly of Nasserwanji Dhanjibhoy Daruwalla but now of Khoja Rahimtoolla Khimjee, on or towards the East by the Pitha Street aforesaid, and on or towards the West by the property formerly of Manekji Hormasjee and now of Pirojsha Manekji Doctor, and which said premises are at present in the occupation of the tenants of the vendor abovenamed.—Dated this 16th day of November, 1909.

BICKNELL MERWANJI AND HOMER,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

EDWARD VII, by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of KALIA PANDOO MUHTRA, late of Bombay, Hindoo Inhabitant, a widower, and a Mali by profession, deceased.

HARICHAND KALIA, of Bombay, Hindoo Inhabitant, residing at Seevri without the Fort of Bombay, the son of the deceased .....Petitioner.

ALL PERSONS claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness, Sir Basil Scott, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid the Ninth day of November in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and Nine and in the ninth year of our Reign.

L. N. BANAJI,
Registrar.

The Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

R. B. PATEL.
The 9th day of November, 1909.

Messrs. MULLA & MULLA,
Petitioner's Attorneys.

FOR SALE, WANTED, &c.

Daily for 1 week.—Six insertions. Rs. 1 per inch of 8 lines, per insertion.

Tarice a week.—Three insertions. Rs. 1-3 per inch of 8 lines, per insertion.

Twice a week.—Two insertions. Rs. 1-12 per inch of 8 lines, per insertion.

Once only.—Rs. 2 per inch of 8 lines.

FOR SALE.

ORLEANS CAR.

SEATED for five. Side entrance. 12-14-H. P., in perfect running condition, always driven by owner; Stepney wheel and Hood Frame.

Reasonable offer will be accepted.

Apply to Box No. 2579, care of this Paper.

WANTED.

ASSISTANT MANAGER WANTED for Printing Press (News and Jobbing). None but experienced thoroughly practical man and capable estimater need apply. Address Box No. 333, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

WHENEVER YOU SEE A MOTOR CAR

YOU INVARIABLY NOTE THAT IT IS LUBRICATED WITH "CHALLENGE" MOTOR OIL.

Motorists all over the world appreciate the most reliable qualities of this famous Motor Lubricant.

ONCE USED ALWAYS USED.

Prices and full Particulars on Application.

BOMBAY CYCLE AND MOTOR AGENCY,
York Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.
WHOLESALE AGENTS:—
SAMUEL FITZE & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY.

AMUSEMENTS.

EMPIRE THEATRE.

MAURICE E. BANDMANN
PRESENTS THE
POLLARDS OPERA CO.

COMMENCING, FRIDAY, 24TH DEC,
Plan now Open at S. ROSE & Co.

NEW NOVELTY THEATRE.

Under the Patronage of
THEIR EXCELLENCIES THE VICEROY AND LADY MINTO
AND
HIS EXCELLENCY SIR GEORGE SYDENHAM CLARKE, GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY.

IN AID OF THE DUFFERIN FUND

A deserving charity much in need of funds
Will be presented the Three Act Comedy,

"LORD AND LADY ALGY,"

by the POONA and BOMBAY AMATEURS.

TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!!

By kind permission of His Excellency the Governor's Band will play under the direction of Mr. Edward Behr.

VICEREGAL NIGHT.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 17TH.

Stalls, Rs. 8, Rs. 6 and Rs. 4.
Circle, Rs. 8, Rs. 6 and Rs. 4.
Boxes, Rs. 30 and Rs. 35.

The Refreshment Buffet will be managed by Messrs. F. CORNAGLIA.

Plan of Theatre and Tickets at SOUNDY AND Co.

THE EXCELSIOR CINEMATOGRAPH.

THIS WEEK.

THE GREAT AVIATION WEEK AT CHAMPAGNE.

3 SHOWS NIGHTLY, 3,

including Sundays,

7 to 8. 8-30 to 9-30. 10 to 11 P. M.

SATURDAY, SPECIAL LATE SHOW,

10-15 to 11-15 P.M.

ADMISSION AS USUAL.

NOTE THE NEW LOCATION.

Next Municipal Building, Bori Bunder.

SKATING RINK.

PRACTICE SESSION, 8 to 9 A.M.

Admission and Skates, 8 annas.

GENERAL SKATING, 6 to 8 P. M.

Admission and Skates, One Rupee.

GENERAL SKATING, 9-30 to 11-30 P.M.

BAND in attendance.

Admission, One Rupee.
Skates, One Rupee.

MOTOR ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements in this Column, not exceeding one inch, will be inserted on payment of Re. 1 per insertion. "Pro rata" for extra space occupied. Replies will be sent to all Advertisers Free.

THE GENERAL ENGINEERING CO.

Beg to inform the Public that they have the following SECOND-HAND CARS FOR SALE:—

			Rs.
DARRACQ.—12 H.P., 5 seats	...	...	3,000
De DION.—6 H.P., 3 seats...	...	...	1,000
Do. —8 H.P., 4 seats ...	...	...	2,600
WOLSELEY.—8 H.P., 4 seats	...	...	1,700
Do. —12-14 H.P., 7 seats...			For offers.
ORLEANS.—15 H.P., 5 seats	...	...	3,400
HORBICK.—12-16 H.P., 4 seats	...	...	3,500
PANHARD.—15 H.P., 5 seats	...	...	3,400
BIANCHI.—25-30 H.P., 5 seats	...	...	5,000
De. DION.—9 H.P., 4 seats...	...	...	2,100
REO—18 H.P., 5 seats	...	...	For offers.
BEAUFORT—8 H.P., 3 seats	...	..	2,100

All above Cars complete with hood, lamps, etc.

WANTED Two Small Run-about Cars.

They will also undertake REPAIRS to any type of Cars, and have fitted up a workshop with the best modern Machinery for that purpose.

Training of men as chauffeurs a speciality.

CARS BOUGHT AND SOLD.

THE GENERAL ENGINEERING CO.,
1 BRITISH HOTEL LANE, APOLLO STREET,
(Opposite Lipton's).

ROLLED STEEL BEAMS

BRITISH & CONTINENTAL MANUFACTURE.

5,000 TONS { STEEL BEAMS, STEEL ANGLES, STEEL TEES, CAST-IRON PIPES

KEPT IN STOCK IN BOMBAY.

Prices quoted on receipt of specification for Delivery at any Railway Station or Sea Port in India.

GEO. SERVICE & CO.,
King's Building, Hornby Road, BOMBAY.

"SPECIAL SHORT" ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Not exceeding three lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

AN INVITATION.—Meals which cost Rs. 2 and Rs. 3 elsewhere can be got at the RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, for nearly half the rate. Give it a trial and judge for yourself. Only genuine Wines and Liquors stocked and sold at moderate rates. Brand new Billiard Tables. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Dinners serve till late hours.

"CLARESQUE" PLATE POWDER—Will make your Silver and Plated Table Ware look their brightest. Annas 12 per tin. Rs. 8 per doz. Instructions for using on every box. We use it ourselves and have had every opportunity of watching its lasting effect for the good of Silver and Plate. MARCKS & Co., Ld., Jewellers, Bombay and Poona.

DO YOU WANT A FLAT, BUNGALOW OR OFFICE? We can suit you at once. Ours is a reliable European Agency.—LUARD BARRINGTON and Co., 102, Hornby Road, Bombay.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at No. 2 GREEN STREET (behind the Bank of Bombay), where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Conditionants expedition and economy in rates. Quotations given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding, Stationery, etc.

EMPLOYMENT WANTED by Supervisor with experience in P. W. D. and Railways. Apply to W. G., care of this Office.

EXCHANGE TABLES.—NEW EDITION revised and enlarged. Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling. Advancing by Eighths from 1s. 3½d. to 1s. 4¾d. Also includes Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Discount—Values—Due Dates. Price Rs. 5. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81 Queen's Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whisky may be had from Messrs. JAMES FINLAY & Co., Limited, Bombay.

GUARANTEE.—"Giras and Guarantee," A Collection of Decisions, etc., on Questions regarding Giras, Wanta, and their Guaranteed Rights. By L. P. Pareki Rs. 6. Apply Box No. 405, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

HOUSE FOR SALE—AT BANGALORE, A commodious and lofty UPPER-ROOMED HOUSE with excellent grounds, out-offices, and stabling, having loose boxes arranged and built in the English stylebated in a healthy and quiet part of Bangalore. Any reasonable offer will be accepted. For particulars apply to No 454, care of the "Bombay Gazette."

JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the Bombay Gazette Electric Printing Works, 2 Green Street, Fort.

JOINT STOCK COMPANIES.—Proxy and Transfer Forms at Two Annas each. Special Quotations for large quantities with name of Company included. Apply at THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

KASHMIR APPLES and PEARS, 5½ seers V. P. Parcel for Rs. 3 only.—KASHMIR FRUITS Agency, Srinagar.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—A Selection of Leading Cases By W. E. H. Re. 1. Apply Box No. 404, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," when available, are supplied at the following special Prices:—If of a date over one and within 6 months, 8 annas a copy; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee per copy; over 12 months old, an additional rupee for each year; and whenever a search is necessary, an additional fee of Rs. 2 must be paid in advance.

ONE 28-36 DELAUNEY BELLEVILLE MOTOR CAR, 4 Cylinder Motor, Magneto Ignition, touring body with Cape Hood and Screens, complete with speedometer, Stepney Wheel, Exhaust Whistle, Electric Horn, Clock, 5 Lamps Gas Generator, Tools, &c. Cost in April 1907 over £1,300. Will accept highest offer. For details apply to J. ZUBERBUHLER, 28, Esplanade Road, Fort.

OVERLAND "SUMMARY AND WEEKLY BUDGET."—Published Weekly (as Supplement) in time for the English Mail. A complete Resume of Indian News particularly interesting to Anglo-Indians, retired or on leave. Subscription, inclusive of postage, One Rupee or Rs. 15 per annum. Back numbers, if available, 2 annas each up to 12 months old; over 12 months, such additional charge for every year.

RAILWAY GUIDE.—Copies of the Indian Travellers' Railway Guide, with coloured Railway Map, duly corrected, are issued on the 1st of each month and may be had at Messrs. Wheeler and Co.'s Bookstalls on the principal Railway Station Platforms or at the "Bombay Gazette" Office Price 2 annas.

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorial, Business Announcements, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager, The "Bombay Gazette" Electric Press.

SPECIAL OFFER.—COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial," Rs 2-4 per thousand; and if printed on flap, Rs 2-12 per thousand. Samples on application at "The Bombay Gazette" Office.

THE EMPIRE."—The file of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" is available to enquirers at the Office of "THE EMPIRE," LIMITED, No. 12A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of the "Bombay Gazette, Limited, 2 Green Street Fort behind the Bank of Bombay.

TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey." Bombay to the Bosphorous Two Volumes. By Grattan Geary, Rs. 10. Apply Box No. 4, 9, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

WANTED.—A FIRST CLASS ENGINEER to erect a Press upcountry. Apply with testimonials to Box No. 2604, care of this Paper.

WANTED.—TWO MATRIC TEACHERS and one UNDER-GRADUATE or B.A., for a High School. Apply Dr. DESAI, Valod, Zilla Surat.

WANTED.—A First Class Mechanic with experience in high speed engines and some knowledge of Electrical Plants. Salary according to qualifications. Permanent employment offered with free quarters. Apply with copies of testimonials stating age, training and salary expected. Apply to Box No. 1335, care of this Paper. No application will be considered which does not give all the particulars asked for.

WANTED.—A GENERAL MANAGER for the Ganesh Flour Mills Company, Ltd., of Delhi. Applicants must have experience of Wheat Milling Concerns. A good salary can be given to a really good man. State your terms and apply to RAI NARAIN, Esquire, Barrister-at-Law, and Chairman of the Board of Directors, Delhi. Applications will be considered on 8th December, 1909.

WHERE TO STORE YOUR THINGS? with LUARD BARRINGTON and Co., the reliable European Agency for domestic waste, 102, Hornby Road, Bombay.

WONDER! Machine in perfect use for 22 years. Singer's Hand Machine, valued Rs. 50, which is in use in my house for past 22 years, has given me every satisfaction and I recommend it to any one requiring a good substantial and easy-going Machine.—G. D. Narimsa, Hyderabad, Deccan.

"HOT WEATHER SUITINGS."

Best china silk suit, from Rs. 20, 22 8 and 25.
Mercerised Tussore " " Rs. 11-8, 12-8 and 15.
F. Holland " " Rs. 11 and 12.
Best white English drill suit, from Rs. 6.
" " " Trouser, Rs. 2-8.
" " Ram Ram Twill shirts, Rs. 8 for ½ dozen.
" " Striped Pajama suits, from Rs. 2-8 to Rs. 3.

Patterns self-measurement.
A trial is solicited.

THE NEW BOMBAY TAILORING CO.,
115, Hornby Road,
Opposite York Building, FORT.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTIES, at Gowalia Tank Road, opposite the Gowalia Tank, with large Pieces of Vacant Land.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.

Suit No. 735 of 1905.

Manekbai, widow and another.....Plaintiffs.

vs.

Bapuji Dhunjibhoy Banaji and others...Defendants.

Pursuant to the Decretal Order of Reference made in the above suit and bearing date the 8th day of July, 1907, the following immoveable property will be sold by Public Auction, by Messrs. BENNETT & Co., Auctioneers, on the premises, by Order of the Commissioner, High Court, in four lots, on WEDNESDAY, the 17th day of November 1909, at the hour of 3-30 in the afternoon (Standard Time).

PARTICULARS.

All the right, title and interest of the abovenamed Plaintiffs and Defendants in and to Lot No. 1.—All that piece of vacant land containing by admeasurement 114 sq. yds. or thereabouts, registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under No. , situate at or near Gowalia Tank, on the north side of Gowalia Tank Road, in the Island of Bombay, and bounded on or towards the east partly by the said Gowalia Tank Road and partly by the property of Messrs. Merwanji and Hormasji Muncherji Cama, on or towards the west by the portion of Lot No. 2 hereinafter described, consisting of land reserved for a road, on or towards the north by the property of Messrs. Merwanji and Hormasji Muncherji Cama, and on or towards the south by the said Gowalia Tank Road which piece of land is delineated on the plan filed herein in the office of the Commissioner of this Honble Court, on the 8th day of June, 1908, and thereon marked with the figure 1.

Lot No. 2 A.—All that piece of vacant land containing by admeasurement 1824 sq. yds or thereabouts. (B) All that piece of land containing by admeasurement 330 sq. yds. or thereabouts, delineated in red colour on the said plan and which is to be reserved for a road leading from the said Gowalia Tank Road to the properties of Pestonji Kalkhasroo Banaji and the property of Sonabai's Agiary, as shown on the said plan and (C). All that piece of land containing by admeasurement 13 sq. yds. or thereabouts, delineated in green colour on the said plan. All the said three pieces together containing by admeasurement 1667 sq. yds. or thereabouts, registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under No. , together with the tenements or building standing thereon all which premises are situate at or near Gowalia Tank Road, in the Island of Bombay, and are bounded on or towards the east by Lot No. 1 hereinabove described partly by the property of Pestonji Kalkhasroo Banaji and partly by the property of Nesserwanji J. Sanjana, on or towards the west by Lot No. 3 hereinafter described, on or towards the north partly by the property of Pestonji Kalkhasroo Banaji and partly by the property of Sonabai's Agiary, and on or towards the south by the said Gowalia Tank Road and are delineated on the said plan and therein marked with the figure 2.

Lot No. 3.—All that piece of land containing by admeasurement 1568 Sq. Yds or thereabouts, registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under No. , together with the tenements or buildings standing thereon, all which premises are situate at or near Gowalia Tank, on the north side of Gowalia Tank Road, in the Island of Bombay, and are bounded on or towards the east by Lot No. 2 hereinabove described, on or towards the west by Lot No. 4 hereinafter described, on or towards the north by the property of Sonabai's Agiary, and on or towards the south by the said Gowalia Tank Road, and are delineated on the said plan and thereon marked with the figure 3.

Lot No. 4.—All that piece of land containing by admeasurement 1689 square yards or thereabouts, registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under No. , together with the tenements or buildings standing thereon all which premises are situate at or near Gowalia Tank, on the north side of Gowalia Tank Road, in the Island of Bombay, and are bounded on or towards the east by Lot No. 3, hereinabove described, on or towards the west and north by the property of Sonabai's Agiary, and on or towards the south by the said Gowalia Tank Road, and are delineated on the said plan and thereon marked with the figure 4.

All which premises together are called or known as Sonabai's family house and were formerly assessed by the Collector of Assessment under No. 4, and are now assessed by the Municipality of Bombay, under Ward No. 3388, Street No. 10, Ward No. 3389 (2), Street No. 11A, and Ward No. 3390 (1), Street No. 47-51.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application should be made at the office of the said Commissioner or at the office of Messrs. Ardeshir, Hormasji, Dinshaw and Co., Attorneys for the Plaintiffs thereinnamed, at No. 29, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, or to the undersigned.

On SATURDAY, the 20th instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

AT 2 P. M. (S. T.)

1 handsome strong rubber-tyred victoria, in very good order.
1 second-hand glass-fronted miniature office brougham, in good order.
1 second-hand rubber-tyred palanquin office shigram, in good order.
1 bay Arab, quiet in harness and saddle.
1 grey pony, quiet in harness.

BONA-FIDE AUCTION OF CARRIAGES AND HORSES.

Under instructions from the Trustees of the late Mr. Mahomed Hajee Saboo Siddick, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will, on SUNDAY, the 21st instant, at 4 p.m. (S.T.), sell by Public Auction on the premises of Messrs. R. Scott and Co.'s Stables, at Gowalia Tank, the following valuable Horses and Carriages, the property of the late Mr. Mahomed Hajee Saboo Siddick:—

(1) One very fast trotting handsome pair of bay waler mares, about 14-3, aged, broken to single and double harness and saddle.

(2) One very showy fast trotting brown waler mare, Pentagon brand, about 15 hands, aged, broken to single and double harness.

(3) One very handsome fast trotting chestnut waler colt, 15 hands, 5 years old, broken to single and double harness, perfect brougham horse.

(4) One very handsome fast trotting bay waler horse, about 15 hands, 7 years old, broken to single and double harness.

(5) One very handsome fast trotting bay waler horse, about 15 hands, 7 years old, broken to single and double harness.

CARRIAGES.

(1) One four-wheeled Dog-cart by Fort Coach Factory, Bombay, in good order.

(2) One rubber-tyred bicycle wheel vis-avis by Gowalia Tank Coach Factory, in fair condition.

(3) One American rubber-tyred two-wheeled sulky for a pony in good condition.

(4) One bicycle wheeled victoria by Lawrence and Co., Bombay, in good condition.

(5) One English built bicycle wheeled mail phaeton by Fulker of Salisbury, in very good order with ladies' steps on both sides.

(6) One strong old victoria requires doing up.

The property is on view on the premises of Messrs. R. Scott and Co., Gowalia Tank Road. Any private offers will be considered prior to the date of Auction from intending purchasers who can try horses and carriages by previous appointment.

The property of another gentleman.—

1 Handsome strong rubber-tyred rallicart in good order.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the Undersigned.

SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO CAPITALISTS.

Auction sale of very valuable immoveable property, situate on the Esplanade, furnished with complete electric fittings and lift,

Suit No. 786 of 1909.

Lalji Thackersey and Company.....Plaintiffs.

vs.

Tricumdas Dwarkadas and Others.....Defendants.

Under instructions from R. D. Sethna, Esq., the Receiver appointed by an order made herein on the 31st day of August 1909, Messrs. BENNETT & Co., Auctioneers, will put up for sale at the premises by Public Auction the immovable property described in the Schedule hereunder written and situate on the Esplanade on MONDAY the 22nd day of November, 1909, at 4-30 p. m. (S.T.)

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO.

All that piece of land situate on the East side of the Murzban Road, on the Esplanade, in the City and Island and Sub-Registration District of Bombay, which has been computed to contain 861 square yards or thereabouts and which is bounded on the North by the Rawellin Street, on the East by the property of the late Mahomed Saboo Sidick, on the South by the property of Mr. R. J. Tata and on the West by Murzban Road and which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 2-8463, and are assessed by the Municipality under Ward No. 3486 (2), Street No. 3A.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Captain and Vaidya, Attorneys for the Receiver, at No. 11, Hornby Road, Fort, or to the Undersigned.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT AND COMPANY.—*Contd.*

SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO CAPITALISTS.

Auction sale of very valuable immovable property situate at the Colaba Reclamation furnished with complete electric fittings and lift.

Suit No. 786 of 1909.

Lalji Thackersey and Company.....Plaintiffs.

vs.

Tricumdas Dwarkadas and Others.....Defendants.

Under instructions from R. D. Sethna, Esq., the Receiver appointed by an order made herein on the 31st day of August, 1909, Messrs. BENNETT & Co., Auctioneers, will put up for sale at the premises by Public Auction, the immovable property described in Schedule hereunder written and situate at Wodehouse Road, on TUESDAY the 23rd day of November, 1909, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.):—

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO.

All that piece of land situate on the Colaba Reclamation in Lower Colaba Division of A Ward on the North side of the Wodehouse Road on the Esplanade in the City and Island and Sub-Registration District of Bombay, which piece of land has been computed to contain a total area of 1,694 square yards or thereabouts and which is bounded on the North-West by 70 feet road, on the North-East by plot No. 17, belonging to Fazalbhai Currimbhoy Ebrahim, on the South-East by Wodehouse Road aforesaid and on the South-West by plot No. 15, belonging to Gordhandas Khatao, which said piece of land is known as plot No. 16 on the Colaba Reclamation and which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under parts of Survey Nos. 5765 and 5-5765 and are assessed by the Municipality under Ward No. 225, (19), street No. 128.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Captain and Vaidya, Attorneys for the Receiver, at No. 11, Hornby Road, Fort, or to the Undersigned.

On SATURDAY, the 27th instant, at 2 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at "Jiji House", Hornby Road, Fort, opposite the Freemason Hall, and next to the New Novelty Theatre, the valuable and handsome teakwood and blackwood artistic design household furniture, rich glass and crockeryware, best plateware, large sliding dining table, chairs, sideboard and chiffoniers, drawingroom sofas and chairs, drawingroom cabinets, glass door almyrahs, large bronze figures for electric light, silk lined chesterfield sofa, one handsome sweet-toned church organ by S. Rose and Co., musical box, dressing and washhand tables, iron bedsteads, Hinks Ditmar's table and hanging lamps, ice box, rich Persian and Brussel's carpets, etc., etc., the property of a gentleman.

Catalogues will be published and the property on view four days before the Sale.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 17th November, 1909.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
21 MEADOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY at Kothechi Wadi in Girgaum, out of Fort.

Under instructions from Mr. Meghji Umersi, the Mortgagee, and in pursuance of the Power of Sale contained in the Indenture of Mortgage, dated the 21st day of June, 1907 and made between Balkrishna Harischandra, Moreshwer Harischandra, Narayen Moreshwar, Bhagwantrao Moreshwar and Keshowrao Moreshwar of the one part and the said Meghji Umersi of the other part, Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co. will sell by Public Auction, TO-MORROW THURSDAY, the 18th day of November, 1909, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), on account and at the risk of the said mortgagors on the premises the property hereunder described:

All that piece or parcel of Government Pension and Tar land or ground together with the messuage, tenements or dwellinghouses standing thereon situate at Kothechi Wadi in Girgaum, outside the Fort, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 542 square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 24, New No. A 1613, Old Survey No. 5215 and New Survey No. 7862, and assessed by the Collector and Assessor of Municipal rates and taxes under D Ward No. 1132, 113, and 1134 and Street No. 79-80, and St and bounded on the East by the Public passage of the Cart, on the West by the property of Khanderao Janardhan, on the North by the property of Gangabai widow and on the South by the property of Fernandes.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application may be made to Messrs. Madhavji Kamdar and Chotubhai, Solicitors to the Mortgagee, at their office, Esplanade Road, Fort, or to undersigned.

BONA-FIDE SALE of old Indian blackwood carved and English mahogany furniture, chandeliers, Argand lamps, etc., at the bungalow known as Esmail Habib's bungalow at Love Lane, Byculla.

In the High Court of Judicature at Bombay,

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY, No. 1, MARINE STREET.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 18th inst., at 2-30 p. m. (S.T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the Sylverton House, (Ground Floor,) Colaba Reclamation, opposite the Warrant Officers' Bungalows, the handsome diningroom, drawingroom and bedroom furniture, such as dining table, chairs, sideboard, carved partition screen, cabinets, English chairs, sarotiable, single and double iron bedsteads, single and double mirror almiras, marble topped dressing and washhand tables, chest of drawers, glassware, crockeryware, platedware, windproof lamp, 8 stop American Church Organ, Fretwork, drawingroom screen, etc., the property of C. W. Gay, Esq.

The above is on view.

SALE TO-MORROW, THURSDAY 18th Nov. at 11 a.m.

SALE of Cutlery, Money Purses, Soap Boxes, Brush, etc.

Under instructions from R. D. Sethna, Esquire, acting Official Assignee and Assignee of the estate of Haji Moosa Haji Joosub Memon, Insolvent, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction in the godown, opposite Juma Musjid, out of Fort, TO-MORROW, THURSDAY the 18th instant at 11 a.m. (S.T.), razors, knives, money purses, walking-sticks, toys, cash boxes, soap boxes, brush, magnifying glass, feeding bottle, etc.

Cash will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF STOCK-in-trade of Undertaker and Sculptor.

Under instructions from R. D. Sethna, Esquire, the Acting Official Assignee and Assignee of the estate of Ernest Augustus Martin, insolvent, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at Bellasis Road, opposite the Byculla Club, on SATURDAY, the 20th instant, at 3 p. m. (S. T.) the following Undertaker's materials such as three hearses, pieces of grey and white marbles, Bombay stores, teak and dealwood coffin furnitures, artificial wreaths in glass-domes, cupboards, tables, chairs, copying press, etc.

The above is on view.

AUCTION SALE of Valuable landed properties at Chandanwadi, Girgaon, and at the Village of Chakala near Andheri, next to Mr. J. J. Modi's Bungalow.

Under instructions from and by the order of R. D. Sethna, Esquire, the Acting Official Assignee and Assignee of the estate and effects of Ardesir Pestonji Nanavati and with the consent and concurrence of the Mortgagee Mr. Nowroji Sorabji Bansha, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will, on the undermensioned days, sell the undermentioned properties by Public Auction. The first and second properties at Chandanwadi will be sold on the premises and the third which is at Andheri will be sold at the Auction Rooms of the undersigned.

Lot No. 1 Chandanwadi House.

On WEDNESDAY, the 1st day of December 1909 at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), on the Premises.

Description.—All that piece or parcel of land or ground together with the messuages, tenements or buildings standing thereon situate on the eastern side of Chandanwady Lane, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement one hundred and thirty-five square yards or thereabouts, and bearing Collector's Old No. 880, New No. 2774, Old Survey No. 69, and New Survey No. 3217, and bounded on the east by a passage's passage, belonging to the house of Serabji Theothi, on the west by the public road called Chandanwadi Lane, on the north by the property of Manockji Vazifdar, and on the south by the property of Hormasji Nowroji Vesuna and the buildings whereon are assessed by the Bombay Municipality under Ward No. 3235, and Street No. 5, and which said premises are of the pension and tax tenure and are now in the occupation of the vendor's tenants.

Lot No. 2 Chandanwadi Stable.

On WEDNESDAY the 1st day of December 1909 at 5-30 p.m. (S. T.), on the premises.

Description:—All that piece or parcel of leasehold land situate at Chandanwady with a Stable standing thereon, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement three hundred and thirty-five square yards, be the same a little more or less and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on the east by a passage, on the west by the property of Rustomji Dossabhoy Seth, on the north by the property of the late Muncherji Jamsetji Wadia and on the south by the property of the late Bomanji Hormasji Wadia and which premises are assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under "C" Ward No. 3243, Street No. 13 Chandanwady and are in the occupation of the Vendor's tenants.

Lot No. 3 Andheri Lands.

On THURSDAY, the 2nd day of December, 1909, at 5 p. m. (S. T.), at the Rooms of the Auctioneers, in Fort.

Description:—All those two several vacant pieces or parcels of Government land adjoining one another, situate, lying and being in the Village of Chakala, in the Salsette Taluka, of the Thana District, registered in the Book of the Collector of Land Revenue, Thana, as follows:

Name of Field.	Survey No.	Pot No.	Area.	Assessment
Nanes Vesbhat.	78	0	32	1-11
"	77	6	44	0-8
Gunthas ...			76	Rs. 2-3 as.

and both pieces together by recent admeasurement are found to admeasure 6965 square yards or thereabouts and are bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the North by the Cooria Sion Road, on or towards the South partly by the property of Juran Mavsee Ghosal and partly by the property of Bhaiji Rukhaji Patel, on or towards the East by the property of Sorabji Barjorji and on or towards the West partly by the property of Sorabji Bhikhaji and partly by the property of Antor Francis Ghosal.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application may be made to Messrs. Pestonji Rustim Kola and Co., Attorneys for R. D. Sethna, Esquire, the Acting Official Assignee and Assignee of the estate and effects of Ardesir Pestonji Nanavati at No. 79, Mathew Street, Fort, or to the undersigned,

CRAWFORD & Co

Bombay, 17th November, 1909.

BANKS.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL £1,000,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ..... £ 500,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... £ 250,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS ..... £ 250,000
RESERVE FUNDS ..... £ 250,000

HEAD OFFICE:
49, Threadneedle Street, London E. C.
LONDON BANKERS:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
BOMBAY, KARRACHEE, CALCUTTA, Sub-Branch, HOWRAH (Calcutta), MADRAS, COLOMBO, ADEN, GALLE, SINGAPORE, PENANG, HONGKONG and SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Credits payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realises interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Manager.

THE ORIENT BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

Opened for Business in 1907.

CAPITAL:—Fully Subscribed...Rs. 5,00,000
HEAD OFFICE:—LAHORE.
BRANCHES:—Bombay and Lyallpur.
LONDON Bankers:—Parrs Banks Ltd.

AGENCIES:—London, Constantinople, Cairo and in all the Principal towns in India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened free of charge and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for long and short periods at rates varying from 3 to 6 per cent. per annum, according to the length of the period for which money may be deposited. Currency Notes of any circle and cheques on any town in India are received free of charge for this account.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS are opened with Rs. 10, and interest allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum, except at Bombay where it is 4 per cent. per annum.

ADVANCES made on approved securities.

BILLS of Business may be had on application at the Head Office or at any of the Branch Offices.

AHMAD HASSAN,
Barrister-at-Law,
Managing Director.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, 15TH NOV. 09.] [BOMBAY, 16TH NOV. 09.

FINANCIAL.

		Rates.	Plus.	Minus
2½ per cent. Consols,...	...	83 11/16	1/8	
3 do. Rentes ...	...	99 1/4	1/4	
3½ do. Sterling Loan ...		97 1/2		unchgd
3½ do. Govt Securities....		82 7/8		unchgd
*Bar Silver in London ...		23 1/4		1/8
do. do. 2 months' hence		23 5/8		1/8
Silver in New York		50 1/2		1/4
Exchange on London at Paris,...		25·21 1/2		1/2
do. do. do. Berlin,...		... ..		
do. do. do. New York.		4·87 1/4	1/8	
Discount Bank of England Rate.		5		Since 21st Oct.
do Short London Bills				1/8
8 months' sight.		4 3/8		
do. Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight...		3 7/8		1/8
do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills...		5		1/8
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills ...		5 1/4		unchgd
Interest Day-to-day Loans ...		4 1/4		3/8
do. 7-day Market Loans...		4 1/2		1/8
Bar Gold (per oz,).....		77/9		unchgd

Exchange on India, 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate). 1s. 3 15-16d. unchgd.
Bills on Calcutta Rs. 5,10,000 at 1s. 4 3-32d.
Bills on Madras, Rs. 90,000 at 1s. 4 3-32d.
Bills on Bombay, Rs. 9,30,000 at 1s. 4 3-32d.
Closing Tone of Silver.—Firm.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL :—

Spots		Quiet.
Futures		Quiet.
East Indian		Dull.
Manchester		Quiet.
Total Sales		6,000
Called		1,000
Imports		10,000
Mid-Americans		7·71+07
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown ...		11 3-4 unchgd.

Future Delivery Prices :—

Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.
7·55	7·55	7·57	7·60
+14	+14	+14	+15
Mar.-Apl.	Apl.-May	May-June	June-July	July-Aug
7·63	7·64	7·66	7·65	7·62
+15	+14	+14	+15	+15

NEW YORK :—

Receipts at U. S. Ports		45,000 Bales.
Do. do. last year		63,000 "
Exports to Great Britain ...		41,000 "
Do to Continent		35,000 "
Spot Cotton—14·20+05		
Futures—Month of Dec. 14·38—05		Advanced early on favorable cables and declined later owing to commission house liquidation
Do. do. March	14·32+03	

New Orleans:—
Spot Cotton—14 3-8 unchgd.
Futures—Month of Dec. 14·44—06
Do. do. Mar. 14·92—03

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Fine Broach	d. 7	8-32
F. G. Broach	d. 7	3-32
Good Broach	d. 6	30-32
Fine Bhownagger	d. 6	10-32
F. G. Bhownagger	d. 6	6-32
Good Bhownagger	d. 6	2-32
Fine Oomras	d. 6	12-32
F. G. Oomras	d. 6	8-32
Good Oomras	d. 6	4-32
Good M. G. Oomras	d. 6	4-32
Fine M. G. Oomras	d. 6	12-32
Fine Bengals	d. 5	26-32
F. G. Bengals	d. 5	22-32
Good Bengals	d. 5	18-32
Fine M. G. Bhownagger ...	d. 6	10-32
Good Khandeish	d. 5	30-32
F. G. Khandeish	d. 6	2-32

WHEAT.

White Choice Karachi, C.I.F.,—40 1-2—Nov.-Dec.—London—Sellers.
Tone of Wheat.—Firm.
Wheat afloat for U. K. Qrs. 1,450,000.

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Barletto Russa,—62½lbs.—33 1-2—Feb.-Mar.—Sellers—Firm.

SEEDS.

Rapeseed—
Yellow Gujrat, per 416 lbs., 85 per cent. ex-ship—45—Nov.-Dec.—Dunkirk—Sellers.
Yellow Cawapore, per 416lbs, 85 per cent. ex-ship 44 1-4—Nov.-Dec.—Dunkirk—Sellers.
Brown Cawnpore—42—Nov.-Dec—Antwerp—Sellers
Tone of Rapeseed—Firm.

Linseed :—
Tone of Linseed.—Quiet.
Linseed Argentine La Plata 47 1-4—Dec.-Jan.—Antwerp—Done.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE :—
In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality),—8 3-8 unchgd.

SUGAR:—
German granulated sugar, double bags, C. and F. India 15s. 2d.
Months of Shipment—Nov.-Dec.—Sellers.
Tone of Sugar.—Firm.

Rubber—
Para Rubber—8s. 4d.—Value.

Metals :—
Copper Braziers £69
Yellow Metal ... ... 6d.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

TUESDAY EVENING.] [16TH NOV. 1909.

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Importer.
	Rs.		
5 Boxes Sovs ...	3,75,000	Perth	Chartered Bank.
1 Box Gold Bullions	1,600		
3 Boxes Gold Bullions	1,13,496	Sydney	National Bank.
Sovs	1,12,500		
2 Boxes Rupees...	15,634	Hongkong	Hongkong Bank.
1 Box Sovs	3,000	Suez	G. Radhakisondass.

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 13th & 14th November, 1909.

By	Bars.	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway.....	38	43,292
B. B. & C. I. Railway	57	68,472

FINANCIAL.

Bank Rates:—

Bank of England...	5 per cent. from	21st Oct.
Bank of Bengal ...	5 per cent. "	13th Nov.
Bank of Bombay...	4 per cent. "	4th Nov.
Bank of Madras ...	4 per cent. "	30th July.

Money :—
The tendency of the money market is firm and there are borrowers for two months fixed at 4 per cent. per annum.

Exchange :—
The market has been firm to-day at 1s 4 3-32d T.T. and 1s 4 1-8d on demand and one or two Banks would buy credits, for the mail at 1s 4 3-8d 3 months' sight. Bills have been scarce but this notwithstanding most Banks refused to buy under 1s. 4 13-32d. 3 months' sight for any delivery. Merchants only buy for immediate requirements and refuse to settle at 1s. 4 1-8d. T.T. which is available from December to February. Far Eastern rates are quiet. :

We quote :—

T. T. on London ...		1s. 4 3-32d.
Demand Draft ...		1s. 4 1-8d.
Credits—2 months' sight ...		1s. 4 3-32d. to 13-32d.
Do 6 months' sight ...		1s. 4 17-32d.
Do 3 months' sight—France		172
Do 3 months' sight—Marks		140
Hongkong—30 days' sight...		126
Yokohama—30 days' sight ...		151 1-4
Shanghai—30 days' sight ...		170 1-2

Government Paper :—
The market opened at 92 9-16 ready and 93 7-16 for the account. There has not been much doing to-day but there were small sellers in the afternoon and quotations are 1-16 down at the close. Calcutta is advised as 93 11-16 for ready.

We quote :—

Cash	Rs.	92·	8
1st Settlement	"	92·	6

Bullion—
Bar silver in London on Monday closed easier, quotations being 1-8 lower at 23 1-4 for spot and 23 5-16 for two months' delivery. There has not been much doing in the Bazaar but the tone of the market has been steadier and quotations are 1-8 up all round as under. Bar Gold is steady.

We quote :—

		Rs.	a.	p.
English Bar Gold		24	2	0
Australian Bar Gold		24	1	0
Bombay Bar Gold		24	0	0
English Shield Sovereigns ...		15	0	0
English Dragon Sovereigns ...		15	0	0
Silver on Duty—Ready ...		58	10	0
Ditto 1st Settlement ...		58	12	0

COTTON.

Market Report :—
There was little change in our market on opening this morning. The demand for contracts continues very moderate, and in some cases exporters are sellers. At Colaba also there was little business done, and the market closed quiet but steady as under.

In ready cotton also there is little doing. Prices are fairly steady, but the enquiry both from exporters and mills is only moderate.

QUOTATIONS :—

	Rs.	Delivery.
Fine M. G. Broach ...	305	Mar. 1910.
Good M. G. Broach ...	282	Jan. 1910.
Fine M. G. Nagpur-Kampti	263	" "
Fine M. G. Damangaum-Pulgaon	253	" "
Fine M. G. Khangaum-Akola	250	" "
Fine M. G. Amraoti ...	260	" "
Fine M. G. Muttia ...	242	" "
F. G. M. G. Khandeish	228	" "
Fine M. G. Khandeish	240	" "
Fine M. G. Bengals ...	232-4	" "
Fine M. G. Bengals ...	235-3	Dec. 1908.
Fine M. G. Bengals ...	245	Nov. 1909.
F. G. H. G. Bengals ...	212 1-2	Jan. 1910.
Good Westerns ...	278	" "
Good Saw Ginned Dharwar	234	" "

Liverpool Closer :—

Opening Tone ...	...	Quiet.
Estimated Sales ...	...	6,000 bales.
Total Imports	...	78,000 "

Future Delivery Prices :—

Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.
7·51	7·51	7·53	7·55
—04	—04	—04	—05
Mar.-Apl.	Apl.-May	May.-June	June.-July	July.-Aug
7·60	7·61	7·63	7·62	7·59
—04	—04	—04	—04	—04

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

Linseed :—
The market continues steady with a moderate inquiry.

We quote :—

Ready	Rs.	9	13	0 B.S.
April-May	"	8	15	0 B.S.

RAPESEED :—
The market is quiet with little doing.

We quote :—

Ready Brown Cawnpore...	Rs.	6	11	0 B.T.
Ready Yellow " ...	"	7	1	0
Ready Yellow Gujrat ...	"	7	4	0
Brown Delhi, Apl.-May ...	"	7	6	0 R.T.

GINGELLYSEED :—

Bold White 35 p. c. ...	Rs.	43	0	0
White Khandeish ...	"	41	0	0
Black Kutki	"	39	0	0
Red Khandwa	"	42	0	0
Tone—Firm.				

Poppyseed —

Ready	Rs.	9	5	0 R.T.
Tone—Firm.				

Castorseed :—

Ready	Rs.	31	0	0
April-May	"	6	9	0
Tone—Firm.				

Cottonseed :—

Dec.-Jan.... ...	Rs.	22	8	0
Tone—Steady.				

GROUNDNUTS :—

Jan.-Feb.	Rs.	37	0	0
Tone—Steady.				

Rowraseed :—

November-December ...	Rs.	6	4	0 R. T.
Tone—Steady.				

WHEAT:—
The market continues steady.
We quote:—

White Delhi, November...	Rs.	5	15	0 R.T.
White Delhi, April-May—	"	5	6	6 "

YARNS.
The market is quiet with little business passing.

THE SHARE MARKET.

Banks :—

Bombay	1,480
India	68 1-2
Indian Specie	54 1-2

Mills :—

David	410
Manockji Petit	3,417 1-2
Swan Mills	267 1-2

Presses :—

Indian Cotton	140
New Beras	555

Miscellaneous—

Bamachua Manganese	10
Bombay E. S. & T. Co. Ordinary	94
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Ord. Preference.	152
Bombay Flour Mill	1,000
Bombay Steam Nav. Co. Preference	287 1-2
Colaba Land and Mill	1,130
Treacher & Co	565

Railways:—

Ahmedabad-Prantej	59½ 1-2
Tapti-Valley	430 to 432 1-2

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Cotton and Produce into Bombay during the 48 hours ended at 6 p.m. yesterday :—

Cotton	16,831	bales.
Wheat	5,794	cwts.
Linseed	7,398	"
Rapeseed	1,938	"
Gingellyseed	33,704	"
Poppyseed...	48	"
Groundnuts	2,732	"
Castorseed	8,654	"
Rice	11,916	"
Myrabollams	410	"
Cottonseed...	58,591	"
Mowraseed...	3,242	"
Gram	2,677	"
Jowar	nil	
Maize	8,549	"

KARACHI FREIGHT MARKET.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, NOVEMBER 16.

The freight market remains quiet with little or nothing doing. The total forward engagements in cotton approximate from six to eight thousand tons between December and March next. As regards wheat, owing to dealers in the interior holding back supplies pending results of the winter rains, certain shippers are pursuing the unprecedented course of even importing wheat from Bombay to meet engagements.

THE *Ceylon Observer* states that the War Office has decided to give up Kandi as a Military Station and to make over the military buildings to the Civil Government.

DAILY EXPORTS—NOV. 16.

FOR LIVERPOOL.
Elysia s—19 bales wool, R Canjee; 16 bales silk waste etc, K Nixon and Co; 192 cwts tallow Haji A Oomer: 10,001 cwts maize Sanday and Co; 6 barrels linseed oil, Bergmann and Hoppman; 17 bales wool, C Kimatrai; 8 bales wool, H Metha and Co; 40 bales wool, W and A Graham and Co.

FOR LONDON.
Malwa s—48 cwts bonemeal, Croft Mody and Co; 5 cwts ivory, K N Meanee and Co; 6 cwts condiments H Muncherji and Sons; 3 bales cotton, J A Begbie and Co; 4 pots rosa oil H Nowroji; 1,000 cwts myrabollams, Ebjee Oomersey; 24 cwts cashewnuts, R Jewandas and Co; 1,160 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Bros; 17 bogsheads chutney, Framji Nowrojee; 165 bales skins, O H Mahomed and Co; 3 bales carpets G F Stavrides and Co; 1 bale carpets, 1 case brassware, S J Telleri and Co; 81 bales skins, W and A Graham and Co; 8 bales carpets Fleming Shaw and Co; 9 bales hides, A Noormahomed and Co; 1 pot rosa oil, T V and Godse Bros; 390 cwts dry ginger, R Assaria and Co.

FOR NEW YORK.
Malwa s—4 pots rosa oil, M Jufferbhoy; 24 cwts cashewnuts, Nusserwanji Bros and Co; 24 cwts aloes, A H Mowjee and Co; 2 bales carpets, J F Shaw and Co.
Elysia s—27 bales skins, Enrico N Stein.

FOR HULL.
Linden Hall s—6,000 cwts castorseed, E D Sassoon and Co; 100 bales hemp, T Purshotam and Co; 12,075 cwts castorseed, 4,000 cwts cottonseed, T Mawraz; 4,000 cwts cottonseed, L Pragji 14,750 cwts cottonseed, A Khimji; 10,062 cwts castorseed, T Manraz.
Hope Mount s—6,000 cwts castorseed, Arjoon Khimji.

FOR ROTTERDAM.
Lydford s—1,500 tons manganese ore, R A Willis,

FOR PHILADELPHIA.
Elysia s—63 casks skins, Enrico N Stein.

FOR ANTWERP.
Linden Hall s—200 cwts horns, Ismail Mahomed.
Calcutta s—55 bales cotton, Liladhar and Co; 2,001 cwts gingellyseed, A Blaschceck and Co; 4,000 cwts linseed, K Nixon and Co; 2,000 cwts rapeseed, 2,000 cwts gingellyseed, L Dreyfus and Co.
Barbara s—4,000 cwts linseed, K Nixon and Co; 652 cwts gum, S Cooverji and Co; 14,995 cwts teaseed, Ralli Bros; 530 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 19 bales hemp, Ebjee Oomersey.
King Howel s—2,000 tons manganese ore, S Smidt and Co.

FOR GENOA.
Calcutta s—37 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 100 bales cotton, A Blascheck and Co; 100 bales cotton, J. A. Begbie and Co, 1,000 cwts maize 298 cwts linseed, Volkart Bros; 2,002 cwts linseed 1,001 cwts rapeseed fA Blascheck and Co.
Trenoglos s—1,000 cwts maize Volkart Bros.
Neorfield s—1,100 tons old iron, Esanji Pajbhoy.

FOR MARSEILLES.
Elysia s—50 casks skins, Enrico N Stein; 1,000 cwts rapeseed, 1,000 cwts linseed, Louis Dreyfus and Co; 2,115 cwts gingellyseed, J Fachiri.

FOR BARCELONA.
Elysia s—100 bales cotton, Volkart Bros; 60 bales cotton, Glazebrook and Co; 25 bales hemp, R Reeve and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.
Delhi s—200 bales twist, and 600 bales cotton, Glazebrook and Co; 37 chests opium, P and O Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.
Delta s—1,000 bales twist, C Bhowanidas; 800 bales twist, Sassoon J David and Co; 800 bales twist, Greaves Cotton and Co.

FOR KOBE.
Ischia s—200 bales cotton, H N Madraswalla and Co.
Yetorofu Maru s—21 bales cotton, The Japan Cotton T Co.

FOR OSAKA.
Yetorofu Maru s—100 bales cotton, The M B Kaisha.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY Lt.-Col. R. W. L. DUNLOP, V.D.

Bombay, 17th November.

516.—Detail for the week ending 20th instant.
To-day Wednesday, 17th instant.—The Battalion will parade as strong as possible to assist in lining the streets on the occasion of the arrival of H. E. the Viceroy.
Fall in at Sir Richard Temple's Statue at 7-30 a.m.
Dress—Drill Order, Uniform with Helmets.
Friday, 19th instant.—All Recruits of the current season to parade at Headquarters at 6-30 p.m.
517.—Musketry.—The Range at Ghat Kopar will be available for Class Firing as follows:—
Saturday 20th (Morning and afternoon). Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 6-25 a. m. and 1-50 p. m.
Sunday 21st instant.—Reserved for "D" Company. Trains leaves Victoria Terminus at 6-45 a. m.

A. L. CARTWRIGHT, Capt.,
Adjt., B. V. R.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR J. W. HAWES, COMMANDING, B, V, A,

Bombay, 17th November.

692 REGTL. COMMITTEE MEETING.
A Meeting of the Regimental Committee will be held at the B. V. A. Club, Apollo Bunder, on Thursday the 18th inst. at 7 p.m. All members of the Committee are requested to attend.

E. P. CUDLIP, Lt., R. A.,
Adjt., B. V. A.

NOTICE.

The following are the Winners of Spoons in the Competitions of the 14th instant.

300 Yards.	500 Yards.
Br. Niven 26	Br. Niven 32-2-30
Gr. Green 26	Gr. Halton 30

A. W. BARKER, Br.
Hon. Sec. Br. A. R. A.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours, ending at 6 a. m. yesterday, give the following results :—

Wards.	Plague, Attacks.	Plague, Deaths.	Total deaths from all causes.
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade	0	0	5
B Mandvi, Chukla, Ogmerkhadi and Dongri	0	0	17
C Market, Dhobi Talao, Fanaswadi, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao, and Kumbharwada	0	0	21
D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpati, Walkeshwar, and Mahalaxmi	0	0	2
E Mazagon, Tarwadi, 2nd Nagpada, Kamatipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada	1	1	20
F Parel, Sewree and Sion...	0	0	11
G Mahim and Worli	0	0	10
Water Division	0	0	0
Harbour	0	0	0
Hospitals	0	0	4
Total.....	1	1	90
This day last year.....	1	1	91

THE RAT CAMPAIGN.
November 16th 1909.

Ward.	Alive.	Dead	Found Infected.
A	35	21	0
B	264	159	11
C	132	34	2
D	87	25	1
E	126	36	0
F	99	14	0
G	69	5	0
Total to date...	861	294	14
Total rats killed			1,155

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A French Remedy for all Irregularities.

Thousands of Ladies always keep a box of Martin's Pills in the house, it shall on the first sign of any Irregularity of the System a timely dose may be administered. Those who have, recommend them—Sold in all Chemists and Storekeepers or post free 37 stamps from sole enormous sale. 138 MARTIN, Pharm. Chemist, SOUTHAMPTON, ENGLAND.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

The Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS, and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender is Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

EUROPE.

DEATH.

NELSON—November 14, at West Kirby, Cheshire, J. H. Nelson of Messrs. Shaw, Wallace and Co, aged 24. Deeply regretted. (By cable.)

INDIA.

MARRIAGES.

HENDERSON—STEWART—At the Baptist Church, Calcutta, by the Revd. Herbert Anderson, Secretary, Baptist Missionary Society of London, the Revd. W. W. Henderson, M. A., of Cuttack, to Elizabeth Kate, daughter of the late Donald Stewart and Mrs. Stewart, Rosebank, Corriecravie, Arran.

GRAHAME—THOMPSON—November 12, at St. Paul's Cathedral, Calcutta, by the Very Revd. Archdeacon Luckmann, William Henry Hill Grahame, to Kathleen Davidson, younger daughter of the late William Gamble Thompson, of Londonderry and of Mrs. Thompson, London.

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TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 6h. 47m.; Sun sets, 6h. 1m.; High water, 1-39m, 1-20a.; Low water, 7-32m. 7-14s.

H. E. The Viceroy's Arrival.

Ordinary General Meeting of the New Pachora and the New Jalgaon Manufacturing Companies, 4-46 p.m.

Amateur Performance of "Lord and Lady Algy" in aid of the Lady Dufferin Fund at the Novelty Theatre, 9-30 p.m.

Maxim: "Opportunity is the true test of character."—Addison Ballard.

THE WEEK'S CALENDAR.

Thursday, November 18.—H. E. the Viceroy in Bombay. Address from the Bombay Chamber of Commerce. Motor Drive round Mahim and Salsette. Presentation of Orders and Medals. State Banquet and Reception at Government House, 9-45 p.m. Municipal Standing Committee. Sun rises 6h. 47m. Sun sets 6h. 1m.; High water, 2-23m. 2-2s.; Low water, 8-12m. 7-30s.

Friday, November 19.—H. E the Viceroy in Bombay. Visits to Arab and Waler Stables, also to the Cama Hospital. Inspection of the Mazagon-Sewri Reclamation and of the New Docks, attends the Begum of Junagadh's Purdah Party. Visits the Ladies' Club Dinner with the Commodore. Sun rises, 6h. 48m.; Sun sets, 6h. 0m.; High water, 3-9m., 2-58s.; Low water, 9-10m., 8-38s.

Saturday, November 20.—H. E. the Viceroy in Bombay:—Address from the Corporation, Town Hall; Departure for Bijapur, Victoria Terminus, 10 p.m. Fifth Criminal Sessions, High Court, 10-30 a.m.

Monday, 22.—Municipal Corporation, 3-40, p.m.

THE S. S. "CLEVELAND" BAND.—By kind permission of the Captain of S.S. "Cleveland," the band of the s.s. "Cleveland" will play at the Green's Hotel Garden this evening at 7 p.m.

A CANDIDATE FOR THE CORPORATION.—Mr. Haji Yeosuf Hajee Ismail Sobani is a candidate for the Corporation, at the next general elections, for re-election as a representative of the Justices of the Peace.

PRINCESS OF WALES LADIES' GYMKHANA.—The address to Her Excellency Lady Minto will be presented at 5 p. m. (S.T.) on Saturday the 20th inst, and the members of the Gymkhana are requested to be in their places half an hour earlier.

MUNIFICENT GIFT BY A KHOJA GENTLEMAN.—It was announced at the performance of the third day's funeral obsequies in connection with the death

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As there are several places of the same name kindly look to our address particularly next to the Currency Office.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Waroonga, 1,609 tons, Captain W Morrison, arrived in harbour on Tuesday from Koweit &c, with a general cargo, 2 cases opium and 263 deck passengers.

THE Japan Line steamer Ceylon Maru, 3,142 tons, Captain F L Pyne, arrived in harbour on Tuesday from Kobe &c, with a general cargo.

THE steamer Wearbeck, 2,446 tons, Captain D H Lewis, arrived in harbour on Tuesday from Calcutta, with a cargo of coal.

THE steamer King Howel, 2,821 tons, Captain W Davies, arrived in harbour on Monday evening from Barry, with ballast.

THE steamer Reme, 1,899 tons, Captain C A Burrand, will sail to-day for Rangoon &c, with a general cargo.

THE steamer Strathgarry, 2,840 tons, Captain D Stanhope, sailed on Tuesday for Calcutta, with ballast.

THE Hall Line steamer Trafford Hall, 3,436 tons, Captain W H Wood, arrived in harbour on Tuesday from Manchester &c, with a general cargo and passengers.

THE Florio and Rubattino S N Co's steamer Ischia, 2,480 tons, Captain G Belsito, will sail to-day for China &c, with a general cargo, and passengers.

THE Japan Mail Steam N Co's steamer Yetorofu Maru, 3,067 tons, Captain K Soyeda, will sail to-day for Kobe &c, with a general cargo, and passengers.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

DOCKYARD.

H. M. S. Redbreast....Lieut Tisdall .....Royal Navy
H M S Perseus.... ....Capt F G Bird.....R Navy
H M S Proserpine...Capt J T Marshall .....? Navy
H I M S Lawrence ...Comdr E G Mills.....R I Marine

In the Stream.

H M S Hyacinth ..Capt Dick .....R Navy
H M S Sphinx...Comdr N Harvey .....R Navy

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—Nov. 16.

Alavi...2324 Hill .....B & P S N Co
Britannia.....1909 Hales .....Bo & Heß & Co
Banca.....5095 Collyer.....P & O Co
Blake ....2896 Hill .....W & A Graham & Co
Ceylon Maru...3143 Pyne .....N Y Kaisha
D Balduino s.....3634 Maganaini .....F & R S N Co
Glendhu.....2629 Norrie .....M M & Co
Irish Monarch ... ...2792 Rottra .....K Nixon & Co
Kamra ..... 505 Etton .....M M & Co
King Hawel... 2821 Davies .....
Loodiana ... 3124 Ross ... Calcutta.....M M & Co
Lawada.... 2124 Lane .....M M & Co
Nanrelbahar .... 212 Macoda Sultan of Nuscat .....
Nizam .....2041 Morgan .....T Morrison and Co
Saifi .....1448 .....Bo & H S N Co
Sanctoria.....2373 Ward .....W & A G & Co
Strathness.....2818 Lamont.....K Nixon & Co
Trafford Hall...3436 Wood .....R Nixon & Co
Wearbeck .....2446 Lewis.....
Waroonga...1609 Morrison... .....M M & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—Nov. 16.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
A Beawada	3270	LeBroc	...Stream	17-11	M M & Co
B Birchall	2731	Jones	...A'werp	25 11	S Smidt & Co
City of Vienna	2379	Greenhorn	...Jeddah	19-11	K Nixon & Co
D & E F S Champa	2453	Mayers	...Gerston	27-11	W & A Gram & Co
F Germanic	2171	Barrow	...Hull	26-11	W & A G & Co
G Mozaffari	1387	Molong	...Zanzibar	22-11	E & P S N Co
H Firenzi	2006	Watson	..Jeddah	18-11	B & P S N Co
K Calcutta	2244	Young	...Genoa	18-11	J Mackintosh & Co
L Shah Jehan	2566	Davidson	Jeddah	20 11	B H S N Co
M Fakhri	2555	Revill	...Jeddah	17-11	B & H S N Co Ld
N Barbara	2414	Hopburn	...Antwerp	22-11	W & A Graham & Co
O Harlesden	2724	Gray	..Philadelphia	25-11	E A Willis
O Barbara	2414	Hopburn	...Antwerp	22-11	W & A Graham & Co
P Linden Hall	2149	Sullock	A'werp	27-11	W & A G & Co
Q Hopemount	2105	Steward	..Dunkirk	18 11	W & A G & Co

H W P D

Saraswati	443	Ahmed	...G Ports	18 11	Bo S N Co Ld
Sabarmati	524	Mahomed	Mangalore	19-11	Bo S N Co Ld

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Yetorofu Maru	3068	Soyeda	...	Kobe	17-11 N Y Kaisha
2 Elysia	6500	Haig	...	Liverpool	24-11 W & A Graham & Co
4 Lydford	2575	Tyson	...	B'dam	27-11 T Morrison & Co.
5 Ischia	2481	Belsito	...	H'kong	17-11 F & R S N Co
6 Moorfield	2725	Feleming	.....	Genoa	25-11 K Nixon & Co
9 Delhi	4784	Gordon	...	Shanghai	8-12 P & O Co
10 & 11 Dwarka	759	Moxon	...	Bushreh	18-11 M M & Co
13 Malwa	5301	Tocque	...	London	20-11 P & O Co
15 Nerbudda	1961	Coll	...	Stream	17-11 M M & Co
16 Trineglas	2187	Lake	.....	Genoa	20-11 T Morrison & Co

M W D D

Delta	4780	Snow	...Shanghai	24-11	P & O Co

ARRIVALS.

Nov.	Vessel.	Commander.	From
13	King Howel s ...	Davies	Barry, Oct 15
16	Wearbeck s.....	Lewis	Calcutta, Nov 6
	Ceylon Maru s	Pyne	Kobe, Oct 15
	Waroonga s	Morrison	Koweit, Nov 4
	Trafford Hall s ...	Wood	M'chester, Oct 22

DEPARTURES.

Nov.	Vessel.	Commandsr.	Destination.
16	Bohemia s	Gilhuber ...	Trieste, &c
	Strathgarry s.....	Stanhope.....	Calcutta

The following vessels obtained their portclearances on Tuesday :—
Steamer Reme, Burrand, for Rangoon, &c.
,, Ischia, Belsito, for China, &c.
,, Yetorofu Maru, Soyeda, for China.

The following vessels began to load on Tuesday :—
Steamer King Howel, for Antwerp, Dunkirk, &c.
,, Mozaffari, for Zanzibar, &c.
,, Waroonga, for the Persian Gulf.
,, Nizam, for Calcutta, &c.
,, Delhi, for China, &c.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The P and O Co's steamer Arcadia, (Extra) passed Suez at 2 a m on Tuesday the 16th Nov.

RAILWAY PATTERN
KITE MOTION PUMPS
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The Bombay Gazette.
WEDNESDAY, NOV. 17, 1909.

THE VICEROY AND THE AHMEDABAD INCIDENT.

HIS EXCELLENCY the Viceroy arrives in Bombay to-day, and will receive a hearty welcome from its citizens, heartier perhaps than might otherwise have been the case, because they—or many of them—believe His Excellency and Lady Minto providentially escaped assassination the other day at Ahmedabad. But we doubt if His Excellency will not marvel when he finds our English contemporaries have taken so serious a view of the incident, that the majority of the London newspapers have published articles on the "outrage," congratulated Lord and Lady Minto on their "escape" and denounced the authors of the "outrage," and that the *Telegraph* demands resolute methods as the only panacea to Eastern insubordination. We should like to know if Lord Minto himself believes there was an outrage, any attempt to assassinate him, if His Excellency attaches any political importance to the incident, even assuming that a bomb was thrown at all. Ahmedabad correspondents tell us the Police are reticent and decline to give one iota of information. For the simplest of reasons we fear; they have no information to impart either to the Press or to anybody else. If they have information they are acting very unwisely in withholding it. If they know the whole story—outrage or incident—let us have it, that if an attempt were made on the Viceroy's life, it may teach us to exercise the utmost vigilance; if the bombs were playthings and the explosion the work of an imbecile or some careless individual carrying Dewali fireworks, we may allay unnecessary alarm.

Statements published on Monday morning had thinned down a little by yesterday. But they still seem to have been fattened in increasing excitement. Let us look at the so-called official version as it stands:—"While the Viceroy and Lady Minto were driving from the station at Ahmedabad to Rani Sipari's tomb, two missiles were hurled at the carriage by one of the dense crowd who lined the streets. The Sergeant of the Inniskilling Dragoons, who was riding on the left of the carriage, cleverly knocked the first aside with his sword. The second hit the Viceroy's jamadar, who was holding an umbrella over Lady Minto, on his wrist and fell to the ground. Their Excellencies were quite unmoved and drove on to the tomb as if nothing happened." Assuming the missile thrown to have been a bomb and not an orange, as one correspondent says it appeared to be, and not a cocoanut, for luck, would not the fact that the Sergeant struck it with his sword have caused a bomb filled with picric acid to explode? And would it not have caused death and destruction to some of the dense crowd which lined the streets? The Sergeant was a swordsman, possibly also a cricketer to have played so heavy a ball with so narrow a bat. It is remarkable we have not heard of him in the Presidency Eleven. But, if he warded off a bomb and knew it to be one, not an orange or a bouquet of flowers, why did he not ride at the thrower and either run him through, or at least strike him down with the flat of his sword? And how came it that the jamadar, who was holding an umbrella, struck on the wrist by a second missile was so uncertain in his seat that he fell to the ground? Yet then we read: "Their Excellencies were quite unmoved and drove on as though nothing had happened" Drove on, quite unmoved as though nothing had happened—leaving the jamadar on the ground? We decline to believe it. Lord Minto is a soldier, who has seen service and has never flinched before shot and shell. He would be just as cool and collected in the presence of flying bombs. But he would not have driven on as if nothing had happened, when one of his followers was hurled to the ground. The little bronze cross inscribed "For Valour" is not won in that way. His Excellency would have stopped his carriage and picked up the fallen jamadar and then, still unmoved, have driven on.

But a long time elapsed before the explosion occurred. One correspondent says the Viceroy was half a mile away, that the bombs, dropped on the sandy road, had not exploded. They fell soft—forgetting that one had been struck with a 7 lb. cavalry sword and the other had knocked a man off the coach. And then we are told that they were picked up by a mahar driving a cutchra-cart. He must have been a long way behind the Viceregal equipage. Cutchra-carts have no recognised position in a Viceregal procession. The mahar hammered one of his supposed cocoanuts on the framework of his cart—and it went off. But, says the most painstaking of all these correspondents, "there are a dozen different accounts of the affair and it is impossible to say whether any is right." As a matter of fact is it not reasonable to assume that the bombs, the Dragoon batted and the jamadar muffed in the slips were oranges or pomegranates and those the mahar found were entirely different missiles? These latter were of a dangerous character, no doubt, as all fireworks to some extent are. At Dewali, people of this country habitually let off fireworks to propitiate the gods. They had been letting them off for days when the Viceroy went to Ahmedabad and the Police issued an order prohibiting their use along the route of the Viceroy's excursion. The purport of Police notifications is not readily understood by the people and travels slowly. Is it not as likely as not that some ignorant cooly, in his anxiety to demonstrate his loyalty, intended to fire a salvo with his two cocoanut crackers, and either they had been knocked out of his hand, or he had dropped them on the sandy road where they were found by the mahar? There are as many explanations as there are versions of the account, but we have not yet found anyone who accepts as gospel the statement that a deliberate attempt was made last Saturday at Ahmedabad, to assassinate the Viceroy. Here is the one we believe:—"At Sarat Gate, after the Viceroy had left for the Rani Sipri Mosque, a cocoanut bomb exploded. The man who appears to have thrown it was picked up insensible with his hand injured." Ahmedabad is not the place, Ahmedabadis are not the people to commit murder; nor are they the people to tolerate the presence of seditionists and anarchists What the papers at Home say and what they advocate matters little. And the Viceroy never suggested one word of what they say. We can greet him heartily to-day and bid him welcome, still believing that no attempt was made upon his life and that none ever will be; least of all in this Presidency, where loyalty is the very breath of the people.

WIND POWER. IN spite of all the advances of science, and the ingenious devices at the command of electricians, there are many indications of a desire either to try back and adopt the mechanical methods that satisfied our forefathers in more simple times, or to put wine into old bottles, so to speak, by applying the latest scientific discoveries to the plain old fashioned mechanisms that worked slowly but surely when man was not so hard-driven a creature as he has become. All the corn-grinding of generations now at rest was done by the wind in its own desultory fashion, or by the friendly agency of a carelessly dammed river and none but some restless inventor ever dreamt of a more constant or more rapid manipulator. The ancient windmill stands, solid but still, a monument to the past. It held its gaunt arms up to heaven while first coal and then petroleum started steam-mills, and it sees steam threatened with conquest by electricity, while coal, petroleum or water power are still retained as bottle-holders to the electric current. Engineers are beginning to cast longing eyes on windmills and are seeking means to get them to work persistently and economically. The chief difficulties in the way of this desirable end are the cost of attendance and the need for storage of power. No scientific adjustment has yet been invented by which human direction can be dispensed with. For whatever purpose wind is to be utilised engineers are face to face with the absolute necessity for storage of power to pull through the inevitable periods of calm. As yet full advantage cannot be taken of high winds or gales, except in such operations as pumping: But in spite of this fitfulness farmers have managed to utilise wind power. Not only for this, but for oat-crushing, root-cutting and sawing, and windmills are readily purchased for such work. For corn-grinding they are not used now, purveyors of flour being obliged to offer the public more perfect results than the windmill's intermittent action produces. This and the cost of human supervision are the two great problems to be solved before wind can become again a great industrial agent. The water-power available in England is limited—until some one utilises the tides of the ocean that girdles her shores—for the rivers mostly flow placidly, not to say luggishly, along their level beds, and require the erection of expensive dams to create a forceful fall for driving any kind of mill. The cost of coal to produce the same power of gas or steam would be almost as heavy.

Therefore wind-power which is in a sense unlimited, though intermittent, is well worth the trouble of harnessing. If storage of power could be brought about at a reasonable cost, the wind would carry the day over all other power producers. The wind-mill, in conjunction with dynamo is already making its way for generating the electric current required to drive farm machinery and will soon be a familiar feature in British agriculture. By a skilful arrangement of overhead wires the power is carried wherever it is needed and though the initial cost is heavy, the upkeep and attendance do not run into high figures. It is calculated that this combination is more economical than a portable oil engine with its constant need for removal from place, adjustment attendance, cost of oil and repairs. With regard to the average duration and force of the wind, statistics are as unreliable as they are on any other subject, but as engineers consult them piously they cannot be ignored. They go to prove that if the wind is below ten miles an hour for many hours in the day it is just as often above that rate, even when calm periods intervene. The problem is now how to make the windmill charge automatically at any time of the day or night, a battery that can meet the demands of the two heaviest consecutive days in the year of the industrial concern utilising it. There are so many marvellous appliances now extent that automatic mechanical means for limiting or increasing the response of the windmill to whatever winds do blow should not be impossible of invention. Wind-driven plant in its present development requires a "stand-by" or alternative plant for use during calms, but when it works it has the advantage of needing fewer repairs, less attendance and no fuel. Some scheme by which the alternative plant should be automatically set in motion when the wind failed to keep its own mill up to the work, might be evolved and would be a long step in the direction desired. When full storage of power is an accomplished fact, there will be rejoicing in the mechanical world and extravagant pressure on the national coal supply will be relieved.

THE GRANARY OF THE WORLD. CANADA has once more emphasised her claim to be regarded as the future granary of the world. Statistics of the yield of the recent harvest have just reached us and show that a record harvest of record quality has been garnered. The figures, which, having been carefully revised, may be taken as trustworthy, give a total wheat crop of 168,336,000 bushels, a gain of 44,000,000 bushels or 26 per cent. on the yield of last year. It is in Central Canada that the bulk of the grain crop has been raised; the wheat estimate for the three prairie provinces being 149,283,000 bushels, of oats 187,802,000 bushels, and of barley 33,893,000 bushels. This crop, according to Sir William White, represents in the aggregate four million tons of traffic, the handling of which will severely tax the resources of the three great railway systems of the country. One gets a more vivid idea of the tremendous progress, which is being made in the development of Canada's resources, when one reads that during last year alone in the three prairie provinces of the West new settlers applied for a total area of six million acres of land, which is equal to one-third of Scotland. This was merely the increase of colonisation in three provinces only. One of the most startling features of Canadian development has been the phenomenally rapid rise of the province of Saskatchewan, a huge tract of country as big as the German Empire. Lord Grey, the Governor-General, when he was laying the foundation stone recently of the new Legislative buildings for this province, referred to its growth in graphic language. "Ten years ago," he said "nine million bushels was your total crop. Five years ago—a year before you received your provincial rights, the total of your grain crop reached over 37 millions. This is a four-fold increase—nine millions in 1889 to 37,000,000 in 1904. This has been followed by a still greater increase in the next five years; from 37,000,000 in 1904 to upwards of 200,000,000 in the present year (1909). Of this last total upwards of 80,000,000 bushels are wheat. When you consider that the largest wheat output in the United States in any one year has been under 800,000,000 bushels, and that your province has in the early days of her youth harvested a crop equal to one-tenth of the biggest wheat crop ever harvested in one year in the United States, that the 7,000,000 acres you have this year under cultivation do not represent one-tenth of the equally good land in your province waiting for the plough, you can form some estimate of the rich future awaiting your province." It has been estimated by Mr. J. J. Hill, a well-known railway magnate, that in 1910 the population of the United States will reach twenty millions and that in future the United States wheat crop will not more than suffice for the needs of the country. Consequently her export of wheat must cease, and Canada in future will take the place of the States as the purveyors of foodstuffs to outside markets, not only grain and flour, but meat, dairy produce and other articles of food. Such is the brilliant promise of Canada's future.

A DESPATH is under preparation for improving pay and prospects of Royal Engineers employed in Public Works Department.

SIR HAROLD STUART Home Secretary, leaves Simla on Friday and Sir Herbert Risley, the Home Member, is expected to reach Calcutta on 16th December.

THE Maharaja of Durbhanga has consented to preside at the fifth Session of the Indian Industrial Conference to be held at Lahore in connection with the Congress.

IT is said that one of the objects of Sir Louis Dane is in connection with the project for harnessing and utilisation of the surplus waters of the Sutlej and the Beas as the land which can be fed from the Sutlej on the left bank consists mainly of Bikaneer and Bhawalpur State lands.

UNDER THE SOUTHERN CROSS.

THE FINANCIAL AGREEMENT.

The Murray Waters.

YOUNG AUSTRALIA LEAGUE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MELBOURNE, NOVEMBER 1.

After having spent a week-end in Melbourne in consultation with the Prime Minister, the Westralian Treasurer returned to Adelaide on Tuesday. When interviewed as to the result of his mission, Mr. Peake said:—

"I had two or three interviews with the Prime Minister. He has trouble amongst some members of his own party, who are opposed to the 'perpetuity' cause of the agreement. Some of them want one thing and some another. From all that I could learn Mr. Deakin will do his best to get agreement through as it stands, but if he cannot succeed then he will consult the Premiers before any variation whatever is agreed to."

When asked if he had any idea what variation might possibly be suggested, Mr. Peake said it would most likely be a limitation to a term of, say, 25 years. Asked further as to how he would regard that proposal, he said he would rather not express any opinion at present. In his view the Federal Government should do their best to carry the agreement. If they could not do that then he thought that the Prime Minister should apprise the Premiers of his position and take counsel with them. He had the utmost confidence in Mr. Deakin's desire to carry the agreement.

In reply to a question as to the Northern Territory transfer premier said that he had interested himself in that matter whilst in Melbourne, and from all that he could learn he believed that the prospects were good for passing it in the House of Representatives but he was not so sure as to the Senate.

A deadlock has been reached in the negotiations or a settlement by an amicable arrangement of the situation that arose through the inability of a number of Federal Ministerialists to accept in its present form the financial agreement made at the Conference of Premiers and Federal Ministers. The difference between the Prime Minister (Mr. Deakin) and the Premier of South Australia (Mr. Peake) this morning produced no results from the point of view of those who expected some approach to be made in the direction of proposals for a limitation of the duration of the agreement to 10 or 20 years.

When seen after the conference Mr. Peake left no room for doubt as to his position. He said—"I shall go back to Adelaide a great deal enlightened as to the ground to be traversed. I have chatted with Mr. Deakin over the prospects of the agreement becoming law, but I have made no proposals to him. Our position is that we expect Mr. Deakin to pass the Bill. If he finds that an impasse has been reached and that he cannot pass the Bill as it stands it is for him to communicate with us, I know nothing of any week-end Premiers' Conference such as has been mentioned in the Press."

Mr. Peake had a conference to-day with the State Premier (Mr. Murray) and the Treasurer (Mr. Watt) concerning the financial agreement and other matters. With regard to the agreement nothing definite was arrived at beyond an announcement that Mr. Peake had expressed a desire that if possible the agreement arrived at by the Conference should be carried out. As there are several outstanding questions between Victoria and South Australia the Premier and Treasurer will pay a week-end visit to Adelaide on the first convenient opportunity.

The deadlock in Federal politics over the financial agreement made at the Melbourne Conference continues, but there are signs that behind the scenes strenuous efforts are being made to terminate it by a section of the Premiers who are anxious to help the Federal Ministry. It was stated in the lobbies at Parliament House that the utmost pressure is being brought to bear upon Mr. Kidston, the Premier of Queensland, to induce him to withdraw from the attitude he has adopted during the past week towards the proposals of the conciliation committee of the Ministerial party. Those who are in the confidence of the committee say the issue is now narrowed down to a limitation of the duration of the agreement to 25 years. If Mr. Kidston will compromise on this all is considered plain sailing so far as the fusion party are concerned.

SEE FINANCIAL AGREEMENT.

There is little new to report about the Finance Bill, except that it will be proceeded with next week. The Electoral Bill and the Federal Capital Site Bill, which are both in the second reading stage come first on the business paper, and both are likely to take a pretty long time before being disposed of. The Finance Bill will however be interposed on Wednesday. The Federal Ministers express the utmost confidence about being able to carry the Bill in its present state, and are understood even under the most adverse conditions to be sure of a statutory majority on the third reading. The danger, of course, is found in Committee, where Mr. Irvine, for instance, is bound to move an amendment to limit the agreement with the State to a certain number of years, as he has practically pledged himself to his constituents to take some such course, Mr. Harper has declared his unwillingness to embarrass the Government. Mr. Coon is an uncertain quantity, and Mr. Bruce Smith may give trouble. On the other hand Mr. Storrer may come over, and there is no telling what Mr. Willis may do.

SEE MURRAY WATERS.

At Friday sitting of the Murray Waters Commission, Mr. Elwood Mead, Chairman of the Water Commission said Victoria had now unused water from existing works or works nearing completion for the irrigation of about 200,000 acres of land not now irrigated. For several years the State had been providing additional water but there had been no increase in the population to make use of it. At White Cliffs, Swan Hill, and Cohuna there was only a fraction of the people required. It was not more works, but more men that were wanted for immediate requirements. The heavy financial loss to which the State was subjected would continue until people were put on the land and used it properly. The State must assist in solving the problem, and to create the best conditions of living where distributing channels had been made, the State should acquire holdings, and sub-divide them into areas of proper size for closer settlement obtainable at a reasonable price. In that way more could be done for the advancement of the State than by any other means. At present there were 2,000,000 acres awaiting irrigation but the State possessed only 18,000 acres of which area about half was ready for that purpose, the remainder being in preparation. An additional population of 30,000 was required for irrigable areas, and as these people would need 5,000 or 6,000 houses, settling them would mean increased work in the cities where the population was too large.

Victoria, Mr. Mead continued, should arrange with New South Wales for large storage works on the Upper Murray. There was a field for expansion at Mildura, Swan Hall, and also in the upper reaches of the Murray. Between the junction of the Ovens and the Goulburn with the Murray there was land that could be served by gravitation. It was about 560,000 acres in extent, and he had not the slightest misgiving about making irrigation pay or about getting settlers if proper steps were taken. The Murray could not supply sufficient water for both irrigation and navigation from January to June. A little intelligent effort by the Government would provide markets for products of the irrigated land for the next 20 years.

At Saturday sitting of the Commission Mr. Thomas Taft, Chief Railway Commissioner, said any scheme of navigation on the Murray might except much keener competition by the railways in future than at present. The tendency of the railway rates in New South Wales and Victoria would be downward, and the reduction would be largely made applicable to products that could be exported. The Railway Commissioners in the States could hardly be expected to remain idle and see traffic go down the river if there was a margin of profit. Even if the river was locked it would be difficult for it to compete against the railways. The Murray, even if locked, would not be an important factor as a means of transport, and there was no country in the world where irrigation prospects were more favourable. The Commission adjourned 'sine die.'

YOUNG AUSTRALIA LEAGUE.

The officials of the Young Australia League tours committee report that arrangements have been practically completed for the despatch of the contingent of schoolboys booked for an educational tour of the Eastern States during the Christmas vacation. At a recent meeting of the committee, which is comprised chiefly of head-masters and teachers, the following appointments of members for the staff to have charge of the boys were announced:—Joint general managers, Messrs. J. J. Simons and J. Tucker; assistant commissariat manager, Mr. T. W. Cecil; sectional managers, Messrs. L. T. Boss, C. Jeffrey, L. B. Oates, and J. H. Royce, matron, Nurse E. M. Sturkey. The contingent has been booked to sail by the s.s. "Kyarra" on December 24, and to return by the new inter-State liner s.s. "Karoola" on January 27.

It is stated that judging from advices to hand from the Eastern States cities the young tourists have a good time in store. The first official welcome will take place at Melbourne as the Federal capital, where a luncheon is to be tendered by the Federal Labour members of that State at the Commonwealth Parliament House. On the return from Sydney an elaborate welcome will be extended to the boys by the ladies of the Women's National League. This function is being organised by Miss Grace Watson, who toured this State in the present year. In all centres the leading factories will be opened to the boys, and every facility given to visit the chief public institutions. In connection with the latter all the State Governments are co-operating.

As indicating the supervision the managers intend exercising over the boys under their care the following extract taken from an official circular recently issued to parents of boys already entered is interesting:—

"Discipline and Control.—Boys are included in the contingent under the following conditions:—1. That they are placed under the absolute control of the managers during the tour. 2. That they will return to the State with main party. 3. That leave of absence will be granted only for such periods and at such times as the convenience of the contingent will permit. Note.—No leave will be granted for absence after nightfall except on written authority from a parent or guardian stating that a boy may be allowed to leave in the company of a person who must be named in the authority."

Though the full number required for the tour (130) was booked as early as April last, it has been decided to accept a further ten boys from schools in any part of the State. As it is expected that the applications will exceed this number the first ten received will be registered and the applicants included in the contingent in the order of date received if any vacancies occur through boys being withdrawn.

A.

(By Telegraph to Perth W. A.)

THE MASSACRE OF THE INNOCENTS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—With the appointment of Professor Welinker, the Senior Examiner in English for the Matriculation, it was hoped that there would be no ground left for complaint this year either in respect of the paper or of the results. Mr. Welinker's appointment as Senior Examiner was more than justified by the very nature of the paper set this year. But the woes of the first thousand candidates are not yet, it seems, at an end. Last year about a fortnight before the Matriculation results were publicly announced, thick rumours had been afloat that the two Senior Examiners in English, who examined the papers of the first thousand, had "played havoc" and that about 35 per cent. were lucky enough to satisfy their extraordinary standard. The rumours unfortunately proved too true. Out of the first and second five hundreds only as few as 118 and 176 respectively were able to get through. To be more explicit, out of the second thousand whose papers were examined by a batch of two other Examiners as many as 547 (that is 54·7 per cent.) were able to pass; whereas only as few as 295 (that is 29·5 per cent.) could succeed in passing from among the first thousand whose fates had been entrusted to the said two Senior Examiners. Under the new arrangement students are grouped according to their second language, and hence, it was the Sanskrit students who formed almost the first thousand that were grievously affected by the eccentric standard of the two Senior Examiners. It might be thought that English, Latin and French being allied languages, it was but natural that French and Latin students who were in the second thousand, should have done better than the Sanskrit candidates. But a reference to the results of other Sanskrit students who appeared at Poona and Ahmedabad centres and to those of Persian students will satisfy you how unfounded is the reason that some may be inclined to assign. The gross injustice done to the first thousand candidates remained unredressed with the result that those "unfortunates" that were unjustly plucked had to appear once again this year. The panic caused by the unwarranted attitude of the two Senior Examiners has, moreover, resulted in the falling off in the number of Sanskrit candidates appearing this year at Bombay centre by about a hundred. While the total number of candidates for Matriculation has gone up from last year's 3,007 to 3,455 this year (that is an increase of 448), the number of total candidates appearing at Bombay centre has gone down from 1,489 to 1,418, the number of Sanskrit candidates going down from 775 to 681 (that is a decrease of 97). You will agree with me, I believe, in thinking that this is not a commendable state of things. Hopes were, however, raised by the selection of Professor Welinker as the Senior Examiner. His appointment was hailed with delight from all sides, as he is a well known educationist, one who was a Principal of a school and as such well acquainted with the standard that is exactly expected of Matriculation candidates. Were it not for his appointment and for the expectation that, being the Senior-Examiner, he would in charge of the first thousand as the Senior Examiner was last year, the number of candidates at the Bombay centre would have undergone a still greater reduction. It was hoped that full justice would be done this year to those from among the first thousand that had been mercilessly and unjustly "massacred" last year. But it seems those hopes were raised only to be dashed to the ground. It is rumoured that Professor Welinker has taken up the third thousand and left the first thousand to the mercy of two other Examiners of whom one was responsible for last year's cruel massacre. Mr. Cursetji is reputed to be a great English scholar, but I believe he was never a teacher and consequently it is very difficult for him to know the exact standard demanded of Matric candidates. I do not know how much authority the Senior Examiner is allowed to exercise in checking the eccentricities of the other Examiners. But if he possesses any I am confident that Professor Welinker will not fail to do so to the full and see that equal and reasonable standard is maintained throughout by all the Examiners. But if he is helpless, I would make an earnest and respectful appeal to the Hon. Mr. Justice Chandavarkar, the worthy Vice-Chancellor, to intervene in time and see that justice is done to all, lest it be

"TOO LATE."

P. S.—Analysis of the results of the first and second thousands of the Matric candidates of 1908:—

	Suc.		Suc.
First hundred	21	Eleventh hundred ...	43
Second hundred	23	Twelvth hundred.....	59
Third hundred.....	21	Thirteenth hundred.	60
Fourth hundred	25	Fourteenth hundred..	66
Fifth hundred	30	Fifteenth hundred ...	67
Sixth hundred.....	40	Sixteenth hundred ...	48
Seventh hundred.....	32	Seventeenth hundred.	53
Eighth hundred	36	Eighteenth hundred..	47
Ninth hundred	27	Ninteenth hundred...	52
Tenth hundred.....	41	Twentieth hundred...	53
Total ...	295	Total ...	547

N. B.—Only 295 pass from the first thousand whereas 547 from the second.

Bombay, 13th November.

THE Nadia District Conference meets on the 20th and 21st November when the attitude of Bengal towards the Congress will be finally determined.

FRONTIER reports confirm the rumour that the Amir is contemplating a fresh despatch of consignments of arms, ammunition and other warlike stores to Herat and Turkistan and transports are being collected for the purpose. The Governor of Langman which province has been recently the scene of disturbances is organising a deputation of leading men to proceed to Kabul to present an address to the Amir.

THE REFORM SCHEME.

IMPORTANT OPINIONS.

Appeal for Fair Trial.

DATES OF BOMBAY ELECTIONS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, NOVEMBER 15.

Mr. Ameer Ali, interviewed by Reuter, said it was impossible to give an unreserved opinion of the reforms until the publication of the full text. "As regards the representation of Mahomedan landowners, the scheme leaves out of the question Madras and Western Bengal and it also omits to consider the contingency of the non-election, in certain circumstances, of Mahomedan landowners in Sind or the Punjab. These features give rise to misgiving." While he was not enthusiastic, he concluded that the provisions, nevertheless represented a distinct advance on the Government's first proposals.

Mr. Ameer Ali went on: "As the Act, more or less ensures nine Mahomedans, I hope that Mahomedans will give it a fair and not an unsympathetic trial."

THE AGA KHAN APPROVES.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 16.

The Aga Khan telegraphs to the *Times* as follows :—"I consider the new regulations fulfil the pledges made to Moslems and are far in advance of the earlier proposals. I strongly recommend them to the loyal acceptance of my Moslem fellow-subjects, and trust that all Indian parties will work in a spirit of mutual good-will to make the new rights which have been granted a success."

LATER.

All newspapers have articles on Indian Reforms, generally of a benedictory character, wishing them success and paying tributes to Lord Minto and Lord Morley.

INDIAN PRESS OPINION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, NOVEMBER 16.

Commenting on the Council Reforms the "Leader" says the two features of the scheme as it has been promulgated will naturally and necessarily evoke indignant protest from the community. Power is reserved to the Governor-General to pronounce any man disqualified whom he may regard as unworthy of sitting in the Councils. It is indefensible to deprive a man of his liberty without giving him an opportunity of vindicating his innocence. It is utterly subversive of every right principle of conduct to pronounce a bar on him, it may be for the rest of his life on the strength of such act. Why should Mahomedan graduates of five years standing be entitled to vote in election of a member of Council while non-Muslman graduates are not permitted the same right. On what ground can a distinction which is so irritating be justified. Far worse it is to have accorded to the Trustees of the Aligarh College as such, the right to take part in the election of a Mahomedan for the Imperial and Provincial Councils. Why should not the Central Hindu College or the D. A. V. College in the Punjab be accorded the same right? If Government had taken the public into their confidence in the months that intervened between the passing of the Act and the promulgation of the Regulations yesterday, those most concerned would have been able to state their views, at least some of which might have proved acceptable to Government.

ALLAHABAD, NOVEMBER 16.

The "Pioneer" says "on a birds' eye view the Reform Scheme gives everywhere more than was promised and the scheme has grown in liberality under the finishing process. The public will congratulate all concerned from the Viceroy downwards on the results. As regards the United Provinces Mahomedans secure representation larger than the actual numerical strength in population and all reasonable members of that community will probably regard this as a generous recognition of their status in the Province. The elections in the United Provinces Council will commence in December and should be completed before Christmas. The Council will meet on the 4th or 5th of January and elect the provincial representatives to the Viceregal Council. Six members for the Finance Committee will also be selected at this sitting.

LUCKNOW, NOVEMBER 16.

While welcoming the Reform Scheme notification the "Indian Daily Telegraph," an Anglo-Mahomedan daily, says the broad-mindedness that made rules for Mahomedan representation for the Imperial Council is wanting in rules for the same purpose in the Provincial Councils and hopes separate electorates to Moslems will be granted when the Decentralisation Commission's recommendations are taken into consideration.

LAHORE, NOVEMBER 16.

The Indian papers in the Punjab are not so enthusiastic in their comments on the Councils Act Regulations, while not oblivious of the many merits thereof. They deplore the small modicum of elective rights conferred on the Punjab and special concessions to Mahomedans of the Punjab for representation in the Viceroy's Council without provision for safeguarding the interests of the Hindu and Sikh minorities.

VOTERS' ROLL FOR MADRAS.

MADRAS, NOVEMBER 16.

Notifications of Madras Government promulgating the regulations relating to nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor-General from this Presidency are published; also regulations relating to nomination and election of Additional Members to the Local Legislative Council. Elections of additional non-official members to the Imperial Council are fixed to take place on 4th January next at the Council Chamber, Fort St. George, whereas elections by various bodies in the Presidency and City are directed to be held on various dates before 25th December. Rules for the conduct of elections by new electoral bodies such as Zamindars, other landholders and Mahomedans are issued as schedules to the Madras Notification.

The electoral roll of landholders in the Presidency qualified to vote for candidates to be returned to the Imperial Legislative Council consists of 100 voters who are scattered through the various districts of the Presidency. The largest number of voters come from the Vizagapatam District and number 15. Next in order come from the Krishna District with 14, Ganjam with 12, Tanjore 11, Trichinopoly 10, Godavery and Malabar 7 each, North Arcot 6, Madura 5, Nellore 4, Tinnevelly 3, Salem 2, Chingleput, Coimbatore, Madras and South Canara 1 each.

The electoral roll of the Zemiadari voters to the local Council is divided into two groups, North and South, the former comprising 98 votes and the latter 118. Kistna has the largest number being 27, and Salem with 29 heads the Southern group. There are 158 landholding electors other than Zemindars in the Northern group of which Vizagapatam District contributes the largest number, 30, and no fewer than 334 in the Southern group, Tanjore with 155 heading the list of districts and Malabar second with 63.

The electoral roll of Mahomedans for the Imperial Council numbers 389, of which by far the largest majority viz, 144 come from the Madras District, Kistna District, has 33 voters, Tanjore 30, Malabar 28, Chingleput 20, Salem 20, etc. For the local Legislative Council, the Northern group contains 403 electors, Madras being again easily first with 163, while the Southern group contains 596 electors which Malabar contributes 123 and Tanjore 144.

ELECTION DATES IN BOMBAY.

A "Bombay Government Gazette Extraordinary" calls upon the several electorates to elect Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor of Bombay, within the times hereunder specified.

1. MUNICIPAL CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF BOMBAY.

Schedule I.

Rule 3.—Special meeting and election :—November 20.

2. UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY.

Schedule II.

Rule 3.—Despatch of nomination papers to Electors :—November 16.

Rule 5.—Scrutiny of nomination papers :—November 30, 3 to 6 p.m., at the Sir Cawasji Jehangier Hall, University of Bombay.

Rule 6.—Despatch of voting papers to Electors:—December 3.

Rule 7.—Attendance of electors to vote before Returning Officer (where preferred) :—December 13, 3 to 6 p.m., at the place aforesaid.

Rule 10.—Counting of votes :—December 15, 11 a.m., at the place aforesaid.

Rule 6.—The names and addresses of nominated candidates shall be published by the Returning Officer in two or more local newspapers and by notice at the University, and by notice to the Secretary to the Legislative Council.

3. SARDARS OF THE DECCAN.

Schedule III.

Rule 1.—The Attesting Officers shall be :—Collectors, Sub-divisional Officers. Political Officers not lower in rank than Assistant Political Agent or Deputy Assistant Political Agent Mamlatdars.

Rule 3.—Despatch of nomination papers to Electors :—November 16.

Rule 5.—Scrutiny of nomination papers :—December 1, 11 a.m., at the office of the Agent to the Sardars at Poona.

Rule 7.—Despatch of voting papers to Electors:—December 3.

Rule 7.—Attendance of electors to vote before Attesting Officer:—December 13, 11 a. m., at the office of the Attesting Officer.

Rule 10—Counting of votes:—December 17-11 a.m. at the office of the Agent to the Sardars, Poona.

Rule 6.—The names of nominated candidates shall be published by the Returning Officer in two or more newspapers circulating in the Deccan and by notice at the office of the Agent to the Sardars.

4 SARDARS OF GUJARAT.

Schedule IV.

Rule 1.—Attesting Officers shall be :—Collectors, Sub-divisional Officers, Mamlatdars.

Rule 3.—Despatch of nomination papers:—November 16.

Rule 5.—Scrutiny of nomination papers:—December 1, 11 a.m., at the office of the Commissioner N. D., Ahmedabad.

Rule 7.—Despatch of voting papers to electors:—December 3.

Rules 7.—Attendance of electors to vote before Attesting Officer:—December 13, 11 a.m., at the office of the Attesting Officer.

Rule 10.—Counting of votes:—December 17, 11 a.m., at the office of the Commissioner, N. D., at Ahmedabad.

Rule 6.—The names of nominated candidates shall be published by the Returning Officer in two or more newspapers circulating in Gujerat and by notice at the office of the Commissioner, N. D.

5.—JAGHIRDARS AND ZAMINDARS OF SIND.

Schedule V.

Rule 3.—Publication of Electoral Roll :—November 16.

Rule 5.—Despatch of nomination papers :—November 16.

Rule 7.—Scrutiny of nomination papers :—December 1, 11 a.m., at the office of the Commissioner in Sind, Karachi.

Rule 9.—Attendance of electors for voting at the head-quarters of the District in which the elector resides : December 10, 11 a.m.

Rule 12.—Counting of votes :—December 17, 11 a. m., at the office of Commissioner in Sind, Karachi.

Rule 8.—The names of nominated candidates shall be published by the Returning Officer in one or more newspapers circulating in Sind and by notice at each place named in the electoral roll for voting.

6 and 7.—MUNICIPALITIES AND DISTRICT LOCAL BOARDS.

Schedule VI.

Rule 4.—Meeting for selection of delegates :—(a) in the case of Municipalities—November 23, 11 a.m. (b) in the case of District Local Boards—November 25, 11 a. m.

Rule. 8.—Scrutiny of nomination papers :—December 1, 11 a.m., at the following places :—I.—For Municipalities and District Local Boards, S.D., Office of the Commissioner, S. D., Belgaum. II.—For Municipalities and District Local Boards, N D., Office of the Commissioner, N. D., Ahmedabad. III.—For Municipalities and District Local Boards, C. D., Office of the Commissioner, C. D., Poona. IV.—For Municipalities and District Local Boards, Sind Division, Office of the Commissioner in Sind, Karachi.

Rule 10.—Despatch of voting papers to delegates :—December 3.

Rule 11.—Voting and Attestation of voting papers :—December 10.

Rule 13.—Counting of votes :—December 15, 11 a.m., at the places appointed for scrutiny of nomination papers.

Rule 9.—The names of nominated candidates shall be published by the returning officer by notice at the office of each Municipality and District Local Board in the division.

8.—MAHOMEDAN COMMUNITY.

Schedule VII.

Rule 1.—The returning officers shall be the following :—I.—For the Southern Division, Northern Division and Central Division—The Commissioner, S. D., N. D. and C. D., respectively. II.—For the City of Bombay—The Collector of Bombay.

Rule 1.—The Attesting Officers shall be :—I.—For the Southern Division, Northern Division and Central Division—Collectors, Sub-divisional Officers and Mamlatdars. II.—For the City of Bombay—The Collector of Bombay. The Presidency Magistrates.

Rule 4.—Publication of Electoral Roll :—November 16.

Rule 7.—Attestation of nomination papers by Attesting Officer :—November 29, 11 a.m., at the office of the Attesting Officer.

Rule 9.—Scrutiny of nomination papers :—December 3, 11 a.m., at the office of the Returning Officer for the Division.

Rule 11.—Attendance of electors for voting at the head-quarters of the Taluka in which the elector resides :—December 10, 11 a. m.

Rule 14.—Counting of votes :—December 17, 11 a.m., at the places appointed for the scrutiny of nomination papers.

Rule 10.—The names of nominated candidates shall be published by the Returning Officer in two or more newspapers circulating in the Presidency and by notice at each place named in the Electoral Roll for voting.

9.—INDIAN COMMERCIAL COMMUNITY.

Schedule VIII.

Rule 3.—Special general meeting to select delegates :—November 30.

Rule 4.—Report to Returning Officer of names and addresses to delegates :—December 3.

Rule 7.—Scrutiny of nomination papers :—December 7, 11 a.m., at the Council Hall, Secretariat, Bombay.

Rule 9.—Despatch of voting papers to delegates:—December 8.

Rule 11.—Counting of votes :—December 13, 11 a.m., at the Council Hall, Secretariat, Bombay.

Rule 4.—The names and addresses of the delegates selected shall be published by the chairman of the body making the selection in two or more local newspapers and by notice at the office of the body concerned.

Rule 8.—The names of nominated candidates shall be published by the returning officers in two or more local newspapers and by notice at the office of the body concerned.

10 and 11.—BOMBAY AND KARACHI CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

Schedule IX.

Rule 3.—Election of members :—November 30.

12.—MILLOWNERS' ASSOCIATION OF BOMBAY.

Schedule X.

Rule 3.—Election of members :—November 30.

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL'S COUNCIL.

THE notification continues:—Election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor General of India (Bombay Presidency), 1909. Whereas under section 3 of the Indian Councils Act, 1909 (9 Edw. VII, Ch. IV), the Governor General in Council has appointed the 15th day of November 1909 for the coming into operation of the said Act; and whereas certain Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor-General have been duly made by the Governor-General in Council under section 6 of the said Act; and whereas in accordance with No. XVIII of the said Regulations the Governor General has been pleased to call upon the several electorates to elect Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor General in accordance with the said Regulations, before the 7th day of January 1910; now therefore the Governor of Bombay in Council is pleased to appoint the following dates and to issue the following directions for the purposes of Schedules Nos. I. V, XI and XVI, appended to the said Regulations.

Schedule I, rule 1.—(1) The Returning Officer for the purpose of the elections by the Non-Official Additional Members and by the Muhammadan Non-Official Additional Members of the Council of the Governor of Bombay shall be the Secretary to the Legislative Council.

Schedule I, rule 3.—(2) The election of two Members by the Non-Official Members of the said Council shall be held at 11 a.m. on the 4th day of January 1910 at the Council Hall, Secretariat, Bombay.

Schedule XI, rule 1.—(3) The election of one Member by the Muhammadan Non-Official Members of the said Council shall be held immediately after the last mentioned election at the same place.

(4) The dates for the several steps in the procedure for the election of a member of the Legislative Council of the Governor-General by the Jaghirdars and Zamindars of Sind shall be as follows :—Despatch of nomination papers :—November 26, scrutiny of nomination papers at the office of the Commissioner in Sind, Karachi :—December 11, 11 a.m. attendance of electors for voting at the head-quarters of the district in which the elector resides :—December 20, 11 a.m. counting of votes at the office of the Commissioner in Sind :—January 8, 11 a.m.

The names of nominated candidates shall be published by the Returning Officer in one or more newspapers circulating in Sind and by notice at each place named in the Electoral Roll for voting.

(5) The election of a Member of the Legislative Council of the Governor-General by the Bombay Chamber of Commerce shall be held on or before the 15th day of December.

RECENT STORM IN THE WEST INDIES.

Great Damage in Jamaica.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

LONDON, NOVEMBER 16.

Communication with Jamaica has been restored and repairs are proceeding briskly.

The damage to Government property will be easily covered by available funds. The banana spring crop is practically uninjured. The loss on the present crop is forty per cent. of the whole.

INDIAN MIDLAND RAILWAY.

Government Proposal Negatived.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 16.

A meeting of the Indian Midland Railway has rejected by a large majority the Government proposals for modifying the existing contracts.

COTTON SPINNERS' ASSOCIATION.

Secretary Found Shot Dead.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 16.

Mr. Frank Whitworth, Secretary for Fine Cotton Spinners Association, has been found shot dead in a hotel in London.

CHINA-JAPAN AGREEMENT.

American Interests not Affected.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 16.

Advices from Washington state that the Government announces that official assurance has been received that the terms of the agreement between China and Japan do not create mining monopoly along the South Manchurian and Antung-Mukden Railways, nor do they exclude Americans from mining.

THE NAVY QUESTION IN CANADA.

Sir W. Laurier's Patriotic Speech.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 16.

Ottown telegrams state that speaking in the House of Commons, Sir W. Laurier denounced the inconsistency of the Opposition with regard to the Navy and especially the Conservative Leader Monk who forgot his duty as a British subject when he talked of European quarrels.

The interest of Canada and the Motherland were identical and it was the duty of Canadians to defend the British flag.

LYNCHING IN AMERICA.

First Successful Prosecution.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 16.

The United States Supreme Court has sentenced to imprisonment the Sheriff of Tennessee and the gaoler for not preventing the lynching of a negro. Four persons concerned in the lynching have also been imprisoned. This is the first time that a prosecution of this kind has been successful.

DEATH OF AN M. P.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 16.

The death is announced of Sir Frederick Dixon-Hartland, M.P., for Uxbridge.

[Sir Frederick Dixon-Hartland Bart, sat in Parliament as a Conservative member for Evesham from 1880-85, and for the Uxbridge Division, Middlesex, since 1885. He was a J. P. for the counties of Gloucester, London, Middlesex, Sussex and Worcester. He was Chairman of the Thames Conservancy, 1895-04; Governor of Christ's Hospital; Middlesex County Alderman and Chairman of the Finance Committee; Director of the London City and Midland Bank. He was born in 1833; was the eldest son of Nathaniel Hartland of the Orklands, and Eliza, daughter and co-heiress of Thomas Dixon of King's Lynn. He was educated at Cheltenham College and Clapham Grammar School. Among his publications are "Geneological and Chronological Chart of the Royal families of Europe," and the "Chronological Dictionary of the Royal families of Europe." He was created a Baronet in 1892. He leaves no heir, but has three daughters.

IMPERIAL PAGEANTS IN LONDON.

Use for the Crystal Palace Grounds.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, NOVEMBER 15.

The whole of the Crystal Palace Grounds have been taken over for the whole summer of 1910 by the organisers of the Festival of the Empire. This will include representations of the life and industries of the Empire and a series of pageants and social gatherings of the subjects of all parts, with a view to increasing mutual understanding and welding the bonds of the Empire.

The oversea patrons include the Earl and Countess of Minto, the Earl and Countess Grey, Earl and Countess of Dudley, Lord and Lady Plunket, the Earl and Countess of Selborne and other Colonial Governors.

THE PERSIAN PARLIAMENT.

Opening by the Shah.

COMMENT ON FOREIGN TROOPS.

LONDON, NOVEMBER. 16.

Advices from Teheran states that the Parliament was opened by the Shah yesterday. The Sipahdar read the speech from the Throne, which dwelt on the excellent relations with the Powers. It added that the only unsatisfactory feature was the presence of foreign troops in Persia, and hoped that their withdrawal would be speedily secured.

RECLAIMING MESOPOTAMIA.

Sir W. Willcocks' Scheme.

ENORMOUS PROFITS ANTICIPATED.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 16.

Sir William Willcocks lectured before the Royal Geographical Society last night on Mesopotamia. He prophesied, that as the result of the projected improvements in irrigation and communication, Babylonia would again compare for wealth with its ancient rival Egypt. The works proposed would give facilities for an annual production of a million tons of wheat, two million hundredweight of cotton and millions of sheep and cattle. The railway would be constructed from Damascus to Bagdad at a cost of £2,200,000.

THE KING OF PORTUGAL IN ENGLAND.

Reception by the King.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 15.

King Manuel arrived at Portsmouth to-day. He was received by the Prince of Wales and afterwards proceeded to Windsor, where he was welcomed by King Edward and other members of the Royal Family.

PORTSMOUTH ELECTION.

Lord Charles Beresford to Stand.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 15.

Lord Charles Beresford will stand for the Portsmouth constituency instead of for Marylebone. Mr. Falle, the Conservative candidate, previously selected is retiring.

THE AUSTRALIAN STRIKES.

Extraordinary Attitude.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 15.

Sydney telegrams states that the conference of miners and other unions, has passed a unanimous resolution to use every legitimate means in its power to arrange an open conference with the mineowners, failing which the Unions will call on the Government to work the mines in the interests of the community.

LORD KITCHENER IN JAPAN.

Audience With the Mikado.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 15.

A Tokio telegram states that the Emperor to-day received Lord Kitchener in audience and entertained him at luncheon.

MILITARY PRISONERS IN INDIA.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 15.

At the request of the Indian Government, Lieutenant-Colonel Haynes, Commandant of the Detention Barracks at Aldershot, will visit India to report on the military prisons system of India.

ANARCHY IN ARGENTINA.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 15.

Martial law has been proclaimed at Buenos Aires.

ANOTHER BOMB EXPLOSION.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 16.

A bomb exploded at Canea near Chamber. The damage done was slight. It is believed the object of the bomb was to prevent the meeting of the Assembly to select the Government.

THE WORLD OF SPORT.

ATHLETICS.

(FROM OUR SPORTING CORRESPONDENT).

LONDON, OCTOBER 29.

THE manner field athletics are neglected in England, has frequently been pointed out in these notes, consequently it is pleasing to be able to state that the Amateur Athletic Association has taken somewhat belated action to improve matters. The sum of £60 has been voted towards prizes for field events, and what is much better still, the Association intends to provide a complete set of appliances shots, hammers, discus, hurdles, etc. for the Northern, Midland and Southern District Associations, and which will be loaned free of charge to clubs promoting field events. This is a start and when we have an All-Round Championship and the writer's idea of an Athletes' Advisory Club we shall be fairly on the road to efficiency in field athletics.

PROFESSIONAL RUNNING.

The 120 yards match for £200 between A. B. Postle of Australia, and C. E. Holway of America, created considerable interest in the North of England. Postle's reputation, and many big performances in England, caused him to rule favourite, though many sporting Yorkshiremen supported Holway. The Springfield Park trotting track was the venue, and considering the rain, it afforded very fair going, while the wind being behind the runners, made the prospects of a fast race look good. Postle was the fastest into his running, but though he led by nearly a yard at the 100 yards mark, the American just got up on the post, and won by a foot, thanks to his better finishing ability. The time was a little better than 11 4-5 secs., which is nothing out of the common. Here it may be stated, that the fastest bit of sprinting on record, is 131 1-2 yards in 12 2-5 secs. by H Hutchens of Putney at Sheffield in February of 1882.

CRICKET.

The unfortunate disagreement between J. N. Crawford and the Surrey C. C. Committee, has led to the player named being lost to England, he having accepted a mastership at St Peter's College, Adelaide. Thus the want of consideration by the Surrey officials has caused the county to lose two splendid players in Rushby and Crawford. Crawford is one of the finest all-round players we have had in recent years, and his performance of taking 100 wickets and scoring 1,000 runs, while still in his teens (seasons 1906 and 1907) has never been accomplished by another player.

FOOTBALL.

Matches between teams representiog our big cities are growing in favour, and the London vs. Birmingham match at Fulham on Monday, attracted over 12,000 people. The visitors were selected from Aston Villa, West Bromwich Albion and the Birmingham Clubs, but the London team was made up of men from seven different clubs, consequently it was not surprising that the Birmingham combination showed more polish, finally winning by 3 goals to 1.

IRISHMEN IMPROVING.

The Inter-League match between Scotland and Ireland at Glasgow, early in the week, served to show that the Irishmen are improving, for though they were finally beaten (2—0) they showed to much better advantage than in the recent match against the English League. The match under notice, was the fourteenth in the series, of which Scotland has won 11 and Ireland 3.

SHEFFIELD UNITED BEATEN.

After fulfilling 9 League engagements without being beaten, it was hardly expected that Sheffield United would lose an unbeaten record at home. This is what happened on Saturday, however, when Manchester United downed the Sheffield men by a goal to nil. It was a very rough game, the only goal being from a penalty, while J. Turnbull was ordered off the field for kicking a Manchester player.

As Blackburn Rovers prevailed (3—1) at Middlesboro' and Liverpool beat (3—1) Sheffield Wednesday at Anfield, these two clubs are now joint leaders, with 14 points for 9 matches, while Sheffield United have earnt a like number in 10 engagements.

IN SCOTLAND.

The position occupied by Celtic in the Scottish League table, is a big testimony to the ability of the veteran players in the team. A record of 17 points for 11 games is a fine one, while the goal average of 26 for and 10 against, speaks for itself. Looking further down, one notes the position of Greenock Morton, which headed the list, with an unbeaten record, a short time ago, but four reverses in rapid succession, have spoilt the record.

RUGBY FOOTBALL.

The Coventry and District Union (Juniors), which has taken over the fixtures of the suspended Coventry Club, created a surprise in Rugby circles on Saturday by well beating the powerful London Welsh team, which shows that there is plenty of budding talent about.

The opening matches of Oxford and Cambridge Universities attracted considerable attention, the former beating Old Merchant Taylors while the Cantabs defeated Old Leysians, both victories being easily gained. Games of quite another character were seen on Wednesday, however, when Cambridge met Guys Hospital and Oxford tried conclusions with London Hospital. So equally matched were the rivals, that nothing was scored in either fixture.

Newport continue to win matches and it looks as though the team will give Swansea and Cardiff a hard fight for Welsh club championship honours this season.

THE TURF.

It is announced that no less a sum than £50,000 has been offered by the Austrian Government for Bayardo, but which Mr. Fairie declined. Such enterprise on the parts of the Austrians ought to stimulate our legislators to take steps to provide war horses, but of course nothing of a patriotic nature can be expected from the present "legislators." The sum offered for the St Leger winner is a record one, and quite eclipses the £37,500 which Mons. E. Blanc gave for Flying Fox. Both the horses named have great records, though it does not always follow that the best horses fetch the biggest figures. One recalls that Spearmint was purchased as a yearling for 300 guineas, and but for a breakdown, he would surely have added to his reputation after winning the Derby and Grand Prix.

A LOTTERY.

What a lottery horse-breeding is, was further illustrated by the easy win of Christmas Daisy in the Cambridgeshire. His sire, Vitez, stands at the modest fee of £20, while the dam, Daisy, was purchased for 15 guineas. As Daisy throws Eromon, the Grand National winner of 1907, as her first foal, she proved a wonderful bargain. As to the win of Christmas Daisy, the Irish-bred gelding must have improved wonderfully lately, for he established a six lengths lead in the first furlong and retaining it to the end, won very easily from Mustapha and Sir Martin. The last named ran a great horse, and considering his weight, acquitted himself very well in the heavy going, which naturally did not suit the top division. While touching on the Cambridgeshire, it may be added that Land League was found injured in his box, and from the nature of the cut in his chest, the wound was apparently caused maliciously.

CLASSIC WINNERS.

Bayardo had the easiest of journeys in the Limekiln Stakes, while Minoru did not have much opposition in the Free Handicap. Admiral Hawke was also seen to advantage in the Criterion Stakes and the Moulton Stakes, though had Maid of Corinth got off properly in the former, the daughter of Sceptre might have won. The win of Lemberg in the Dewhurst Plate emphasized what a fine colt the son of Cyllene is, and for Mr. Fairie's flier beat his only rival Whisk Broom by five lengths and we know the American is no outsider. Lemberg has won his recent races in splendid fashion, and his next race with Neil Gow will create a lot of interest.

BOXING.

One of the greatest blots on modern boxing is the amount of holding, or clinching as it is often termed. This, however, would soon end if all our officials took the same firm stand as the referees at the Navy and Army Championships this week. Only one caution was given, a second offence being punished by disqualification. The result was satisfactory, for after the first day, the improvement was most marked. How service boxing is going ahead, may be judged by the number of entries for this year's championships, the eight events having attracted 237 entries, while three days were required to bring them to a conclusion.

The final bouts resulted in all the titles in the officers' events changing hands, while just the opposite was seen in the mens' championships. The Heavy-weight for officers produced a surprise, Lieut. A. M. Reed, 7th Harian Lancers I.A., beating Lieut. J. M. Ellison the holder. The other winners were: Feather-weight: Capt. R. C. Williams (R.F.A.) Light-weight: Capt. R. V. Cowey, (R.A.M.C.) Middle-weight: Second-Lieutenant R.H.O, Misra. (2nd Somerset L.I.) Mens' Championships: Feathers: Corpl. Darley (R.W. Kent) Light-weight: Corpls. A. Baker, (R.W. Kent) Heavy-weight: Gunner Hewitt (R.M.A.) The Middle-weight was declared void, owing to the rivals holding and hugging, when told to break away.

IN GENERAL.

In spite of a splendid performance by H. W. Stevenson on the final day of his heat against T. Reece (took 5,000) in the Burroughes and Watts Tournament, the scratch man was finally beaten by 1,258 points. Stevenson averaged 49·80 for the whole match and made breaks of 457, 453, and 442, besides five of over 300. Reece averaged 38·82 and in addition to his record break of 645, made three others of over 300.

H. Jones met with an accident at Newmarket on Wednesday through Beachcomber breaking through the tapes when at the post for the Maiden Two Year Old Race. The King's jockey was dragged from the saddle and kicked in the stomach, though, fortunately his injuries are not considered serious.

C. E. Collier took the honour at the Auto-Cycle meeting at Canning Town on Saturday, for besides covering the mile from a flying start in 64 1-2 secs, he rode 50 miles 858 yards in the hour.

Some remarkable flying feats have been seen at Doncaster recently, and Delagrange of France was very much to the fore, for he covered 1 mile 860 yards, on a circular track, in 1 min 47 1/5 secs, or just under 50 miles an hour.

Jeff Thorne of England and W. Lewis of America, had a fine struggle in their ten rounds boxing contest at Paris on Saturday, the American just gaining the decision on points.

THE NEW NOVELTY THEATRE.

"Lord and Lady Algy."

THE New Novelty Theatre, on the design of which Mr. Payne is most cordially to be congratulated, was thrown open to the public for the first time last evening under the most auspicious occasion. To-night the second performance of "Lord and Lady Algy" will be played before the Viceroy, but last night was equally notable since there was the opening ceremony to be performed by Lady Muir-Mackenzie. The ceremony was a very short one but worthy of the house. Mr. Billimoria briefly asked Lady Muir-Mackenzie to declare the house open and this she did in a charming little speech in which she said :—

"It gives me much pleasure to open the new Novelty Theatre. Dramatic art has always seemed to me of very special interest. Appealing as it does so readily to the human heart, it has the power of playing an important part in our future evolution. It is a good augury for the success of this theatre that the first play acted here should be for charity and for such a particularly worthy object as the Dufferin Fund. This fund not only brings succour to the sick, but does a fine work in raising the women (both doctors and nurses) who work for the cause, to a high place in the regard, and esteem, of their Indian compatriots. I thank Mr. Billimoria in the name of the Fund for his generosity. I hope for his sake, and for the sake of the charity, this charming theatre will be well filled. I will end by hoping that no play given here will fall below the standard set by "Lord and Lady Algy." I am sure at the end of the performance you will agree with me in thinking that the Poona and Bombay A. D. Company have given us a really delightful and an extremely well acted play. I have great pleasure in declaring the theatre to be open."

As for the play itself—from the bachelor's point of view there is only one thing to be said, that it is a pity there are so few wives like Lady Algy. She may, to use her own words, have had her own little fling and she may have kicked a bit, but she never got over the traces and for the matter of that it is quite conceivable that there should be a little temporary incompatability of temper, for it is nothing short of sheer brutality to expect a smoker of Turkish cigarettes to smoke Egyptian or "vice versa." Of the whole cast of players we might say a very great deal, but a little will be enough to tell those who were at the theatre last night what they already know and those who are going to-night what they soon will know. If there was one fault which needs mention, it was that the dialogue was not always distinct, but since that is a fault which has been found with the players at every first performance in a new theatre it may be more or less disregarded since there will, we are sure, be no such adverse criticism to make to-night. The two chief parts, of course, are those of the title, and a better pair of sportsmen than Mr. Davis and Mrs. Hulsebarg made it would be hard to find. There are plenty of little subtleties in each part which make or mar the play—and they made it. Of the other players, but a few may be mentioned in this account. We are inclined to give pride of place of "the others" to Mr. Lindsay as Swepson, Lord Algy's Man, but Sullivan gave an exceptionally clever pourtrayal of the Marquis of Quarmby, the would-be eloper with an eye to the Noncomformist vote in his constituency and when given the opportunity—which came late—Mrs. McGill did more than well as Mrs. Brabayen Tudway. Mr. Fanshawe as the aggrieved husband with suspicions which were happily dispelled had a somewhat stereotyped part, but he got the best out of it, and Mr Warden made an excellent hyptoeritical old Duke whose part we decline to consider. Altogether the play and the acting were excellent and now that the players have got the "pitch" of the theatre the performance will lack nothing, especially if the play is taken a little more briskly. The Governor's band played during the evening and it must be confessed would benefit by being a little less energetic.

THE EX-VICE-PRESIDENT OF AMERICA.

On Tour in India.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, NOVEMBER 16.

Mr. Charles W. Fairbanks, Vice-President of the United States under President Roosevelt, who is on a pleasure trip round the world arrived in Colombo on Thursday last from the Straits. He left Ceylon last night and reached Tuticorin this morning en route to Madras. He will make a lengthy stay in India before proceeding on his tour.

BAD RUPEES IN KARACHI.

Complaint against the Post Office.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, NOVEMBER 16.

Complaints are rife in commercial offices here regarding the frequent tender of bad rupee coinage by the Post Office in payments of money orders etc. It is alleged the Post Office receives such from the Bank of Bombay and in turn endeavours to pass the same upon the public.

THE BURRAH DACOITY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

DACCA, NOVEMBER 16.

The case of Sasi Sarkar now on bail, who was alleged to be the ringleader of the Burrah dacoity and who now stands charged under section 19 of the Arms Act, has again been adjourned under singular circumstances. The defence prayed for transferring the case to the Sessions for trial but the Magistrate heard the arguments from the pleaders of both sides and fixed 15th November to pass the order as to whether the charges should be framed, but yesterday the Magistrate went through the Police diary and thought some additional witnesses should be examined. Sommons were consequently issued against them.

THE VICEROY'S TOUR.

Visit to Baroda.

THE GAEKWAR ON EDUCATION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BARODA, NOVEMBER 16.

Lord Minto drove out early this morning to see a cheetah hunt which unfortunately proved unsuccessful. At 11-30 the Gaekwar paid a visit to His Excellency and at 1 o'clock the Viceroy, escorted by the Inniskilling Dragoons and "E" Battery, Royal Horse Artillery, paid a return visit. The route was lined with troops. The smartness of appearance and splendid fitness of the Carabeg Regiment and the Horse Battery excited general and evident admiration. The scene in the handsome Durbar Hall of the Lakami Vilas Palace was brilliant, and in the back the two State dancing girls executed some of the Southern India dances.

After the usual ceremonies, the Viceroy drove through the city where dense and respectful crowds were assembled to greet him and witness the procession. In the afternoon Lady Minto visited the girls' school, a purdha institution, and from there proceeded to a Fancy Bazaar held in the Law Courts in aid of a Home for Distressed Women. Her Highness the Maharani received Her Excellency. After an address had been presented by the Gaekwar's daughter, Lady Minto declared the Bazaar open and replied in the following words :—

LADY MINTO'S SPEECH.

"Your Highness Shimati Raj Kumari and ladies,—I am much thanked by the kind welcome you have given me to-day and I am deeply interested in all you have told me in connection with this Fancy Bazar. It is a sincere pleasure to me to be present at the inauguration of this movement which you tell me is an innovation in this part of the country. I am glad to have this opportunity of expressing the deep sympathy I feel for the poor and needy who, I rejoice to think, will benefit so greatly by the Industrial Home which is shortly to be erected. I hope the fact that its doors will be open to all, regardless of caste or creed, will do much to bind together a large section of the community by the hand of human sympathy. The personal interest that Her Highness the Marhani has already shown in this scheme is sufficient to ensure its success and especially with the able support of the Committee, whom I am glad to have this opportunity of congratulating on the success of their labours. I must again tell Your Highness what a satisfaction it is to me that my visit to Baroda has enabled me to take this small share in this philanthropic movement. I have now much pleasure in declaring this Bazar open, and I heartily wish it all possible success."

After Her Excellency had gone round the Bazar and made several purchases, she witnessed some interesting tableaux.

THE STATE BANQUET.

The State Banquet took place at 8-15. The Viceroy and Lady Minto drove through the city, which had been gaily decorated and illuminated for the occasion. Over a hundred guests were assembled to enjoy His Highness' hospitality. The Durbar Hall had been transformed and in the centre were fountains and blocks of ice lit up with changing lights. After the banquet, during which the band and Indian musicians played alternately, the Gaekwar proposed His Majesty's health in a speech of fervent loyalty to the Throne. His Highness then proposed the healths of Lord and Lady Minto in the following words :—

"Your Excellencies, ladies and gentlemen,—I have great pleasure in proposing the health of His Majesty the King-Emperor. Nearly nine years ago His Majesty ascended the throne of the greatest empire the world has known and his unceasing and beneficent labours during this period in the interests of peace and friendliness among nations have borne rich fruits which are appreciated and felt all over the civilised world. The people of India gave him a loyal and cordial reception when as Prince of Wales he visited these shores over thirty years ago, and it was my proud privilege to welcome him in this State and in this city on that auspicious occasion. His Majesty's Indian subjects rejoice to know they have always a place in His Majesty's thoughts. May he live long and may his reign be as glorious as that of his august mother. I ask you now to drink the health of His Majesty King Edward VII, Emperor of India.

"Ladies and gentlemen I rise now to propose the health of my illustrious guest His Excellency the Viceroy. Two of His Excellency's predecessors, Lord Dufferin and Lord Elgin, favoured us with their visits within my time, and as on those occasions I rejoice once more in according a cordial welcome to the august representative of the King-Emperor. Years have lapsed since the visits of the preceding Viceroys, many changes have taken place within those years, but the friendly relations of my State with the

of Reform which your Excellency initiated and which His Majesty's Government have accepted. These Reforms will open out to the people of India a larger field of activity and inspire them with a greater sense of responsibility in the performance of their civic duties, and future generations will recognise in these statesmanlike measures a forward step in the progress and the advancement of the country under the English rule. Within limited scope I have attempted to follow the same liberal policy of inviting the co-operation of my subjects in the work of administration and spreading education amongst them. We have passed through some sad and anxious years of drought and famine, but the present year's monsoon has been favourable and I hope it marks the beginning of a cycle of prosperity. Measures have been adopted to encourage industries, to withdraw restrictions on trade, to help the agricultural population and to introduce some form of self-government in villages and towns. I am glad to think that my State enjoys profound peace and that my subjects are quiet and contented and engaged in the peaceful avocations of their daily life. That they may steadily advance in prosperity, in education and in self-help are the foremost objects of my administration. Education, after all, is the most efficacious means of natural progress. As one who has for many years been in intimate touch with the people, I may venture to remark that the education imparted in this country is not exactly of the right kind. Its effect is superficial, it does not sufficiently penetrate society. True education consists not merely in the acquisition of knowledge, but in the development of the reasoning powers and in the formation of character. It should train up men to a full sense of the responsibility of their duties as men and as citizens, it should not be confined to one class, but should reach the masses. The attainment of these objects in my opinton can best be helped forward by the adoption of a sound system of primary and secondary education for girls as well as boys, which will influence the people at the most impressionable period of their lives.

WIDER SCOPE NECESSARY.

"It seems to me that a wider spread of education is all the more necessary, now that it is proposed to enlist the co-operation of large classes in the management of their own affairs, and to widen the basis of representations. I know fully well the difficulties with which education is beset, difficulties which many are liable to ignore in the haste to achieve in a day those results which are attainable only by the patient and selfless work of generations. I would have my people learn that progress to be real must have its roots in themselves, that they must look to the orderly conduct of their lives, that it is probity, fair-mindedness, public spirit and loyalty to the State which make a good citizen, and that he who can subordinate his private interest to the common weal is he who is fitted for a voice in the affairs of State. The truly educated will regard the personal liberty they enjoy as the most precious blessing of civilization, and their duties to the State as essential to their corporate existence. Those on the other hand, who confound liberty with license and seek to undermine authority, must be repressed with a firm hand and not allowed to endanger the public tranquillity or general progress. These, my Lord, are my ideals of education and self-help. In all my endeavours to achieve progress and to make my subjects worthy citizens, I know that I can rely on your Excellency's support. I cordially acknowledge the ready assistance which my administration receives from your Excellency's Government, and as cordially I assure your Excellency of my readiness to respond within my power to any call for co-operation with the Government of India.

"I desire, in conclusion, to express on behalf of the Maharani and of myself, the gratification that we feel at Lady Minto's visit to our capital, and I wish once more to offer to her Ladyship and to your Excellency our heartiest welcome. Our welcome, My Lord, is fraught with the most heartfelt gratitude that Providence has saved your Excellency from the dastardly attempt at outrage of which the news has just reached us. I voice, My Lord, the feelings not only of myself and of my people but also of the whole of India in expressing so far as words can express, our profound horror tha such a crime could ever be thought of, much less attempted against one who is not only the representative of His Majesty, but also the truest friend and benefactor of our country. I now ask you all to join in drinking the health of their Excellencies with feelings of high esteem for them and of deep loyalty to the Throne."

THE VICEROY'S REPLY.

The Viceroy then replied:—"Your Highness, ladies and gentlemen,—Your Highness has reminded me that since the days of Lord Dufferin and Lord Elgin, no Viceroy has visited Baroda as your guest, and I am glad that it has devolved upon me as the representative of the King-Emperor to renew the acceptance of your friendly hospitality. You have often kindly pressed it upon me, but public engagements have ruthlessly stood in the way and I rejoice that the visit I have so often vainly looked forward to has at last become a reality. I have listened with deep interest to the eloquent words in which you have assured me of the friendly relations of your State with the British Government, and have asserted the unshaken loyalty of your House to the Throne. I know that your Highness fully recognises the great extent to which the future peace and prosperity of the Indian Empire must depend upon a true appreciation of the unity of interest of its component parts and their mutual co-operation for the common good. I trust that future years will very fully justify the words of welcome with which your Highness has greeted those measures of Reform which have been announced to-day, and which have been so long under the consideration of the Government of India and His Majesty's Government, and I earnestly hope they may assist to further a closer understanding between the people of this country and its rulers. We have made a great step forward in our political machinery; we must not be too impatient for evidence of its results. It cannot at first be perfect, we shall have much to learn from experience of its working and not only that, we must remember that the political progress of India, I mean the progress that entitles a larger number of the population to take a share in the political life of the country, must be very slow. The success of that progress will depend upon the education we place at the disposal of the people, and I agree with that, I believe to be your Highness' view, that the education hitherto imparted has neglected the moral and religious training which are the foundation of character. The want of that foundation has already been the cause of many evils and is full of future danger against which we are bound to provide. I am well aware of the labour your Highness has devoted to the study of educational and social questions in your State. In other matters, too, you have done much for administrative efficiency. The creation of your Legislative Council and your bold attempt to separate the exercise of judicial and executive functions has, I can assure your Highness, elicited the warm interest of the Government of India and I must, at the same time, wish you every success in the results of the abolition by your Durbar of all internal Customs duties.

"Your Highness has alluded to the unfortunate occurrence at Ahmedabad of Saturday, and has told me that the cordiality of our welcome has been accentuated by the general rejoicing that we had escaped safely from a grave danger. It is always pleasant to receive the sympathy of one's friends, and I cordially thank your Highness for the kindness of your expression towards Lady Minto and myself. I have so often expressed my opinion as to the nature of these dastardly outrages, that I need scarcely repeat what I have said on many occasions. But I shall always refuse to admit that these anarchical crimes should be allowed to blacken the character of a whole people. They emanate from men with whom the great mass of the population have no sympathy, but at the same time their deeds are a slur upon the people of India, and I trust that they will assist the Government of India to eradicate from their midst the seeds of the poison that have been scattered amongst them. I can assure your Highness it has been a great gratification to me to renew our acquaintance in the capital of this important principality, whose friendly relations with the British Government have existed for over a century, and to recognise on all sides the many evidences of your administrative energy and capacity and, your Highness, Lady Minto and I will carry away with us many recollections, not only of the magnificence of your hospitality, but of the cordiality of the welcome extended to us by your Highness and the Maharani."

In reply, the Gaekwar made an impromptu speech, paying a personal tribute to Lord Minto and thanking him for the kindness which His Excellency had extended towards him and recalling the fact that the late Lord Minto had been the first nobleman in England to offer him hospitality.

A fine display of fireworks ended a most successful evening.

DEPARTURE FOR BOMBAY.

BARODA, NOVEMBER 16.

In the morning the Viceroy inspected the State troops accompanied by the Gaekwar, and then proceeded to a gathering of several thousand school children where songs were recited and various exercises were performed, Lady Minto was also present.

In the afternoon Lord Minto visited the Fancy Fair and made some purchases, the State Jewel-house was then visited, and the famous Baroda jewels were greatly admired. The concluding event of the day was sports in the arena. Large crowds had collected to see them and they were well rewarded for the trouble of coming. The extraordinary skill and intelligence of the performing parrots elicited loud applause. One drove a small motor-car; another a fire gun; another shot with a bow; one rode a tricycle and they seemed thoroughly to enjoy the performance. Wrestling and acrobatic feats, ram fights, bull fights and elephant fights succeeded one another. Elephant baiting ended an afternoon and gave pleasure to thousands. After dining quietly with their Highnesses, Lord and Lady Minto and their party left for Bombay.

BANGALORE NOVEMBER, 16.

The Ahmedabad Bomb incident is deeply deplored. In the Mysore Province elaborate Police arrangements have been ordered. Inspectors of long service and unblemished character are drafted from different taluks for special duty. All suspicious arrivals, if any, are closely watched, the Dewan personally supervising the arrangements, motored to the Gersoppa Falls and also to the Gold Fields. The Karapur Camp is supervised by Mr. Bowring.

VICEROY'S VISIT TO BOMBAY.

Military Arrangements.

His Excellency the Right Honourable Lord Minto P.C., G.M.S.I., G.C.M.G., G.M.I.E., Viceroy and Governor-General, accompanied by Her Excellency the Countess of Minto, is expected to arrive at the Victoria Terminus of the G. I. P. Railway in Bombay at 8-30 a.m., to-day, and will be received on arrival with all honours due to the Viceroy of India. On His Excellency alighting from the train a salute of thirty-one guns will be fired from the Saluting Battery.

The 1st Battalion, Gloucestershire Regiment, will furnish a Guard of Honour of 100 rank and file, with band and colour, under the Command of a Captain and two Subalterns to parade at Victoria Terminus at 8 a.m.

The Officer Commanding, 1st G. I. P. Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps, will also furnish a Guard of Honour at the Victoria Terminus. The Officer Commanding the 116th Maharattas will furnish a Guard of Honour of 100 rank and file with band and colour, undes the command of a British Officer to parade at Government House, Malabar Point, at 8-30 a.m. The Officer Commanding the Bombay Light Horse will furnish an escort to be at the Victoria Terminus by 8 a.m. to accompany His Excellency the Viceroy to Government House, Malabar Point. The Royal Garrison Artillery, 1st Battalion, Gloucestershire Regiment, the Bombay Volunteer Artillery, the Bombay Volunteer Rifles, 1st Battalion, B. B. and C. I. Volunteers and the 116th Maharattas will line the route from the Victoria Terminus to Pydhonie in the order stated at these yards' interval.

Dress:—Review order summer clothing.

BRITISH MEDICAL ASSOCIATION.

Proposed Branch at Bangalore.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, NOVEMBER 16.

A meeting of medical men was held at the Volunteer Institute in pursuance of the suggestion recently made in Bangalore that a Branch of the British Medical Association be formed in Bangalore. There were present Major Standage, I.M.S., (who took the chair), Major Fleming, I.M.S., Miss Brown, M.D., Drs. Nanjappa, Armooga Moodelliar, Mylyanam (Secretary') Winckler, Deeks, Cove, Kenyon, Kelly, Pani, David and a few others. The Chairman announced that he had received responses to his circular letter from numerous medical gentlemen in the province expressing their approval of the formation of a local branch to the British Medical Association. It was decided the Secretary would write to the British Medical Association and ask for its sanction to form the local branch at Bangalore to be called the Bangalore-Mysore Branch of the British Medical Association.

BURMA KHEDDAH CASE.

Appeal to Full Bench Sought.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, NOVEMBER, 16.

Application has been made for a copy of the Judge's charge to the jury in the case of J. Briscoe Birch, late Acting Superintendent of Kheddahs, convicted yesterday, of criminal breach of trust in respect of a Government Elephant, for the purpose of obtaining Government Advocate's certificate for appeal to a Bench of the Chief Court on the ground of alleged mis-direction to the jury.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

HIGH COURT.

ALLEGED DEFAMATION OF MR. GOKHALE.

Claim Against the "Hindu Punch."

CASE AGAINST THE SECOND DEFENDANT WITHDRAWN.

Before Mr. Justice Macleod.

THE HON'BLE MR. G. K. GOKHALE VS. KRISHNAJI KASHINATH FADKE AND ANOTHER.

For the Plaintiff:—The Hon'ble Mr. C. H. Setalwad and Mr. M. R. Jayakar, instructed by Messrs. Dikshit, Dhanjishaw and Soondardass.

For the second Defendant:—Mr. E. B. Raikes and Mr. G. G. Nadkarni, instructed by Messrs. Khandekar, Laud and Mehta.

The first defendant:—In Person.

His Lordship yesterday resumed the hearing in the suit filed by the plaintiff to recover Rs. 10,000 by way of damages from the defendants for libel.

On the case being called on, His Lordship asked Mr. Raikes to assist the first defendant in raising the issues.

Mr. Raikes, as "amicus curiæ," raised the following issues on behalf of the first defendant: (1) Whether this Court has jurisdiction to entertain this suit. (2) Whether the plaint discloses any cause of action against the first defendant. (3) Whether, if the plaint discloses any cause of action, the suit is not bad for misjoinder of causes of action and of defendants. (4) Whether the articles referred in para. seven of the written statement of the first defendant refer to the plaintiff as alleged in the plaint. (5) Whether any of the articles complained of by the plaintiff is a libel. (6) Whether the said articles or any of them are "prima facie" libellous and are or are not privileged.

Mr. Setalwad: There is no defence of privilege raised in the written statement.

Mr. Raikes: I raise this issue on instructions from the first defendant.

The other issues raised by Mr. Raikes were—(7) Whether the articles, in so far as they amounted to allegations of fact, are true in substance of fact. (8) Is the plaintiff lowered in the estimation of the public. (9) Has the plaintiff suffered any pecuniary loss? and (10) are the allegations so serious as to affect the character of the plaintiff?

Mr. Raikes, having gone to the other Court, Mr. Nadkarni raised the following issues on behalf of the second defendant. (1) Whether the second defendant was the agent of the first defendant for the propose of publishing and circulating the said paper in Bombay as alleged in the plaint. (2) If the preceding issue be found in favour of the plaintiff whether the second defendant had not in the ordinary course of business as news vendors, ordered out copies of the said paper complained of and sold the same without knowing or having grounds for supposing that the same contained defamatory matter; and (3) what relief is the plaintiff entitled to against the second defendant.

Mr. Setalwad then opened his case. He said that on the question of publication his evidence would be short and conclusive. The next question for the Court to consider was whether the articles were defamatory and he submitted that mere reading of these articles would establish without doubt that they were highly defamatory of the plaintiff.

CASE AGAINST THE SECOND DEFENDANT WITHDRAWN.

As for the second defendant, he said, his client had no desire to be vindictive and he was happy to say that the second defendant was willing to express his regret and dis-associate himself from the statements and on his tendering an apology here, the case against him would be withdrawn.

Narayan Naran Ketkar, the sole partner in the firm of the "Hind Agency," was then examined by the Court. He said that the following written apology was correct:—"The plaintiff accepts the assurance of the second defendant that he was unaware of the nature of the said articles when he distributed copies of the issues containing them. The second defendant entirely disassociates himself from the allegations made against and the sentiments expressed about the plaintiff in the articles complained of in the suit and he expresses his sorrow at having unwittingly become the means of disseminating the said articles." In his case, no order as to costs was made.

Mr. Phadke wanted to put a few questions to the witness but the request was over-ruled on the objection of Mr. Setalwad, who said that if the defendant chose, he might call him as his witness.

Mr. Setalwad then continued his opening address. He said that the article in the issue of the 5th of August was an allegation of fact, viz, that Mr. Gokhale, while in England, had persuaded the Secretary of State to launch the Tilak prosecution. The article in the issue of the 12th of August was again an assertion of fact that Mr. Gokhale had played the part of Iago in bringing forward the Tilak prosecution and that the "Iago" referred to in the article of the 5th August was Mr. Gokhale, could be inferred from this article. Continuing the learned counsel said that the article, in the issue of the 26th August, headed "They say that the Hon'ble Parrot has fallen," had a reference to a certain article in the "Bande Matram" of Calcutta, which had also put forward the same charge.

In the article of the 16th September, headed "another rascality," Mr. Gokhale was lowered in the estimation of the public. In another article the Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale was called "a back-biter," "a vicious dog", "one who deserves thrashing," etc. Those were the articles, Mr. Setalwad said, on which the action was brought. He had also got some articles translated for the purpose of showing malice. What was more serious was that even after the filing of the suit, the defendant had been writing more furiously against the plaintiff, so much so that he would be grossly guilty of "contempt of Court." That, Mr. Setalwad said, would be greatly material in assessing the damages.

The Judge:—When was the suit filed?

Mr. Setalwad:—On the 18th March, 1909

Continuing Mr. Setalwad said, subsequent to the suit, other articles of a more aggravating character had been published and he had selected about half a dozen of them. In order to show malice, he would refer to articles of the 4th November, 23rd December, 1908, and 13th January, 1909. In the article of the 4th November, the plaintiff was called a "wicked thing," and "a man to be kept out of the country!" In the article of the 23rd December, there was a passage that the plaintiff need to go to the Government House to backbite others. In the article of the 13th January, the idea attributed to Mr. Gokhale was that if Mr. Tilak was removed he would gain his object. Further on Mr. Gokhale was made to realise that he had done something wrong and that he was shown to be penitent.

Coming to the articles, written subsequent to the filing of the suit, Mr. Setalwad said that the article of the 23rd June, 1909, headed 'The Hon'ble's Earthen Pot" had a reference to this suit and also to a speech made by Mr. Gokhale on the budget in the Legislative Council. Further on it was said in the same article that repression in the Bombay Presidency was due to the Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale. The learned counsel then read several other articles and submitted that malice would not go further than that.

Mr. Phadke:—How are these articles relevant, My Lord? They do not belong to the same transaction. As one plaintiff took a step further, I commented on that. He had delivered speeches in Poona, and the comments refer to those speeches. If the plaintiff delivers a lecture in Bombay saying that Tilak should be hanged, would I not be justified in self-defence to say that Mr. Gokhale should be hanged?

The Judge: Under what Section do you want to put in these articles?

Mr. Setalwad:—They would go in to show the animus of the defendant and for assessing damages.

In support of his contention Mr. Setalwad cited the case of Lejpat Rai vs. "Englishmen," reported in 36 Calcutta, 883.

The Judge:—There is no doubt, Mr. Phadke, that the articles are relevant.

Mr. Setalwad then put in certain cartoons, which he said, again showed the animus against the plaintiff.

Continuing, Mr. Setalwad said that His Lordship must have been convinced that the articles were per se defamatory. He submitted that they all referred to the plaintiff, who had been abused in a most wild manner. His Lordship, must have also noted, he said, that the articles contained allegation of fact. Therefore the onus, he submitted, would be on the defendant to prove those facts. He said that the defendant must conclusively prove those facts as he had put in a plea of fair comment. If he failed to prove the facts, then he would fail in his plea of fair comment Then again, he said, even in fair comment, one could not impute disgraceful conduct. In support of these contentions, Mr. Setalvad cited several cases from the King's Bench Division.

In concluding his opening address, Mr. Setalvad said that the defendant had taken up an absolutely defiant attitude and even after the filling of the suit had persisted in maligning the plaintiff. That circumstance would be material in assessing damages. He said that according to the defendant himself, the paper had a circulation of 9,000 copies. After briefly narrating the position, when the article was written, Mr. Setalvad called his evidence.

EVIDENCE OF PUBLICATION.

Mr. Erach Kooverji Lillaowalla, clerk to the Oriental Translator, examined by Mr. Setalvad, said that in his department he got various papers published in the Presidency. The department subscribed to all these papers. His department was one of the subscribers of the "Hindu Punch" and there was an entry to that effect in the records. They got the paper by post from Thana.

Keshav Purshotam Mehendale, examined by Mr. Setalvad said that he was the manager of the "Bombay Vaibhav" paper, which was a Marathi daily published in Bombay. He knew the weekly paper the "Hindu Punch." He got a copy of that paper in exchange for the weekly edition. The copy was delivered to the witness by a servant of the Hind Agency up to July last and after that somebody else delivered it to him. He used to receive that paper till it was ordered to be confiscated. The arrangement of exchanging copies was made between the first defendant and the witness. It was at the witness' suggestion that the Hind Agency were appointed agents of that paper.

The witness was not cross-examined.

Mr. R. M. Masani, Librarian of the Native General Library, examined by Mr. Setalvad said that he got in his library the "Hindu Punch" of Thana. The library subscribed to that paper. It came by post. It was open to the members of the library.

Cross-examined, witness said that before the paper was confiscated, it used to come by post. It was never delivered by a man in Bombay.

EXAMINATION OF MR. GOKHALE.

Mr. Gokhale was then examined in chief by Mr. Setalvad. He said, he was a resident of Poona, and had been a member of the Supreme Legislative Council for eight years. He had been a member of the local Council also for some time. He had been a member of the National Congress. He was appointed President in 1905. He was Companion of the Indian Empire. It was not for him to say that he was considered a leader of western thought by the people. He thought he enjoyed the confidence of the educated public in this Presidency. He was a member of the Bombay Presidency Association. That body had submitted a memorial to the Government of India on the Reform Proposals. It was intended to be forwarded to the Secretary of State in the ordinary course. After that the Association resolved to send a delegate to England to support the views expressed in the memorial and he was appointed as the Delegate. He went to England in that capacity at the end of April 1908. He had seen the articles on which he had filed this suit. Some of the articles alleged that he (the witness) instigated Lord Morley to prosecute Mr. Tilak by lying reports. It was further suggested that he played the part of poisoning the ears of Lord Morley in removing Mr. Tilak. There was not a particle of truth in any of those allegations. He had no conversation whatever with Lord Morley about Mr. Tilak. He had left Bombay on the 26th April and landed on the 9th of May. Mr. Tilak was arrested about the 24th of June. Before that time he had absolutely no conversation with Lord Morley about Mr. Tilak. It was not true that he had any personal animus against Mr. Tilak. He had never been anxious to see Mr. Tilak removed from his path. He never represented before or after the conviction of Mr. Tilak to the Lord Morley that it was in the interests of the country to remove Mr. Tilak. Witness never supplied lying reports about any one to the authorities. There was no truth in the allegation that he was treacherous to the country in telling secrets to the authorities in session and out of session. He did not belong to the party of traitors who were destroyers of hopes. There was no truth in the allegation that he had acted as a sycophant. Witness had five interviews with Lord Morley in connection with the mission. In none of these interviews did he ever do anything of the sort alleged in the articles.

CROSS-EXAMINATION.

Mr. Phadke asked for time to cross-examine the witness as he was not ready.

His Lordship said that he must go on with the cross-examination.

Mr. Phadke then proceeded to cross-examine the witness in Marathi.

Cross-examined, witness said that there were two factions in Poona. These factions were of twenty to twenty-two years' standing. The late Mr. Justice Ranade was the leader of one of the parties.

Q.—When did you join the Deccan Education Society?

The Judge.—We have got nothing to do with that.

Continuing, witness said that there was no recognised position as leader. Some people call him the leader of the party of Mr. Justice Ranade. He was one of the workers of that side. Witness thought that Mr. Tilak was the leader of the other faction. The faction of Mr. Tilak was called the extremist party. Both the parties were national. Mr. Tilak's party is a section of what used to be the nationalist party. The other party was now called the moderate or progressive party. He was not prepared to say that extremists were coming in the way of the moderates.

His Lordship remarked that these questions were not relevant.

Mr. Phadke said that the two leaders first quarrelled in Poona and therefore one leader tried to pull down the other.

His Lordship.—That is not relevant to this case.

To further questions, witness replied that he was to be found in the institutions where Tilak was found. He had been a Secretary of the Poona Sarvajanik Sabha.

Q.—How did you come to lose the secretaryship? (laughter).

A.—I resigned.

Q.—Why did you resign?

His Lordship over-ruled the question.

Q.—Was the Congress held at Surat in 1908?

A.—Yes; but it was broken up.

Q.—Who broke it up?

A.—A number of Delegates.

Continuing, witness said that even at the present moment he would not say that Tilak alone broke it up. It would be to the credit of Tilak to a great extent in breaking up the Congress. The differences had grown more acute in political matters.

Q.—Had Tilak not been present there, would the Congress have been broken up?

His Lordship over-ruled question.

Q.—Is it true that Tilak is the leader of the masses?

His Lordship over-ruled the question, observing that that might be so but that had nothing to do with this case.

Q.—Did anything appear in other papers similar to the allegation made in my paper before it appeared in my paper?

His Lordship over-ruled this question.

Q.—When did you come to know of the allegations made in my paper?

A.—About the end of August when I was in Paris. I had letters about it from friends.

Q.—Did you not think it proper to contradict the statement?

A.—No, certainly not.

Continuing, witness said that had such a statement appeared in the "Times of India," he would have taken proceedings like these.

Witness was then shown the issue of the 5th of August. Witness said that he had read the articles before the institutions of the suit. He had seen a telegraphic summary of a speech made by the Governor in Council before the prosecution of Mr. Tilak. He did not remember to have read in that speech that the Governor said there was a conspiracy in Bombay Presidency. Even if it were a fact that His Excellency said so on the stress of public opinion, he (the witness) could not be connected with that public opinion. If the sentence referring to Iago was taken alone, Iago would not refer to him, but taken with the next issue, it would refer to him. If it had stood alone, it would not necessarily refer to him.

PLEA OF JUSTIFICATION WITHDRAWN.

In answer to, Court, Mr. Phadke said he withdrew the plea of justification.

Continuing witness said that he had read the dialogue before. In that the defendant had stated that it was the clear opinion of the defendant that he (the witness) had instigated Lord Morley to launch the Tilak prosecution. Even in the dialogue he was made to say that if Mr. Tilak was removed, the dialogue was not true.

Q.—Does it not follow from the dialogue that Lord Morley wanted to get out from your mouth the fact that Tilak was the leader of the masses?

His Lordship over-ruled the question as entirely irrelevant.

Q.—Did you not tell Lord Morley, similarly to what Iago told Othello, not to deport Mr. Tilak but to bring him to a Court of justice?

His Lordship over-ruled this question also and observed that the witness had already said that he had no conversation with Lord Morley regarding Mr. Tilak.

Witness was then asked to point out the passages from the article of the 26th August which were defamatory of him.

Witness pointed out the passage refering to the bomb outrage.

Q.—Was it not your duty as the leader to express some opinion in England, when you were there, in regard to bomb throwing?

His Lordship remarked that the question had nothing to do with the suit.

Q.—Is it not your silence that made me infer that you did not do your duty as the leader of the people to speak something regarding the causes that led to bomb outrage?

His Lordship said that the question was irrelevant.

The Court here rose for the day.

POLICE NEWS.

PRESIDENCY MAGISTRATES' COURTS.

ESPLANADE.

Before Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate.

THEFT AS A SERVANT.

Inspector Walshe charged Ramchandra Babu in the employ of Mr. Albert Edward Crompton, with the theft as a servant of one rupee belonging to his master. The complainant stated that as several thefts had taken place of his money, he marked five rupees and put them into his box on Monday. He then went to take his tiffin and on returning found that one rupee was missing. He questioned the servants but nobody would say who had taken the rupee. He then informed the Police who arrested the accused and recovered the marked rupee. The accused pleaded guilty. The complainant said that if His Worship would let the accused off with a flogging he would take him back into his service. The accused was ordered to receive four stripes.

THEFT OF CLOTH.

Inspector Carter charged Vajatali Chatru, a Mahomedan, with the theft of cloth valued at about Rs. 45. It appeared from the evidence that the accused was a servant in the employ of one Ramchand Suber, who has a cloth press in the Mulji Jetha Market. He was arrested on suspicion by a Police ramosi on Tuesday morning at Popat Wadi, while he was going with the bundle of cloth. The accused was taken to the complainant's press, when it was ascertained that a bale containing similar cloth had been cut open and a portion of its contents was missing. The accused pleaded guilty and prayed for mercy. As this was his first offence, the accused was sentenced to undergo seven days' rigorous imprisonment.

LYING-IN-HOSPITAL FOR THE POOR.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—In reply to my Circular letter and Pamphlet on "Infant Mortality in Bombay and How to Reduce it," asking for assistance to provide Lying-in-Hospital accommodation, I have received letters from many influential gentlemen offering financial and personal assistance.

A preliminary meeting will be held in the Municipal Corporation Hall on Friday, the 26th November, at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.), with a view to draw up a practical working scheme, when those interested in the movement are requested to attend.

The following gentlemen have signified their willingness to act on any Committee that may be formed:—Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy, Bart., Khan Bahadur M. C. Murzban, Mr. Jamsetji Ardeser Wadia, Mr. Cursetji N. Wadia, Mr. A. J. Bilimoria, Mr. D. E. Wacha, Dr. Jehangir J. Curselji, Dr. N. H. B. Sukhia, Dr. K. S. Engineer, Dr. N. N. Katrak, Dr. A. D. Mody, Dr. M. P. Kerrawala, Dr. F. B. Parakh, Dr. D. A. D'Monte, Dr. A. G. Viegas, Mr. J. A. D. McBain, Mr. J. S. Wardlaw Milne, the Hon'ble Mr. H. S. Dikshit, Rao Bahadur Vissanji Khimji, Rao Bahadur Ghanshyam Nilkanth Nadkarni, Mr. Tribhowandas Mangaldas, Mr. N. V. Mandlik, Mr. N. G. Welinkar, Mr. D. G. Padhye, Mr. Amirudin Tyabji, and Mr. Kazi Ismail Mahomed Porbundary.

My proposal is to build a hospital of 100 beds of ten wards for different castes in the mill area about De Lisle Road. I estimate the cost at Rs. 1,50,000 to build and equip, and Rs. 30,000 per annum to maintain. All the wards need not be erected at once. To the hospital can be attached an out-door dispensary for women and children and a teaching class for training nurses and midwives. A donation of one lakh of rupees would build and endow perpetually a ward of 10 or 12 beds which could accommodate about 200 women and children per annum—besides educating many midwives—thus relieving the suffering of many women. A donation of Rs. 8,000 will provide and maintain in perpetuity one bed, capable of assisting 20 women yearly with skilled attendance, nursing and food for mother and child. A subscription of Rs. 400 per annum guaranteed will do the same. A hundred Mills and Factories, each giving a donation of Rs. 8,000 will provide and maintain a hospital of about 100 beds, capable of assisting 2,000 women annually. Any one subscribing an amount equal to the cost of providing and maintaining one bed will become a governor of the Hospital. I would suggest the appointment of a Committee who will open a Subscription List and ask for donations or annual subscriptions to be invested in the name of the Trustees that may be appointed. The erection of the hospital can begin as soon as donations and subscriptions are guaranteed.—Yours, etc.,

J. A. TURNER.
Executive Health Officer, Bombay.

DR. T. M. NAIR will stand as candidate for election by non-official members of the Madras Legislative Council for a seat in the Governor-General's Council under the New Scheme.

ONE effect of the improvement in wages of labourers in the Madras Presidency—where for both field and other work wages are now higher—has been to put a restriction on the labour supply secured in the Presidency for the Ceylon plantations. The Ceylon Labour Commissioner, for instance, is reported to have been unable to obtain the average number of coolies this year for the Colony.

IT is said that an offer of £50,000 made to Mr. Fairie for Bayardo, has been refused.

MR. DE BASALDUA, a distinguished Oriental Scholar, has been appointed Consul of the Argentine Republic and has arrived in Calcutta. Though Mr. De Basaldun's visit is nominally associated with the duties of representating his mother country in India, it is the study of Sanskrit and the Brahmins that has in reality brought him to the East.

THE LADIES' CORNER.

HALLOWE'EN RITES IN MODERN GUISE.

All Hallows' Eve, with its mystic rites and ceremonies, its charm and romance, loses a little to-day in comparison with olden times. The days have, perhaps, passed for ever when credulous youth believed implicitly in fate's participation, when nuts fell off the grate, and detected the hand of destiny in the arrangement of tea leaves or visions in the glass. At the same time, there is more, however, than a lurking belief in the good and bad omens which are read into the apple peel, deciphered by the light of flickering turnip lanterns or gauged by the activity of each quarrelsome chestnut which topples off the shovel's edge or falls sizzling into the red-hot coals. It is by no means left to children to engage in Hallowe'en festivities, and as All Hallows' Eve falls this year on Sunday, a good many of the parties are to take place on Saturday night. A difference of a day has little effect on the fateful spirit once it is aroused, when tubs of water and red-cheeked apples are ready for schoolboy feats or for the drawing-room version of ducking, where two-pronged forks are used to impale the bobbing apples instead of the somewhat damping nursery and school-room methods.

AN AMERICAN RECRUIT.

In America a great deal of fervour is shown for anything in the nature of ancient traditions, and in the Hallowe'en fetes, which are a feature of youthful entertaining at this time of the year, the hostess takes special pains to search until she has unearthed many half-forgotten ceremonies out of the old Celtic folk-lore of the past. The rites are many and various, and although popping nuts may begin the evening's proceedings, there are other and more subtle ways of tapping the secrets of the future, and in many houses the lead charm is invariably tested. To work it, an old spoon or a piece of lead piping is held over a taper. The questioner slowly lets the melting lead drip into a bowl of clear water. As the lead congeals it takes various shapes, the reader—who should always be gifted with a strong imagination—expounding each destiny in turn, and foretelling a chequered life by the scattering of the lead, a prosperous one by the reverse, happiness by the sparseness and evenness of the lumps, while every girl tries her best to decipher initial letters in the shape of detached drops. There are, of course innumerable ways of asking the great question of the hour, and young girls are fond of trying their skill by what is called the "earth balls of fate." Three times as many strips of paper are prepared as there are girls present. On one of these the word "none" is inscribed, on the second "a stranger," and on the third "you have met before." These are rolled up into pellets, and each one is enclosed in a wad of damp garden mould and dropped all together into a bowl of clear water. As the balls sink the earth fitters to the bottom, whilst the paper pellets are anxiously watched in order to see which of them unrolls itself first and at the same time settles the answer to the marriage problem. Much the same idea is often merely carried out with strips of paper, the writing, being however, done in milk instead of ink, as this becomes invisible when dry. When held over the heat of a candle, however, it stands out clearly. A choice is offered of the three strips, and as these are to outward appearrance exactly alike, each questioner holds her destiny in her own hands, her choice determining the answer. American girls are also fond of the candle test, although there is no doubt that it is a somewhat risky amusement when light dresses are worn, and for this reason it is often relegated to the young men of the party, who are, after all, just as ready to probe the hidden secrets of the future. Six lights are lit and placed in a row on a distant table. The men of the party—blindfolded—all advance in turn towards the table. Six attempts to blow out the lights are allowed, and the man who manages to extinguish the whole of his half dozen candles is then assured his marriage will take place before All-Hallows' Day next year, while each unextinguished candle, on the contrary, denotes a year of waiting.

ROMANTIC RITES.

There is a good deal of romance in some of the quaint old rites. There is of course, the old-world, time-honoured cutting of the kail. With eyes tight shut, each girl sallied forth in turn to try her luck, feeling her way to the garden and cutting the first cabbage she could find. Once cut, a handglass was held up, and by the light of the moon the face of her intended husband was supposed to be plainly visible in the mirror behind her. This is, of course, a test and trial for the country alone, for fine weather for clear moonlit nights, and for courageous spirits; and an alternative, which is played to this day in America, is much simpler and more possible to carry out. Each girl, as she retires for the night, is given a couple of roses. Roses at the end of October are not at any time to be lightly regarded, but in this case the flowers must be presented by a friend in order that the magic influences may work. Once in her room, nothing must cause her to say a single word. Extinguishing her light so that the moonshine may encourage the working of the spell, she ruthlessly deprives one of the roses of its petals, asking the inevitable question, and repeating "Yes," "No," "Yes," "No" of ancient usage. As in the old daisy test of renown, the odd petal decides the question happily, and once this important point is settled the questioner proceeds to the second rose, and addresses to it the following rhyme, pulling off the leaves until the last petal determines the answer for better or for worse:—

One I love, two I love, three I love, I say,
Four I love with all my heart, five I turn away,
Six he sends his love a rose hoping it will reach her,
Seven, she will answer him, eight, make love her teacher,
Nine he comes, ten, he tarries,
Eleven he courts, twelve, he marries.

With a houseful of very young and enthusiastic guests a number of other rites of a similar description are worked which, if the same success does not follow them which used to attend the maidens in the past of legends are true, are a source of a good deal of amusement at a Hallowe'en party. One of these—which can hardly, however be easy to carry out in the average modern house—consists in descending the cellar-stairs backwards, holding a candle well above the head. When two steps from the bottom on this perilous journey, the questioner's future husband is supposed to appear at the head of the stairs, the smoke from the flaring candle probably supplying everything which the imagination has left out. Another method of trying to probe the secrets of the future, which probably had its origin in some out of the way part of the Highlands and has been brought up to date by American girls is that of retiring to bed on All Hallows, Even with a ripe rosy-cheeked apple. After putting out the light and approaching the window "on clair de lune," mirror in hand the girl solemnly takes as many bites of the apple as she has had birthdays; when without more preamble the face of her intended is supposed to be reflected in the glass in front of her.

GRATEFUL MOTHER
Tells how Doan's Backache
Kidney Pills saved her son's Life.

Mrs. B. Tier, of 102, Newland Road, Worthing, England, says:—"I don't know how to thank you enough, for your Doan's Backache Kidney Pills have actually saved the life of my son Arthur, aged 14.

"Arthur's illness started with a bad back. When he was out running with other boys, I noticed that he seemed in pain, for he held his hand to his back. When I questioned him he said there was a bad pain there.

"His eyes became dark and puffy, and his hands and feet began to swell. Before long he was unable to walk at all, and we had to take him out in a Bath chair.

"I called in the doctor, but all the 14 months he was attending him, Arthur grew worse and worse. His whole body swelled up with water, alarming me terribly, for I feared he could not live much longer.

"Shortly after he was taken into hospital, where he had every care and was attended by four doctors but no hope was held out that he would live.

"He is so altered now, since using Doan's Backache Kidney Pills, that his own nurse hardly knew him at first. He runs about and plays with the other boys, just as though he had never had a day's illness in his life! There is no sign whatever of the old kidney disease, and the watery swellings have completely gone. He is splendidly cured. What is more, he has kept well for the last eight months."

Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are sold by all medicine dealers and stores at Rs. 2 per bottle, or 6 for Rs. 10-8-0, or from Doan's Medicines, P.O. Box 20, Bombay.

FAMILY'S FEARFUL SKIN TORMENTS

Four Children Covered with Torturing Eczema—Mother Blind with Erysipelas, Sleepless and Nearly Mad with Worry—Hospital Seemed Their Last Resort when

CUTICURA CURED THEM ALL IN THREE WEEKS

"Cuticura Soap and Ointment have absolutely cured me of a serious attack of erysipelas and my four children of eczema in a bad form. The trouble began with my son Harry, aged ten

BY THE WAY.

SEEING THE INVISIBLE.

Scientists will be profoundly interested in the eport from Paris that by combining the ultra-icroscope and the cinematograph, photographs ave been obtained of microbes which have never et been seen even in the most powerful ordinary icroscope. "Living" pictures of these otherwise nvisible microbes have, it seems, been shown before he Academy of Science, in which they were seen ngaged in an attack on a globule of blood, which ey demolished in an instant." This invention ould be of the utmost importance in testing Pro-sor Metchnikoff's theory of the true nature of e white blood corpuscles.

THE CROWN COURT CHURCH.

An event of interest to many Scotsmen in London as the dedication of the new building, erected on e old site of the Crown Court Church, in the neigh-ourhood of Covent Garden faithful members of the hurch of Scotland have long worshipped, although e situation has many disadvantages. But loyalty the noble traditions of the past made them reluct-nt to move. So the old church was pulled down d a new one was opened with a service conducted y the Rev. Dr. James Robertson, of Whittingehame. our men who have been Prime Ministers have ntributed to the new church, thanks to the energy Lady Frances Balfour and other zealous workers. e late Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman was one the donors. Mr. Balfour laid the memorial-stone the new building, and has taken a personal inter-t in its erection.

THE OLD CHURCH.

The church, which has been demolished, had a at interesting past, being the oldest and one of the known of the Scottish churches in England. became most famous, however, under the pasto-e of the well-known Dr. John Cumming. It was 1832 that he was called to be minister there, and succeeded in making the place one of the most table of Metropolitan churches. Most of the ottish noble families resident in London used to end there, and no Scotsman's visit to the great was considered complete unless he had heard Cumming. The church has had a somewhat quered career since Cumming's days, but many ots in London have held ever by it, and have mly cherished its tradition. It is to be hoped a place hallowed by so many memories will take a new lease of life.

MR. BALFOUR'S APPEAL.

The new building is to cost £11,000, and of sum one-third remains to be raised. But that ht to be no very difficult matter. Mr. A. J. lfour in placing the "stone of remembrance" in new building last May, said this among other : "I cannot doubt but that the liberality of ish men will not be found to dried up, but ther they be inhabitants of London or of other ts of the Empire, or whether they still live with-their own borders, they will be anxious to come ward and bring to a successful completion the rk which has been so happily and successfully nmenced." There, no doubt, Mr. Balfour spake ly, and many Scots who care for the Church of ir Fathers will, we are sure, liberally respond.

THE VALUE OF THE ASEPTIC SYSTEM.

The aseptic system, it has been calculated, has ded one million working days each year to the rning power of the artisans of London. What, s the "Hospital," has this system done for the tisans of Birmingham, as represented by the duction in the number of days each patient is now ident in the Birmingham hospitals? At the ueen's Hospital the average residence of each in-ient, which used formerly to exceed thirty days, in 1903 to twenty-two days and in 1908 to under hteen days This represents a reduction by quite half of the period of residence which formerly revailed, and on this basis 2,660 in-patients and eir families and dependents benefited to the extent at least 31,000 days' earning power during these nvalescent patients could be earning the fruits of eir labour.

THE TAKING OF THE OATH.

he Oaths Bill, under which every witness will worn with uplifted hand, unless he voluntarily gs to being sworn in that fashion, has now d the House of Lords as well as the House of mons. One change in the Bill introduced in ouse of Lords is, the "Law Journal" thinks, regretted. As the Bill left the House of mons, the witness was required, after the ish fashion, to take the oath with uplifted As amended by the House of Lords, the provides that "the person taking the oath shall the New Testament in his uplifted hand." an sympathise with the desire to preserve the of the Bible in the ceremony, but the House rds has given effect to this desire by a com-ise that has neither utility nor historical iation to recommend it.

HE PRINCE OF WALES AS A SHOT.

e Prince of Wales is said to be one of the shots in the land, and this means a good deal the skill of such men as the present Marquis pon, Lord Walsingham, and Mr. R. Bimington on is remembered. Moreover, as Mr. R. C. points out in the "Country Home," in the e's case the distinction is the greater, inasmuch the Royal families of Europe he is alone—Edward excepted—as having any pretensions h-class shooting ability. Shooting, like golf ost other sports where extreme proficiency nts for much and is so rarely attained, must be n young. It was at a very tender age that the e was instructed in the use of the gun.

THIS YEAR'S SPORT.

oth with the grouse and deer the Prince has year done extremely well. In Wharfedale, he guest of the Duke of Devonshire, at the ncement of the season, and especially in nd at Talchan Lodge at Abergeldie Castle almoral in the Royal Forest, and with the of Richmond at Gordon Castle, some of the port that he has ever enjoyed has fallen to rince's lot. At Balmoral he achieved what is y a record—out of twenty-two stags the result week's stalk the Prince had thirteen with an ge of 14st to his own rifle, whilst his average he whole period of the Royal Forest's stalking extremely high one of 15st.

THE HEALTH OF ARMIES.

statistical comparison of the health of various nal armies, based on the relative percentage of issions to military hospitals, shows, according e "British Medical Journal," that in the United es the annual number of admissions is 1,250 per 0; in France, Germany, and Austria, over 600; ngland, only 324. Tabulation of the relative alence of various diseases shows that the in-nce of venereal disease is 178·72 per 1,000 in the ted States Army. 81·3 in the British and only n the German. The reason for this is alleged he greater personal freedom and the higher en to American and English soldiers. The ing is the order of frequency of tuberculosis armies: France, the United States, England, a, Germany, Austria. Cardiac disease is com-n in the British Army. The total peace death-in the United States Army is 6·14 per 1,000, f Great Britain and France about half as much.

PRINCE ITO.

ce Ito, who has been assassinated, once had a escape of his life in the adventurous days of uth. He and his friend Inouye incurred y by their advocacy of the Europeanising of , and their political opponents resolved upon assassination. Ito was tracked to the house dy to whom he was attached, but the lady hid securely that he could not be found saying had left her some hours before and that she be glad if the stranger would leave her also. parted and Ito managed to get on board a ound for England, concealed in a bale of silk. ained in that bale for thirty-six hours without od or drink. Then he introduced himself to per and proposed to work his passage to ol as a steward.

Grand Council of the Primrose League ared that the question of woman suffer-outside the scope of the League, but mbers must not oppose official Unionist tes, whatever the candidates views on stion may be.

BOOKS AND BOOKMEN.

A correspondent to the New York "Nation" a few weeks ago remarked that Sylvester in translating Du Bartas had expanded his description of the phœnix. Whether it is desirable that all descriptions of the phœnix should be identical is a matter of opinion. Perhaps some day some scholar will set himself to trace the successive stages in the growth of the conception of the phœnix from the time when the priests of Heliopolis so badly "drew the leg" of poor old Herodotus on the subject. In the meantime it may be interesting to touch upon certain of the points individualising the Arabian bird which have enriched with a series of images and metaphors every literature in Europe.

A UNIQUE BIRD.

One of those is the fact of its unique existence. It was this, indeed, which led Sir Thomas Browne shrewdly to suspect that the phœnix did not exist after all. Because, he argued, if only one existed at a time, how could it come into the Ark in a pair like the other birds? Moreover, the command to multiply was laid on the birds of the air as well as upon the beasts of the field, and had the phœnix done it? Nay, marry. To which one can only answer that although not without sympathy with Sir Thomas's scepticism in the matter, yet the idea of a unique bird, real or not, has served as a capital metaphor. To Maundeville it seemed an emblem of self-existence and symbolised God, while to this day anyone who is pre-eminent in respect of some favourable quality may be for that reason described as the phœnix of it. The bird itself was pre-eminent in respect of its beauty. No bird bearing such a name—the word means purple—could have commonplace plumage, and thus a family resemblance runs through the poets' various descriptions and all concur in an impression of extreme richness and splendour of colouring. Here is Sylvester's already alluded to:—

Two sparkling eyes; upon her crown a crest
Of starry sprigs more splendid than the rest;
A golden down about her dainty neck;
Her breast deep purple, and a scarlet back;
Her wings and train of feathers mixed fine,
Of Orient azure and incarnadine.

He [who] would be at the truth of the matter, however, had better collate with those lines passages in the first of Claudian's "Eidyllia," in the Scottish Solomon's obscure allegory "The Phœnix," and the descriptive paragraph in Maundeville's travels.

A FINE NEST.

Needless to say, a fowl of so fine a feather must needs have a fine nest to match, and the nest of the phœnix was fragrant. It was woven of aromatic plants, odorous twigs and spices and to the purchasers in the old markets cinnamon came commended by the story that the Arabs shot it out of the next by a discharge of leaden bolts. Thus metaporically used, it became as suitable a title for an anthology as the "pageants" and "processions" of our own day. Accordingly in 1593 there appeared a collection of some score or so pieces of graceful prose and verse under that name writ by sundry "noblemen, worthy knights, gallant gentlemen, masters of arts and brave scholars, full of varieties excellent invention and singular delight." It must be admitted, however that in "actuality the phœnix nest was also its pyre. In it took place that change which renders the phœnix equally suitable as a symbol of immortality and as the emblem of a fire insurance company. The new bird rose from the ashes of the old. So veracious a witness as Bartholomew Anglicanus cites an "actual occurrence." A bishop, Onyas, one Easter day was burning a sacrifice at Heliopolis on a pile of fragrant fuel, when a strange and beautiful bird appeared overhead and plunging into the flames was consumed. The ashes were carefully collected and in three days a worm developed which, in turn, became a chick and finally flew off, the new phœnix, into the wilderness.

A MOLIERE AUTOGRAPH.

A piece of luck has befallen one of the magistrates of Toulouse, a M. Piganiol, of a sort to put haunters of second-hand book shops upon reinspecting the volumes of their collections. Long ago he bought at Paris, at one of the bookstalls upon the quays, a book to which he attached little importance, a copy of the great traveller Bernier's "De Imperio Magni Mogolis." The other day while turning over the leaves he became aware that on the flyleaf there was inscribed the signature "J. B. Moliere," accompanied as the custom then was, with the price paid. Now as specimens of Moliere's handwriting are about as scarce as those of Shakspere's, and as there does not seem to be the least reason for doubting the authenticity of this autograph, M. Piganiol must be pronounced to be in happy case. It is most natural, as the writer of the literary notes in the current issue of "La Revue" points out, that the book of Bernier should have been in the possession of Moliere. Moliere, it is known, was a keen collector; he was interested especially in works dealing with Eastern life and customs; and he who had awakened that interest in him was no other than Bernier himself, with whom he was on terms of intimate friendship. For the author's sake, accordingly, as well as for the subject's sake, he would acquire the book.

POE'S "THE RAVEN."

A writer in an American periodical has been suggesting that the raven in Poe's poem of that name owes its existence there to the raven in "Barnaby Rudge." The suggestion savours of the obvious and must often have been made since the day when Lowell wrote "Here comes Poe with his raven, like Barnaby Rudge." The dates permit the suggested affiliation. "Barnaby Rudge" was published in 1841 and "The Raven" in 1845. Moreover Poe was thoroughly acquainted with Dickens's novel. It was an article of his in the "Saturday Evening Post" of Philadelphia in which he forecast the plot of the book and plucked out beforehand the very heart of the mystery, that led Dickens to say that the writer must have dealings with the Prince of Darkness. Further, in the article contributed to "Graham's Magazine" in 1842, it is clear that the raven had made a deep impression on Poe's imagination, not by what Dickens had made of it but by what he might have made. Here are his words: "The raven," he says, "intensely amusing as it is, might have been made, more than we now see it, a portion of the conception of the fantastic Barnaby. Its croakings might have been "prophetically" heard in the course of the drama. Its character might have performed, in regard to that of the idiot, much the same part as does, in music, the accompaniment in respect to the air." Now this is very much what the raven does in the poem. In the lover's ears its "Nevermore" is prophetical—"Prophet still if bird or devil,"—and its continual recurrence is like the accompaniment to the successive stanzas.

FEMININE CHARM.

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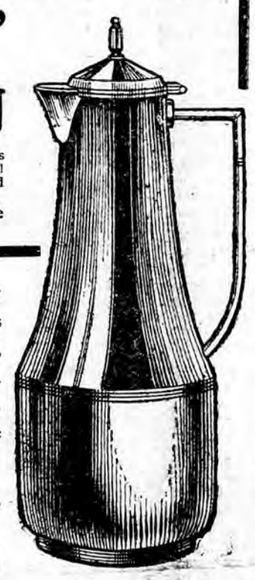

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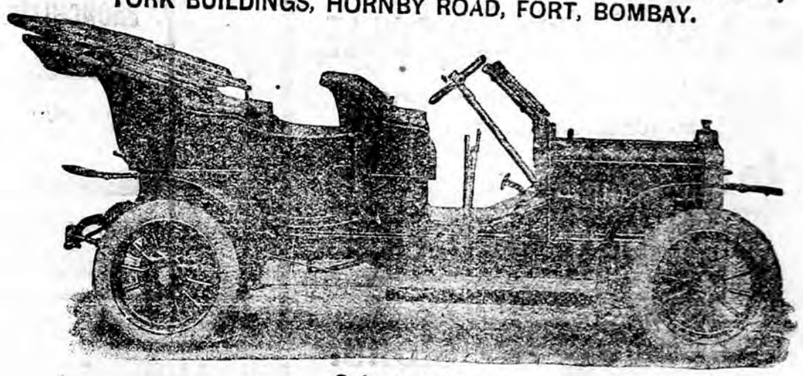

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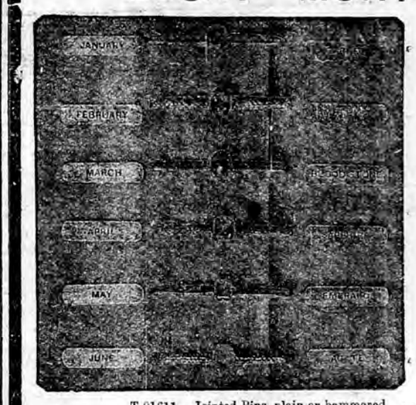

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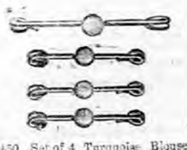

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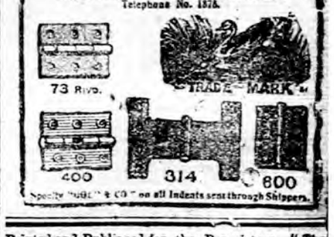

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THE
Bombay Gazette.
SUPPLEMENT.

BOMBAY WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 17.

THE RAJNAPUR DACOITY.

Full Details.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, NOVEMBER 16.

Full details of the Rajnapur dacoity have now been received and they confirm in the main the details which have already appeared in the press. Dacoits numbering thirty to forty attacked the house of Sudhanya Saha and effected an entrance by breaking open the door. They entered Sudhanya's room, pressed him for keys and got them. Sudhanya got one cut on his left hand. One iron safe was broken open, another was unlocked with a key. Twenty-six boxes in all were broken open. The dacoits put on masks and had cloth bags into which they put their booty which included a hundred rupee currency note, the number of which was duly communicated to the police, and cash and jewellery to the value of twenty thousand rupees. While going away at about eleven o'clock the dacoits set fire first to Sudhanya Saha's thatched out-house, then to the huts in the local bazar. The owner of the house in his statement said the dacoits might be the sons of respectable people and belong to the Dacca district and one had the peculiar accent of Bikrampur.

The police are searching houses in connection with the recent political dacoities in Bengal and East Bengal. A search was also carried out at Benares and several letters, papers and books belonging to Narendra Kumar Bose were seized. It will be remembered that a young Bengali named Narendra Kumar Basu halted at Jamalpur on his way to the Mymensing Conference and was charged by the Police with participation in the Jamalpur Hindu Moslem riots of two years ago. He was consequently bound down to keep the peace along with Indranath Nundy and Sudhir Kumar Ghose, the accused in the Alipur bomb case. Narendra Kumar Bose subsequently opened a shop in Benares and conducted it himself, while his brothers and other relations lived in Calcutta. Shortly after the assassination of Sub-Inspector Nandalal Banerjee in Calcutta his residence at 15-1 Mirzapur Street was searched by the Police and he was taken to the Benares Police Head Quarters and ordered to keep the police informed of his whereabouts a few days ago and nearly one hundred constables raided the village of Bagdanga and commenced a house to house search. It was understood that they were searching for the absconding accused Jotish Chandra Muzumdar. Every hut, in fact every nook and corner of village, was thoroughly explored and searched till about 11 a.m. None of the villagers were allowed to leave their houses during the search. Jotish, however, nothing could nowhere be found in the village and the police returned disappointed.

CO-OPERATIVE CREDIT IN BURMA.

New Bank Opened.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, NOVEMBER 16.

The Karin Co-operative Society here are opening a Bank to be called the "Karin Co-operative Agricultural Bank." The capital is twenty lakhs divided into eight thousand two hundred rupee shares and forty thousand ten rupee shares. Persons of any nationality are entitled to be holders provided they are approved of by the directors. This is the first Bank of its kind started in Burma.

THE NAGPUR EXHIBITION.

Curious Claim.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, NOVEMBER 16.

Before the Principal Munsiff, Bangalore, the suit filed by two cloth merchants Sonkapa and Bassappa of Bangalore City against Mr. J. T. Chamberlain, I.C.S., Deputy Commissioner, Nagpur, Secretary of the Central Provinces and Berar Exhibition Committee, for the recovery of Rs. 619 is heard. The allegations in the plaint are that the Exhibition was held at Nagpur last year and plaintiffs wrote and asked defendant if they might exhibit their goods, and on receiving a reply to the affirmative they sent certain goods to the Exhibition. After the Exhibition goods, to the value of Rs. 619 were retained by the defendant who refused either to send the goods or their value to the plaintiffs. Hence the suit. On the case coming on for hearing, Mr. B W. S Lawrence, Barrister-at-Law, on behalf of defendant, took two preliminry objections that the Court had no jurisdiction and that the suit as instituted was not maintainable. After hearing argument on both sides His Honour reserved orders.

FREEMASONRY AT KARACHI.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, NOVEMBER 16.

The laying of the foundation stone of the new Masonic Hall at Karachi could not take place as arranged owing to a fiasco regarding the site, the authorities of the Scotch Lodge having refused to accept the ground provided as inadequate. It is understood the Sind Club arranged some time previously to acquire the grounds of the present Masonic Hall for an extension of the residential Club accommodation agreeing to pay forty or fifty thousand rupees compensation and to provide a convenient site elsewhere for a new Lodge building. The former opponents of this alleged one-sided bargain then in a minority appear now to hold office and to have frustrated the deal by refusing the site offered as inadequate. The Scotch Lodge are owners of the property, the other three Lodges being merely tenants and the old Lodge site adjoining the Sind Club is said to be fully worth two lakhs of rupees.

THE EGMORE BENEFIT SOCIETY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, NOVEMBER 16.

Mr. J. C. Adam, Barrister-at-Law, yesterday filed an appeal on behalf of C. Chellapillay Naidu, late Interpreter of the High Court, and Secretary of the Egmore Benefit Society, against the judgment of the Chief Presidency Magistrate, convicting the appellant of criminal breach of trust by a servant and sentencing him to imprisonment till the rising of the Court and to pay a fine of Rs. 1,000. The accused was charged with dishonestly effecting the transfer of 30 shares standing in the name of one Gurumurthy Iyer, in connection with which transaction he is alleged to have converted to his own use a profit of Rs. 783-4-6 which, it is charged, should have gone into the coffers of the Society.

"I HAVE decided that the Salvation Army shall begin work in China, let the consequences be what they may," says General Booth.

APPRECIATION OF PLAGUE SERVICES.

Sixty-Eight Indians Honoured.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANGALORE, NOVEMBER 16.

The Hon'ble Mr. S. M. Fraser, the Resident yesterday morning, presented certificates to sixty-eight Indian gentlemen for the valuable services they had rendered during the past twelve months in encouraging an anti-plague inoculation campaign in the station.

MURDEROUS ATTACK ON A MILL MISTRI.

Assailant Escapes.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, NOVEMBER 16.

While driving home, the Head Mistri of the Weaving Department of the Cawnpore Cotton Mills was murderously attacked with a huge knife by a band of men. In dodging the blow aimed at his neck, one ear and half a cheek were cut away. The man is in hospital, the assailant escaping after dropping the knife.

ALLEGED ANTI-HINDU ARTICLES.

A Protest Meeting.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, NOVEMBER 16.

A meeting of Hindus was held at Dera Ismail Khan to protest against anti-Hindu articles of the "Afghan" and memorialising the local Government to prosecute the paper under Section 153A.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, NOVEMBER 16.

A Home correspondent writes to the *Civil and Military Gazette* that a Committee is shortly to assemble to inquire into the comforts of soldiers, especially into the conditions under which soldiers and their families are carried in military transports.

Revised orders have been issued for Volunteer Crops in possession of machine guns. It is notified in an Army Order that no demand for pistols can be complied with at present by the Ordnance Department and the requisition should therefore be held over until further orders.

KARACHI PORT TRUST.

Demurrage on Goods to be Charged

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, NOVEMBER 16.

The Karachi Port Trust is from this month charging demurrage on imported goods lying at the wharves, at a new scale of per cubic measurement in lieu of p package. It is estimated that Port Trust receipts under this head will now be doubled.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 08 July, 2017

SPORTING NEWS.

YACHT CLUB RACES.

THE following races will be sailed on Saturday, 20th instant.

A Class.—Start at 3-30 p.m. Course—Committee vessel to South Karanja Buoy leaving it to port, starting thence to Committee Vessel, thence to Mark Buoy to port, thence to Committee Vessel.—Distance 10·91 miles.

B Class.—Start at 3-50 p.m. Committee Vessel to South Karanja Buoy to port, thence to Tucker Beacon to starboard North Karanja Buoy to starboard, thence to Middle Ground Buoy to starboard, thence to Committee Vessel.—Distance 9·99 miles.

C Class.—Start at 3-40 p. m. Committee Vessel to Mark Buoy to port, thence to Middle Grand Buoy to port, thence Committee Vessel, thence Tucker Beacon to starboard and to Committee Vessel.—Distance 9-67 miles.

Ships Boats Race.—Start at 3-15 p.m. Committee Vessel to North Karanja Buoy to starboard, thence Committee vessel to starboard, thence Middle Ground Buoy to starboard, thence South Troopship Buoy to starboard and to Committee Vessel. Distance—6-34 miles.

Owners' attention is called to Rule No. 14 of I.Y.R.A. rules in which connection the Association have issued a special Notice, dated 13th May 1909, and are reminded that unless Declaration Forms are filled in and signed by the runner or his representative and delivered to the Honorary Secretary, Yacht Club, within 48 hours, it is left to the discretion of the Sailing Committee to withold any prize.

AGA KHAN HOCKEY TOURNAMENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, NOVEMBER 16.

The following nine teams have entered in the Aga Khan Hockey Tournament :—The 13th Brigade, R. F. A. Lincolns, Leicesters, Northamptons, Indian Infantry Officers, All Blacks, 13th Hussars, Poona Gymkhana, and 3rd Sappers and Miners. In the opening match between the Lincolns and the R. F. A. the former won by three goals to nil. In the second match between the Northamptons and the Indian Infantry Officers, the former won by nine goals to nil.

POONA REGATTA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, NOVEMBER 16.

At the annual scratch Regatta of the Connaught Boat Club on Thursday the 18th instant there will be an eight oared race between Poona and Kirkee, an open whiff race and ladies double sculls. The Regatta concludes with a dinner and dance.

CRICKET IN BOMBAY.

A match was played on the Hindu Gymkhana Ground on the 14th instant between Captain Gharpure's XI and Combined Crieketers, which resulted in draw. Scores :—

CAPT. GHARPURE'S XI.

Thakore, b Limboowala (Jr)	...	37
D Telan , b Pochkhanawala	...	11
Capt Gharpure, c and b Antia	...	18
Gunjikar, c and b Antia	...	29
Shivram, c Wadia, b Limboowala (Sr)	...	26
Daderkar, c Kirtikar, b Limboowala (Jr)		1
Talpade, b Antia	...	5
V Pai, b Pochkhanawala ...	...	2
B Desai, not out	...	18
Kantak. run out	...	4
Bhagwat, c Kirtikar, b Antia ...	...	11
Extras	...	12
Total	...	174

COMBINED CRICKETERS.

Wadia, b Talpade	...	5
Kirtikar, not out	...	31
Limboowala, c Kantak, b Shivram	...	15
Surveyor, b Shivram... ...	...	3
Mahmood, c Pai, b Shivram ...	...	11
Antia, c Telan , b Shivram ...	...	0
Pochkhanawala, c Bhagwat, b Desai	...	8
Postwala, b Daderkar ...	...	2
Limboowala (Jr), c Capt Gharpure, b Daderkar...	...	0
Mahmad Visram, not out ...	...	9
Faram, did not bat		
Extras	...	0
Total	...	84

Steady expansion continues in groundnut cultivation in the Madras Presidency owing to the increasing commercial importance of the crop. The latest statisics report the area for the agricultural year 1908-09 as 931,000 acres against a normal area of 503,000 acres.

"To make better provision for the widows and children of (metropolitan) constables who lose their lives in the execution of their duty" is the object of a Bill which has been circulated amongst members of Parliament.

NATIVE CHIEFS IN BOMBAY.

Visits to the Governor.

RAJA OF RUTLAM.

To meet His Excellency the Viceroy in Bombay a number of Native Chiefs have arrived in this city.

His Highneer the Raja of Rutlam arrived by the Ahmedabad mail yesterday morning and alighted at the Grant Road Station. The Raja was accompanied by Colonel Newmarch, Political Agent, the Minister of His Highness, Prince Narsingji, and the Raja's Private Secretary, the Thakore of Sanganda. There was also a retinue of 40 followers. His Highness was received by a Government deputation consisting of Mr. Hotson, Under-Secretary to Government, Captain Davies, A.-D.-C. to the Governor and Mr. Sayed Shamsudin Kadri, the Oriental Translator. On alighting from the train His Highness was garlanded by his Agent in Bombay and after inspecting the Guard of Honour, the Raja drove to his residence in Malabar Hill, with the members of the deputation in a Government House carriage.

NAWAB OF SACHIN.

His Highness the Nawab Saheb Bahadur of Sachin, accompanied by two Aide-de-Camps and a retinue of 35 armed followers, arrived yesterday morning by the early morning passenger train from Sachin. He was received at Grant Road by several prominent gentlemen and drove under escort to the house of Mr. M. A. Rogay at Chowpatty, where he will reside during his stay. His Highness is to rejoin H. E. the Governor's Personal Staff as A.-D.-C.

NAWAB OF JUNAGADH.

Another visit was from His Highness the Nawab of Junagadh, which took place at 11-30 in the morning. His Highness was escorted by an A. D C. and a detachment of His Excellency's Body Guard, his suite following in the rear escort. The Nawab arrived at Government House at 11-30, when a salute of fifteen guns was fired and the Guard of Honour presented arms. His Highness was, on alighting from the carriage, received by the Under-Secretary to Government, Political Department, who conductd His Highness to the Durbar Room. Here at the entrance, Mr. J. H. DuBoulay, Secretary to Government, Political Department, met His Highness and conducted him into His Excellency's presence. His Excellency advanced and received His Highness on the carpet. His Highness then took his seat immediately to the right of His Excellency, and immediately to the right of His Highness was seated his Political Officer, and near this officer was Mr. Baig, the Dewan of Junagadh, and the principal officers of His Highness. On the left of His Excellency was seated Mr. DuBoulay, Mr. Watson, Private Secretary to His Excellency the Governor, Captain Greig, Military Secretary, the Under-Secretary to the Governor, Syed Shamsuddin Syed Mian Kadri, Oriental Translator to Government, and members of His Excellency's Personal Staff. After taking his seat, His Highness rose and presented a "nazar" of 101 gold mohurs which were touched by His Excellency and remitted. After a short conversation His Highness' officers were presented to His Excellency by the Political Officer on duty and they offered "nazars" of one gold mohur, which were touched and remitted. "Attar," "pan" and flowers were then given to His Highness by His Excellency and to the Junagadh officials by the Under-Secretary. On departure His Highness was conducted as far as the entrance to the Durbar Room by the Secretary, and to the carriage by the Under-Secretary.

RAJA OF JAWHAR.

Shrimant Krishnashah, Raja Saheb of Jawhar, arrived in Bombay yesterday afternoon accompanied by his Karbhari and a number of followers. He was garlanded on the way at various stations by his subjects and admirers, and was received on alighting at the Grant Road station by Mr. Fardunji Cooverji Taraporewalla, C.I.E, and other getlemen. The Raja Saheb, who is putting up at a bungalow on Walkeshwar Road, is one of the rulers who are meeting His Excellency the Viceroy in Bombay.

H. H. THE MIR OF KHAIRPUR.

His Highness the Mir of Khairpur also paid an official visit. His Highness arrived at Government House at 12 10, escorted by a party of His Excellency's Body Guard, and was received with the same ceremony.

H. H. RAJA OF RUTLAM.

His Highness the Raja of Rutlam also paid an official visit to His Excellency at 11-50 in the morning, when a salute of eleven guns was fired and a similar ceremonial was observed.

H. E. the Governor paid the Chiefs return visits in the evening, when the customary ceremonial was observed.

THE Secretary of State has appointed Mr. George Earnest Fawcus, B.A., of New College, Oxford, to be a Member of the Indian Educational Service and to hold the appointment of Inspector of Schools, Bengal.

THE *Tribune* says that a deputation of the Punjab Muslim League will wait upon the Postmaster General of the Punjab in the interests of Mahomedan employes of the Postal Department.

ALLEGED ASSAULT ON A SHIP'S ENGINEER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, NOVEMBER 16.

In the Police Court to-day before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Mr. Remfry applied for and obtained a process on behalf of Captain Crosthwaite of s.s. "Springburn" against a serang and two tindals of the same steamer for combining to disobey the lawful commands of the second Engineer and causing him hurt with iron crowbars on the 15th instant. The Magistrate examined the Captain, Chief Engineer and Third Engineer of the vessel and granted a summons under the Merchants Shipping Act. The Second Engineer is laid up in hospital with a cut six inches long and with other injuries.

ALLEGED CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, NOVEMBER 16.

In the Sealdah Police Court to-day an application was made for permission to prosecute a European named I. Mascurine for criminal breach of trust. The Magistrate, after recording evidence, granted a summons against the accused. The hearing is fixed for 2nd December.

THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, NOVEMBER 16.

At 8 o'clock this morning the cebtre of the storm from the Bay was situated on the Coast between Barisal and Chittagong. The storm is decreasing in intensity but is giving widespread rain in Upper Burma and the South of Eastern Bengal and Assam.

Akyab had three inches, Lashio and Chittagong, one and a half; Silchar, two; and Cox's Bazar, one.

Forecast.—The rainfall is likely to decrease in Burma.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 16TH NOVEMBER.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Tuesday, the 16th November, 1909, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear. The usual amount of moisture is present in the air. Day temperature is in excess in the extreme north but normal elsewhere; night temperature is nearly everywhere higher than usual.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear. Humidity is normal. Temperature has fallen slightly and is now nearly normal.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear. The air is damper in Sind but contains the average amount of moisture in Rajputana. Day temperature is normal over the whole division; night temperature is in excess in Sind.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies have become moderately clouded in Cutch but are generally clear elsewhere. Humidity is in defect round the Gulf of Cambay but in excess over the rest of the division. Temperature is normal, except for an excess in the maximum at Veraval and Bhuj.

The Central Provinces.—Light cloud has appeared at Raipur but elsewhere skies are clear. The moisture in the air is either equal to or slightly below the average and temperature is normal.

The Konkan.—Skies are generally clear. Humidity has increased and is now in excess except at Bombay where it remains normal. Temperature is nearly normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are clear. The air remains drier than usual. Day temperature is normal; night temperature in slight defect at most stations in the Bombay Deccan.

General Remarks.—Light to moderate cloud persists in the south Peninsula, but no rainfall has been reported. The barometer has fallen briskly in Sind, where an area of relatively low pressure has now appeared. This may not affect the weather in Upper India.

Dry weather is likely to continue.

N. LESLIE,
Meteorologist, Bombay.

MR. VINING has been appointed a superior Traffic probationer and posted to Eastern Bengal State Railway.

IN the first number of his magazine, *Urdu-i-Moullah*, Molvi Fazlulhasan relates his prison experiences saying a special watch is kept over political prisoners who are denied the conveniences allowed to ordinary prisoners and are not allowed to talk to each other, nor given any paper or book.